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# Part 1. Welcome to System Link

System Link offers an interface that is simple to navigate and provides easy access to the information you need.

### System Link Quick Reference

- To close the account file and all open windows, select File > Close Panel.
- To close all open windows, disconnect from all panels, and exit System Link, select File > Exit.
- To switch between open windows or organize them in System Link, select **Window**. To quickly switch between windows, press Ctrl + Tab.
- To apply all current changes in a window when creating or editing information, select Apply.
- To save any changes you have made in a window and to close the window, select OK.
- To access context-sensitive help for the window currently open in System Link, press F1.

# 1.1 Copyright Statement

System Link  $^{\text{TM}}$ 

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# 1.2 Related Documentation

Before using System Link, you should read and be familiar with the required panel documents. All programming and installation guides are available on the DMP website and can be downloaded free in pdf format. For more information, refer to the following resources:

- DMP Product Guides DMP.com/resources
- Technical Updates DMP.com/resources/technical-updates
- Contact Information: <a href="https://doi.org/10.2016/ncm/company/contact-support">DMP.com/company/contact-support</a>

# Part 2. Install System Link

This section covers how to install System Link, including system requirements, installation, and logging on/off. Before installing System Link, review the system requirements and additional documentation in this section.

# 2.1 System Requirements

Before installing System Link, make sure that your computer system meets these minimum specifications. You must have Administrator permissions or select **Run as Administrator** to install System Link software.

**Note:** Although System Link is compatible with versions of Windows that have surpassed their end-of-support dates, DMP recommends using versions of Windows that currently have mainstream or extended support. For more information, refer to Microsoft's Windows lifecycle documentation.

Operating System	Minimum Requirements	
Windows 2000	Pentium 150 MHz processor 64 MB RAM	
Windows XP	Pentium II 300 MHz processor 128 MB RAM	
Windows Vista	1 GHz processor 1 GB RAM (32-bit) 16 GB disk space available DirectX 9 Graphics	
Windows 7	1 GHz processor 1 GB RAM (32-bit) 16 GB disk space available DirectX 9 Graphics	
Windows Server 2008 R2	1 GHz processor 1 GB RAM (32-bit) 16 GB disk space available DirectX 9 Graphics	
Windows 10	1 GHz processor 1 GB RAM (32-bit) 16 GB disk space available DirectX 9 Graphics	

### Additional Requirements

- 800 x 600 or higher resolution monitor
- CD-ROM drive
- One available COM port if connecting to an SCS-1R or SCS-105, or directly connecting to a panel. To use the passthru feature, you must have two COM ports available.

## Using a Virtual Environment

System Link may be installed and used in a virtual environment, provided that the virtual machine is running an operating system listed in the System Requirements table. When running in a virtual environment, additional configuration of the virtual machine's TCP and serial ports may be required.

## 2.2 Install on Windows

This section outlines specific steps to install and use System Link on Windows.

A Workstation Administrator must perform installation of System Link and Link Server. A Workstation Administrator must also perform any version upgrades to System Link or Link Server.

### Registry Keys

Once System Link and all modules are installed, the Workstation Administrator should give System Link Administrators Full Control access to modify the DMP key shown and its sub-keys. An operator does not require any additional registry privileges.

The primary registry key that System Link uses to store application data is:

\HKEY LOCAL MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Digital Monitoring Products\

### **Database Setup**

If a Link Administrator is not a Workstation Administrator, then the Link database should not be located in a system drive, such as C:\orC:\Program Files. Locating the Link database in a non-system directory will allow the Link Administrator to manage and move the database without requiring the assistance of the Workstation Administrator.

The Workstation Administrator should grant Link Administrators and Link Operators full access to the database folder (and sub-folders) and the Link installation folder (and sub-folders). This should be done irrespective of the database location.

#### Link Server

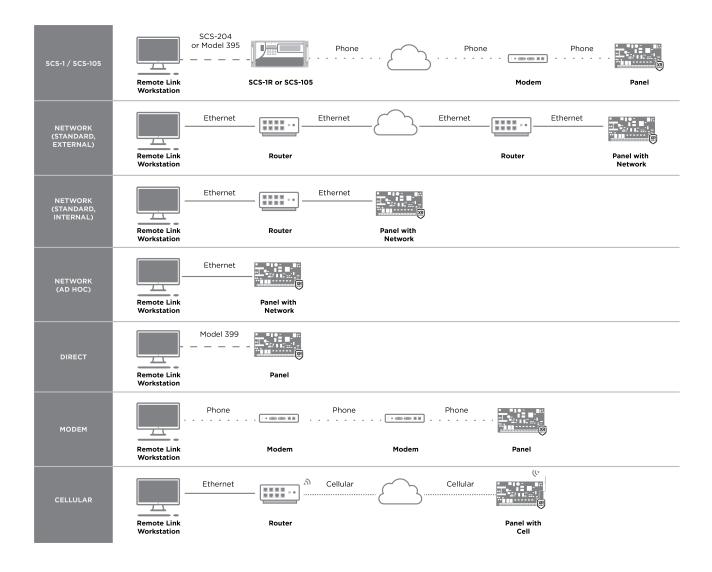
Link Server allows multiple System Link client workstations to use a single database. After Link Server is installed by a Workstation Administrator, it may be used in day-to-day operation by a Link Operator.

The primary component that differentiates Link Server from other Link installations is the *DBISAM Database Server*, a SQL database service. Once Link Server is installed, the DBISAM Database Server should start automatically when the workstation is started. A Workstation Administrator can start and stop the service using the Services tool. A Link Operator should not be able to stop the service. All Link Operator workstations that run System Link must be able to establish a TCP/IP connection to the DBISAM Database Server address and port.

# 2.3 System Connection Options

To use System Link, you must have a connection to the panel. Select one of the following hardware configurations. For information about configuring software connection options, refer to "Configure System Link Options" and "Manage Panels".

- SCS-1 / SCS-105: Communicate through a receiver using dial-up.
- **Network** (standard): Connect to a panel over a network. The workstation can be connected to a panel on the same LAN or an external LAN. Connection to a panel on an external LAN requires that port forwarding is enabled on the panel's network.
- **Network** (ad hoc): Connect directly to the panel with an Ethernet cable. This method creates a temporary LAN between the panel and System Link workstation.
  - **Note:** This connection method requires advanced network configuration. Use standard connection methods whenever possible.
- Direct: Connect directly to the panel with a Model 399 cable.
- Modem: Connect to the panel with a computer modem.
   Note: Use this method only when connecting directly to a modem. To connect to a receiver with a phone line, select SCS-1 / SCS-105.
- Modem Special: Connect to the panel with a computer modem when a slow, constant baud rate is required to maintain connection data integrity.
- Cellular: Connect to the panel over cell. This method requires that the System Link workstation is connected to a network.



# 2.4 Safeguarding Your System Link Database

Your System Link database contains your subscriber account information, your password information, and other valuable data. Protect this information by performing regular backups of the database.

#### Location

To locate the System Link database, select **System > Configure > System Link**, then open the **Database** tab. The **Database Location** field displays the path to your database. If you would like to store your System Link database in a different location than the default folder, change the location before setting up any accounts.

**Note:** Do not attempt to move an existing database by changing the location listed in the **Database Location** field.

If you change the location listed in the **Database Location** field without first moving the database manually, you will receive a message asking, "Do you wish to create a new database?". If you select OK, System Link creates a new database at the location that you just assigned and ignores the previous database. This means you will not have access to any account information and configurations settings from the previous database.

**Note:** If you are using System Link on a computer connected to a network, run System Link from your local hard drive instead of a network drive. System Link accesses the database faster if it is located on the local workstation. Unless Link Server is installed, only one workstation at a time may use a System Link database.

# 2.5 Log ON/OFF

Before using System Link, you must log into the program with a username and password. When you open the program, the **System Link Login** window automatically displays. To log off then log on with a different user, go to **System > LOG ON/OFF**. To prevent unauthorized system access, DMP recommends changing default usernames and passwords for all software.

### Default System Link Login

Username: **new** Password: **new** 

# Part 3. Configure System Link Options

Before adding operators or panels, you'll need to configure global System Link settings, such as connection options, receivers, and databases. Configure settings in each tab as needed.

# 3.1 Receiver Tab

The **Receiver** tab allows you to configure receivers used with System Link. This section covers how to configure receiver options and settings for specific receiver models.

### 3.1.1 Configure Receiver Options

To access the **Receiver** tab, go to **System > Configure > System Link > Receiver**. After configuring the tab, select **OK** to save your settings.

#### Select the Receiver Model

In Model, select your receiver model.

#### **Configure Communication Options**

To automatically configure communication, select **Auto**. To manually configure communication, complete the following steps.

- 1. In **Communication Options**, go to **COM Port** and select the communications port connected to the receiver from the drop-down menu. The SCS-1R can be configured when using the SCS-150 Processor Board. Be careful to select a setting that does not interfere with your mouse, modem, or any other device on your computer. The COM Port cannot be used for any other purpose while System Link is running.
- 2. In Baud Rate, set your baud rate to the same setting as your receiver. The default setting is 9600 baud.
- 3. In Dial Out Line #, This number refers to which line card that your current receiver will use to dial out.
- 4. For any receiver except the SCS-150 that you wish to tone dial, select **Tone Dial**. To pulse dial, clear **Tone Dial**.

Note: The SCS-1R will always pulse dial, regardless of this setting.

## Configure General Options

Available options differ by receiver type. Configure displayed options as needed.

- 1. In Areas, select which reporting format System Link will use to communicate with panels. Bin: 2-character binary mode. Use this mode with SCS-105 Receivers. Dec: 2-character decimal mode. Select this mode if the SCS-1R Receiver has been programmed to require Decimal mode.
- 2. In **Start Character**, select the appropriate option and enter the character programmed in the LSU Host Configuration in the field next to the dropdown.
- 3. If the SCS-1R Receiver CRC option in the LSU Host Options is set to YES, select CRC.
- 4. If the Sequence Numbers option in the SCS-1R Receiver LSU Host Setup is set to YES, select Sequence Numbers.

### Configure Lengths

Configure the lengths for specific portions of messages sent to the receiver.

- 1. In Line#, select the number of digits assigned to report the line number.
- 2. In **Zone#**, select the number of digits assigned to report a zone number. This number should correlate with the number of digits of the zones that report to the panel.
- 3. In **User#**, select the number of digits used to report a user number. For SCS-1R receivers, this number must match the User number programmed in the Host setup programming on the receiver.

### 3.1.2 Set Up Hardware Receivers

The SCS-1R Receiver is a rack-mountable receiver that accepts up to eight line cards. For more information, refer to the SCS-1R Installation Guide (LT-1037).

The SCS-105 receiver is a single line receiver that acts as an external modem which allows you to communicate with a single alarm panel over a standard telephone line. For more information, refer to the <a href="SCS-105">SCS-105</a> Installation Guide (LT-0153).

This section covers how to set up and configure SCS-1R and SCS-105 hardware receivers for use with System Link.

#### 3.1.2.1 SCS-105 Firmware Requirements

To be compatible with System Link, the SCS-105 Receiver must contain firmware revision level 204 or higher. If your SCS-105 firmware level is less than 204, contact DMP Customer Service for an SCS-105 Firmware Update kit.

If you are not sure which revision level your SCS-105 is currently running, follow the steps below:

- 1. Remove power from the SCS-105 and disconnect all cables.
- 2. Open the front of the SCS-105 by removing the two machine screws.
- 3. Gently tilt the SCS-105 face down and hold the processor board as it slides out.

The SCS-105 firmware chip is located about two inches above the internal speaker. The firmware revision number is on a label on top of the chip.

#### 3.1.2.2 SCS-1R System Configuration

The SCS-1 System Configuration window allows you to configure System Link to communicate through an attached receiver. If you are communicating with panels through either an SCS-1R or SCS-105 receiver, follow the instructions below.

- 1. Go to System > Configure > SCS 1 System.
- 2. Enter information in the following fields:
  - System Number: If your central station has more than one receiver, enter the number of the appropriate receiver.
  - o Company Name: Enter the name of the company operating the central station receiver.
  - Receiver Key: The Receiver Key is a number that the receiver uses as a password to confirm its identity to panels. Enter the number that you will use as a key to identify the receiver.

**Note:** Record the receiver key and store it in a secure location for future reference.

If the key numbers programmed into the panel and the receiver match, the receiver and the panel will communicate. If the numbers do not match, you will receive an **Invalid receiver number** error.

### 3.1.2.3 Line Configuration

Go to System > Configure > SCS 1 Line. You must configure each line card used in the SCS-1R Receiver.

- Line Number: Enter the number of the communication line assigned to the line card in the SCS-1R Receiver that you are programming. Enter a single digit from 1 to 9.
- o **Line Type**: Select the communication line type for the receiver.
- To clear all programmed information for the line prior to programming, select None.
- o If using multiplex communication over a polled communication line, select Multiplex (MPX).
- o If using Digital Dialer for communication over standard telephone lines, select Digital Dialer (DD).
- o If the line card is configured for multiplex or Digital Dialer accounts, select DDMX. You may have up to 128

DDMX accounts on one line card.

- o If the line card is configured for asynchronous network communications, select ASYNCH.
- o **Phone Number**: Enter the phone number of the telephone line connected to the receiver.
- o **Billing Number:** Enter the billing number that the telephone company has assigned to the telephone line connected to this line card.
- o Comment: If necessary, enter any comments that might assist you in billing or system maintenance.
- Select the checkboxes next to the number that corresponds to each multiplex account connected to this line card.

Repeat this process for each line card in use.

# 3.2 Modem Tab

Use the **Modem** tab to configure System Link when connecting to an XR150/XR550 Series for programming the panel at 2400 baud through the panel dialer. This allows you to connect to the panel using a standard computer modem.

## 3.2.1 Configure Modem Options

Use the **Modem** tab to configure System Link to connect to a panel that has a modem installed or when connecting to an XR150/XR550 Series panel for programming at 2400 baud through the panel dialer.

To access the **Modem** tab, go to **System > Configure > System Link > Modem**. After configuring the tab, select **OK** to save your settings.

- 1. Go to the Communication Options section.
- 2. In COM Port, select the COM Port that is connected to your local computer modem.
- 3. In **Baud Rate**, select the baud rate for System Link to communicate with the computer modem. Default setting is **9600** Baud.
- 4. In **Flow Control**, select the flow control option recommended by your modem manufacturer. The default setting is **Hardware**. If the modem does not operate correctly with the default Hardware setting, select **Xon/Xoff** for software flow control. If neither setting operates correctly, select **None**. For more information refer to your modem documentation.
- 5. To tone dial, select **Tone Dial**. To pulse dial, clear **Tone Dial**.
- 6. Go to the General Options section.
- 7. In **Dial Timeout**, enter the length of time System Link will wait for the XR150/XR550 Series panel to pick up. Enter a range from 1 to 255 seconds. The default is **60** seconds.
- 8. If an initialization string is required for a standard modem connection, enter the string in **Modem**Initialization String. The string can be up to 32 characters.
- 9. If an initialization string is required for Modem Special connection, enter the string in **Special Initialization String.** The string can be up to 32 characters long.
  - **Note:** Only one initialization string can be used. Select the correct one for your operation. Refer to Panel Information in the appropriate panel programming guide.

# 3.3 Database Tab

The **Database** tab allows you to change the location where System Link stores data on your computer's hard drive. It also allows you to backup and purge your database, merge another database into the existing one, or import your Remote Access database into System Link. You may move your database to a folder on your computer hard drive, or to any connected network drive.

**Note:** Before performing any database maintenance function, it is recommended that you backup the System Link database folder to prevent possible data loss.

### 3.3.1 Configure a Database

**Note:** When using System Link with Microsoft SQL Server, all backup and repair operations must be performed by the database administrator using SQL Server management tools. System Link does not perform these operations.

To access the **Database** tab, go to **System > Configure > System Link > Database**. After configuring the options in the following steps, select **OK** to save your settings.

#### Select a Database Location

To change the default database location, complete the following steps.

- 1. To require operators to have Administrator privileges to update the database location, select **Require Admin Login for Database Update**.
- 2. To select a new location for the database, go to **Database Location**, then select ...... More. Select a folder for the database, then select **OK**. The default database location is C:\Link\Db.

### Backup the Database

To avoid potential data loss, backup your System Link database regularly.

**Note:** Only a System Link Admin operator can backup the database.

- 1. Go to Backup Options and select Options.
- 2. In **Backup Location**, select \_\_\_\_ More and double-click the directory to select it. To create a new folder, append the folder name on the end of the path. For example, C:\Link\backup db.
- 3. Select **OK**. If creating a new folder, a dialog pops up to confirm that you want to create the directory. Select **Yes**.
- 4. To set a backup reminder, select Remind me to backup after, then enter a number of days in the days field.
- 5. To immediately backup the database, select Backup. When the backup has completed, select OK.

### Merge Databases

Merge allows you to combine another System Link database with an existing database.

**Note:** Only a database located on a local or network drive can be merged. A database located on a remote server cannot be merged. The Merge option is not available if using System Link with the SQL Server module. If an account being merged has the same receiver and account number as one in the existing System Link database, an error message displays and the account is not merged.

- 1. Go to Merge Database.
- 2. Select Merge.
- 3. To select a database to merge into the current database, select More, double click the database folder, then select **OK**.
- 4. Select Merge.

The Result Log displays the results of the merge.

### Purge the Database

Occasionally purging your database of old data can improve System Link performance, decrease the amount of time it takes to backup a database, and reduce storage space taken up by unnecessary files. If necessary, print

the Activity, Acknowledged Messages, or Events lists (Advanced Reporting add-on module) before purging the database.

- 1. Go to Purge Options.
- 2. In Start Date, select the beginning of the purge range.
- 3. In End Date, select the end of the purge range.
- 4. To purge activity logs, select Activity.
- 5. To purge acknowledged message logs, select Acknowledged Messages.
- 6. To purge events (Advanced Reporting add-on module), select **Events**.
- 7. Select Purge.
- 8. A dialog pops up to confirm your decision. To purge the database, select **Yes**. When the purge operation has completed, select **OK**. Repeat this step for each selected purge option.

### 3.3.2 Repair a Database

Databases may be damaged if your computer experiences a power outage or a hardware or software problem that causes System Link to stop unexpectedly. The Repair feature attempts to repair corrupted account information, activity, panel programming, and configuration files in your System Link database.

**Note:** When using System Link with Microsoft SQL Server, all backup and repair operations must be performed by the database administrator, using SQL Server management tools. System Link does not perform these operations.

- 1. Close System Link.
- 2. Go to Start > Programs > System Link.
- 3. Select Repair Database.
- 4. A log window displays files being repaired. After System Link restarts, log in with your credentials.

### 3.3.3 Restore a Database

**Note:** When using System Link with Microsoft SQL Server, all backup and repair operations must be performed by the database administrator using SQL Server management tools. System Link does not perform these operations.

#### Automatically Restore a Database

The **Restore from Backup** window automatically prompts you to restore your database if System Link determines that the data is corrupted and needs to be restored.

- 1. To restore the database from a .cab backup file, select **Use old backup file (.cab)**.
- 2. Next to **Restore from file**, select \_\_\_\_ More then select the database backup (.bkp) file.
- 3. Next to **Restore Location**, select .... More then select your System Link database folder.
- 4. Select **Restore**. After the database restores, select **OK**.
- 5. After System Link restarts, log in with your credentials.

### Manually Restore a Database

If System Link doesn't prompt you to restore a damaged database, manually restore it by completing the following steps.

- 1. Close System Link.
- 2. Go to Start > Programs > System Link.
- 3. Select Restore Database.
- 4. To restore the database from a .cab backup file, select Use old backup file (.cab).
- 5. Next to **Restore from file**, select \_\_\_\_ More then select the database backup (.bkp) file.
- 6. Next to **Restore Location**, select \_\_\_\_ More then select your System Link database folder.
- 7. Select **Restore**. After the database restores, select **OK**.
- 8. After System Link restarts, log in with your credentials.

# 3.4 Other Tab

The **Other** tab allows you to configure general System Link options like time zone, pass through, auto account archive, and admin reader settings.

### 3.4.1 Configure Other Settings

To access the **Other** tab, go to **System > Configure > System Link > Other**. After configuring the tab, select **OK** to save your settings.

### Configure General Options

- 1. In **Time Zone**, select the time zone of the System Link workstation.
- 2. In Logging Threshold, select one of the following issue types to record in the System Link error log file: Note: All messages with a severity equal to or greater than the threshold setting will be logged. For example, selecting Warning will log Warning, Exception, and Critical events.
  - Debug: Detailed information that does not indicate an error, including communication strings. Debug logging is verbose and significantly increases the size of the log file.
  - o Information: General information detail about program operations.
  - o **Warning:** Default value. An error condition such as minor communication problems, timeouts, etc. that can be handled without operator intervention. A warning message may or may not be displayed to the operator.
  - Exception: Requires operator action to recover or restore normal operation such as an invalid COM Port selection for the receiver.
  - o Critical: Causes System Link to stop responding. For example, access violations or database corruption.
- 3. Select any of the following checkboxes as needed:
  - Enable Debug Logging: Allow all communication between the panel, receiver, and System Link to be saved
    in the debug table for diagnostic purposes. When this feature is disabled, communication is not visible on
    the diagnostics screen.
  - Enable Alarm/Event Monitoring: Display panel alarms and system event messages in the Alarm List.
     Disable this feature when System Link is used for programming purposes with a shared database without displaying panel messages. If using the Alarm/Event add-on module, enable this option.
  - Exit App After: Enable and edit the number of minutes of inactivity by the logged in user before the
    application displays a warning to close the application. Once the Warning dialog box displays, the user will
    have one minute to choose Yes to extend their System Link session.
  - Update Time Default: Enables the Time Update checkbox in Panel > Send to be automatically selected.
     This allows a time update to be sent to the panel anytime programming is sent.

### Configure Pass Through Options

Use pass through mode when passing reports through System Link to a host automation computer.

- 1. Go to Pass Through Options.
- 2. In Mode, select Pass Through.
- 3. In **Outgoing COM Port**, select the COM port that System Link will use to communicate with your host automation computer.
- 4. In **Baud Rate**, leave the rate defaulted at **9600** Baud unless your automation software requires a different setting.

### Configure Auto Account Archive

Auto Account Archive allows panel account programming to be automatically saved separately when connecting

to a panel with programming that is different than the programming on file.

- 1. Select Enable Auto Account Archive.
- 2. In **Max Per Account**, enter the maximum number of archive versions allowed to be stored per account. Range is 1 20.
- 3. To manually archive programming, go to File > Panel Information. Select the appropriate system, then select Archive.

### Configure Admin Reader Settings

During configuration, refer to the device installation guide as needed.

- 1. In COM Port, select the port that the reader is connected to.
- 2. In **Baud Rate**, select a rate for communication between System Link and the reader. The default is **9600** Baud.
- 3. In **Reader Model**, select **Serial** for readers connected to a serial port (RS232), or select **USB 6081** for readers connected to a USB port.
- 4. In Max Code Length, select the number of characters for the code. Range is 5 10.
- 5. In **Wiegand Length**, specify the total number of Wiegand bits to be received, including parity bits. Range is 0 255. Default is **26**.
- 6. In User Code Position, specify the user code start bit position. Range is 0 255. Default is 9.
- 7. In User Code Length, specify the number of user code bits. Range is 16 32. Default is 17.
- 8. To set the proximity reader fields based on the current value of the Max Code Length, select **Set Card Defaults**.
- 9. To test communication between the System Link workstation and the admin reader, select Test.

# 3.5 Network Tab

The Network tab allows you to configure TCP trap, cellular network, and SOCKS proxy settings.

### 3.5.1 Configure Network Options

To access the **Network** tab, go to **System > Configure > System Link > Network**. After configuring the tab, select **OK** to save your settings.

### Configure TCP Trap Settings

- 1. Go to TCP Trap.
- 2. To enable traps, select TCP Trap Enabled.
- 3. In **Programming App Address**, enter the IP address of the System Link workstation used to program panels. If the workstation is behind a firewall, enter the IP address of the network router. This address is sent to the network panel to use for connection to System Link for a remote upload/download session.
- 4. In **Programming App Port**, enter the port number that the System Link workstation uses to connect to the panel. The default is **2001**.
- 5. In **Trap Server Address**, enter the IP address of the central station receiver. This address is used by System Link to send trap messages.
- 6. In **Trap Server Port**, enter the central station receiver port.

### Configure Traps to Send Automatically

Auto Send Traps enables System Link to resend the trap command continuously to the SCS-1R receiver. This prevents the receiver from discarding the trap after a four-hour period. The trap is sent according to the configured delay time.

- 1. Go to Auto Send Traps.
- 2. To enable automatic sending, select Auto Send Traps.
- 3. In **Delay**, enter the number of seconds that System Link waits between resetting traps. The default is **180** seconds. The minimum is 30 seconds.
- 4. In **Customer**, specify any customers to send traps.

### Configure a SOCKS Proxy

A SOCKS proxy server is a server-based application used to transfer data between client computers using a set of filtering rules for enhanced security. A user's workstation must have a SOCKS client installed, either in the application (such as PuTTY, Firefox) or in the TCP/IP where the client software redirects packets into a SOCKS tunnel. The SOCKS client will initiate a connection to a SOCKS server while the protocol handles authentication and logs connection requests. The SOCKS server acts as the IP Client for the connection request so the external server is only aware of the proxy.

- 1. Go to **SOCKS Proxy**.
- 2. In **Version**, select the appropriate SOCKS Proxy version.
- 3. In Host, enter the IP address of the SCS-101 or SCS-104 installed in the SCS-1R receiver.
- 4. In Port, enter the port through which you will connect to the panel. Range is 1 65535. Default is 1080.

#### Enable a Cellular Network

This feature enables a cellular backup connection for System Link.

To enable cellular network, go to Cellular Network and select Direct Cell.

# 3.6 Modules Tab

The Modules tab allows you to configure settings for add-on modules.

## 3.6.1 Configure Monitoring Options

To access the Modules tab, go to System > Configure > System Link > Modules. After configuring the tab, select OK to save your settings.

Note: The following options are only visible if additional modules are installed.

### **Host Monitoring**

- Host Monitoring: To allow the module to receive signals from network enabled panels, select Host Monitoring Enabled.
- **UDP Port**: Enter the data network UDP port number through which the module will use to monitor for incoming alarm signals. **2001** is the default port.

### **Direct Monitoring**

- COM Port: Select the COM port that is connected to your panel.
- Baud Rate: Set the baud rate to 9600.

#### Command Center

• Track Armed Status: Select Track Armed Status to allow the Command Center to display the armed/disarmed status of all monitored accounts.

# 3.7 Custom Fields Tab

The **Custom Fields** tab enables you to rename field titles and maintain selections in dropdown lists located on the **Panel Information** window and the **User Codes** window.

## 3.7.1 Configure Custom Fields

To access the **Custom Fields** tab, go to **System > Configure > System Link > Custom Fields**. After configuring the tab, select **OK** to save your settings.

#### Edit List

Create, edit, or delete selections available for account configuration dropdowns in **Panel Information** > **General Information** and **User Codes** > **Custom**.

#### Add a Custom Field

- 1. Select a field and select Edit List.
- 2. Select New.
- 3. In the text field, enter a name for the custom field.
- 4. Select OK.

#### Edit a Custom Field

- 1. Select a field and select Edit List.
- 2. Select the custom field name that you want to edit.
- 3. Edit the field, then select OK.

#### Delete a Custom Field

- 1. Select a custom field and select Edit List.
- 2. Select the custom field that you want to delete, then select **Delete**.
- 3. A dialog pops up to confirm your decision. Select OK.

### Edit Caption and Make Selections

To edit a Caption, double-click the entry or press F2. Rename the caption, then press Enter.

The **Limit to List** and **Admin Add** selections work together to determine how entries that use a dropdown list of items are handled. Make these selections as needed. The following table describes the effect of the possible combinations:

Limit To List	Admin Add	Description
unselected	unselected	All operators can enter text for custom fields. Entries are not added to the dropdown list, but the values entered for the panel are stored in the database.
unselected	selected	All operators can add to the list of custom fields. A prompt confirms addition of the item to the dropdown list.
selected	unselected	Custom field selections are limited to items in the dropdown list. Additions can only be made in the <b>Custom Fields</b> tab.
selected	selected	Entries for non-admin operators are limited to items in the dropdown list. Admins can enter text not in the dropdown list.

# 3.8 Configure the Toolbar

System Link provides a customizable toolbar to assist you when performing common tasks. The toolbar is displayed just below the menu bar.

By placing a button on the toolbar, you can quickly open the needed window without using the menu bar and drop-down menus. For example, if you frequently arm and disarm panels, you could place an Arm/Disarm button on the toolbar.

Some toolbar buttons will only be displayed when the panel is open, when the panel is connected, or when the panel supports a specific feature. For example, the Arm/Disarm button will not be displayed and enabled until you are connected to a panel.

- 1. Go to System > Toolbar Configuration.
- 2. To add an item to the toolbar, select it in Available Menus, then select Add.
- 3. To reorder the toolbar items, select the item in Toolbar and select Move Up or Move Down.
- 4. To insert a separator for toolbar sections, select **Separator**, then move the separator up or down.
- 5. To remove an item from the toolbar, select it in **Toolbar**, then select **Remove**.
- 6. To make the toolbar visible, select **Show Toolbar**. To show text labels for toolbar items, select **Show Caption**. To show icons on the toolbar, select **Show Images**.
- 7. Select OK.

# Part 4. Operators

There are three roles discussed in this section:

- Workstation Administrator: Has administrator access to the workstation operating system. The workstation administrator is generally a member of your company's IT team or a system administrator.
- System Link Administrator: Has limited operating system privileges and administrator operator privileges within System Link.
- System Link Operator: Has limited operating system privileges and may also have limited operator privileges.

The remainder of this section will assume a 'typical' organizational structure and configuration. This is defined as:

- There are one or more Workstation Administrators who perform maintenance of the workstations. Workstation Administrators only interact with System Link for installation and maintenance.
- There is at least one System Link Administrator who performs operator management tasks within System Link. The System Link Administrator interacts with System Link as needed.
- There are one or more System Link Operators who use System Link daily. System Link Operators cannot perform installation, maintenance, or management tasks.

Note: An individual may serve more than one role for an organization.

# 4.1 Configure Operators

To prevent unauthorized system access, DMP recommends changing default usernames and passwords for all software.

To configure operators, go to System > Operator Configuration.

### Change the Default Admin Login

Maintain at least one admin user for System Link. To create other users, refer to "Add an Operator".

- 1. Select **new**, then go to the **Login Information** section.
- 2. In **Login**, enter a new username such as *admin*.
- 3. In Password, enter a password, then enter the password again in Re-enter Password.
- 4. Leave all options selected in each tab. Select OK.

### Add an Operator

- 1. Select New.
- 2. In Login, enter a username for the account.
- 3. In Password, enter a password for the operator, then enter the password again in Re-enter Password.
- 4. If necessary, enter the operator's first and last name in the Personal Information section.
- 5. Go to the **Account Access** section. To allow the operator to access all accounts, select **All**. To restrict the operator's access to specific accounts, select **Restrict**, select ..... More, then select accounts as needed.
- 6. Select User Restrictions and Special Permissions as needed.
- 7. Select options in the **Panel Programming** tab, **User Status and Programming** tab, and **Receiver** tab as needed.
- 8. Select OK.

# 4.2 Configure Authentication

When configuring **Single Sign-On** or **Windows Credentials** authentication, the System Link admin account will be mapped to the Windows account that is currently signed in. You must map existing operators to their Windows account before they can sign in. After an operator account is mapped to a Windows account, the operator's System Link password is deleted.

**Note:** Authentication types apply to all System Link operator accounts. Only one authentication type can be used at a time.

System Link supports the following operator authentication methods:

- Classic Login: Operators log in with their System Link username and password. This method relies on System Link for operator authentication.
- Single Sign-On: Operators are automatically logged in to System Link. This method uses a directory service and authentication tokens that allow operators to automatically sign in to multiple programs.
- Windows Credentials: Operators log in with their Windows password. This method uses Windows Active Directory to authenticate System Link operators.

### Configure Classic Authentication

- 1. Go to System > Operator Configuration.
- 2. Select Authentication.
- 3. Select Next.
- 4. Select Classic Login, then select Next.
- 5. Enter a new password for the operator account.
- 6. Select Finish.
- 7. Create passwords for each operator.

To create classic System Link operator logins, refer to "Configure Operators".

## Configure Single Sign-On or Windows Credentials Authentication

- 1. Go to System > Operator Configuration.
- 2. Select Authentication.
- 3. Select Next.
- 4. Select Single Sign-On or Windows Credentials, then select Next.
- 5. Select Finish.
- 6. In the Windows Account Information section, go to Windows User Account and select Edit.
- 7. In **Enter the object name to select**, enter the operator's Windows username or LDAP, then select **Check Names** to find the user in the Active Directory.
- 8. Select OK.
- 9. Repeat steps 6-8 for each operator account, then restart System Link on each workstation.

# Part 5. Manage Receivers

The following topics cover how to add and program receivers in System Link.

# 5.1 Add a Receiver

- 1. Go to File > Panel Information and open the Receiver tab.
- 2. Select New.
- 3. Select a Model and enter a firmware Version if necessary.
- 4. In Receiver, enter the receiver number. Range is 1-99. Default is 1.
- In Account, enter the account number. Range is 1-65535.
   Note: The account number is needed to maintain database integrity and is not used by the system.
- 6. Select OK.
- 7. If necessary, enter a Receiver Name.
- 8. Select a COM Port.
- 9. Select OK.

# 5.2 Program a Receiver

The options available in programming depend on the receiver model and whether communication has been established with the receiver. The following topics cover receiver programming options in each window.

## 5.2.1 Receiver System Options

- 1. Go to Program > Receiver Sys Options.
- 2. To retrieve existing programming from the receiver, select **Retrieve**.
- 3. In **Company Name**, enter your company name.
- 4. In Receiver Number, enter the receiver number. Range 0-9. Default is 1.
- 5. If necessary, enter the receiver key in **Receiver Key**. Receiver keys are eight-character alphanumeric codes that are requested when using remote programming.
- 6. If a service code is required, enter it in **Service Code**. A service code is a 5-digit service authorization code used to authenticate service personnel before allowing access to panel programming or performing any user operations. Range for the 5-digit code is 00000-65535. Entering 00000 for the Service Code disables this feature and access to panel programming is always granted. Default is **00000**.
- 7. To set the receiver time zone, enter the appropriate value from Hours From GMT. Default is 6.
- 8. To enable monitoring of DD line cards for failed communication with panels, select **Dialer Line Monitor**. Default is disabled.
- 9. To send the system options to the receiver, select **Send**.
- 10. Select OK.

## 5.2.2 Print Operation

This section assigns the activity log and printer programming for the SCS-1R. Connect the printer to the Activity Log port on the back of the SCS-1R Receiver.

- 1. Go to Program > Print Operation.
- 2. To retrieve existing programming from the receiver, select **Retrieve**.
- 3. In **Print**, select one of the following options:
  - o Never: Suppresses all printing
  - o Always: Default. Prints all messages from the receiver.
  - o Primary Fail: Prints only when communication to the primary host fails.
- 4. In **Port Type**, select the printer communication type.
- 5. To send the system options to the receiver, select **Send**.
- 6. Select OK.

### 5.2.3 Receiver Line Cards

- 1. Go to Program > Receiver Line Cards.
- 2. To retrieve existing programming from the receiver, select Retrieve.
- 3. To add a new line card, select **New**.
- 4. In Card Number, enter the card number. Range is 1-8.

**Note:** Lines 6-8 can only be used with SCS-104 Line Cards using SCS-150 Version 101 and updated SCS-RACK hardware.

- 5. In Card Model, select one of the following options:
  - None
  - o SCS-104
  - o SCS-101
  - o SCS-100
- 6. To allow the receiver to update the panel's clock, select Send Time to Panels.
- 7. For SCS-104 cards, select options as needed. Refer to "SCS-104 Option Reference" in this topic.
- 8. To send the system options to the receiver, select **Send**.
- 9. Select OK.

### SCS-104 Option Reference

#### SCS-104 Dialer

- o Dialer Line Enable: Enable Dialer Lines 1-4 on each card number.
- Send ANI/DNIS Information: ANI sends the phone number that the panel is using to call. DNIS sends information about the phone number the panel dialed.
- o Send Caller ID Information: Sends information to host automation.
- o Echo Cancel Disable: If echo cancellation is interfering with alarm signals, select this option.

#### SCS-104 Network

- o Net Line Enable: Enable network for the selected line card.
- Local IP Address: Enter the local receiver IP address. This address must be unique and cannot be duplicated. The default value is 192.168.000.250.
- o Local Port: Enter the local port number. Valid range is 1 to 65,535. The default value is 2001.
- o **Gateway IP Address:** Enter the Gateway IP Address to exit your local network. The default value is **000.000.000.000**.
- Subnet Mask: Enter the subnet mask assigned to the receiver. The default value is 255.255.255.000.
- Passphrase: To communicate using encryption, the panel, SCS-104, and receiver must have a matching passphrase programmed. If a passphrase is not entered, the receiver communicates with panels, but the data is not encrypted.
  - **Caution:** Do not lose the passphrase. A lost or forgotten passphrase requires that every panel reporting in to the SCS-104 at the receiver be individually reprogrammed with a new passphrase.
- S16 and S17 Always: When selected, S16 Panel Not Responding messages are always sent to the
  automation computer for each supervised account that has stopped sending check-in messages without
  regard to the number of accounts generating S16 messages. S17 Panel Response Restored messages are
  sent to the automation computer each time a supervised account checks in for the first time after

installation. This also occurs at an account's first check-in after the receiver or SCS-104 is powered-up.

 Ack Substituted Message: When selected, the SCS-104 replies with an acknowledgment to messages sent by substituted panels. The SCS-104 generates only one S58 Alarm Panel Substitution message to the host automation computer and receiver printer for each substituted panel. Subsequent messages from substituted panels do not generate additional S58 messages.

**Note:** Do not select this option when compliance regulations require that panel substitution messages be manually acknowledged.

#### SCS-104 Check-in Table

The optional SCS-CTM Check-in Table Manager software is used to backup the records of supervised network accounts on up to 32 different SCS-104 line cards. Use SCS-CTM to repopulate the list of supervised network accounts when one SCS-104 or SCS-101 line card is replaced by another SCS-104 or SCS-101. The list of supervised network accounts used by an SCS-104 or SCS-101 on a primary receiver can be mirrored by the SCS-CTM for use by an SCS-104 or SCS-101 card on a second receiver.

**Note:** The list of supervised network accounts on an SCS-104 line card is automatically populated when each panel sends its supervisory check-in message to the line card.

- Check-in Table IP Address: Enter the IP address for the computer where SCS-CTM is installed. Default is 000.000.000.000.
- o **Check-in Table Port**: Enter the IP port used to communicate messages to SCS-CTM. Valid range is 1 to 65,535. Default is **2005**.
- Check-in Table ID: Enter the table ID number to be used to identify the check-in table. Range is 1-255.
   Default is 1.

## 5.2.4 Receiver Host Programming

This section assigns programming to the Receiver Host that is connected to the SCS-1R. Connect the host computer to the Host Output port on the back of the SCS-1R Receiver.

- 1. Go to Program > Receiver Hosts.
- 2. To retrieve existing programming from the receiver, select **Retrieve**.
- 3. In Host Number, enter the host number. Default is 1.
- 4. In Host Name, enter a name for the receiver host. Max is 16 characters.
- 5. In Host Type, select a type. Default is Primary.
- 6. In **Port Type**, select a communication port type. Default is **Serial**.
- 7. In **Start Character**, select a character to precede all host messages. Default is **None**.
- 8. To enable CRC error checking on each message sent to the host, select Use CRC.
- 9. To enable numbering of messages sent to the host (1-99), select Use Sequence.
- 10.In **Test Interval (Minutes)**, enter the number of minutes between message tests. Range is 1-60. Default is 1 minute.
- 11.In **Acknowledge Timeout**, enter the number of seconds that a receiver should wait for an acknowledgment before re-sending the message. Range is 1-15. Default is **3** seconds.
- 12.In **Retries to Failure**, enter the number of retries allowed without acknowledgment before entering a failed state. Retry number includes the initial message sent to the host. Range 1-15. Default is 3.
- 13.In **Line Number Length**, enter the number of digits used to report the receiver signal line number. Range is 0-2. Default is 0.
- 14. To send the system options to the receiver, select Send.
- 15. Select OK.

# 5.2.5 Receiver Status

To view the Receiver Model, Version Number, and Firmware Date, go to **Program > Receiver Status**.

## 5.2.6 Serial Ports

- 1. Go to Program > Serial Ports.
- 2. To retrieve existing programming from the receiver, select **Retrieve**.
- 3. In Auxiliary (A2), set Usage to Auxiliary. In Baud Rate, select 9600 Baud.
- 4. In **Host Output (A3)**, set **Usage** to **Host Output**. In **Baud Rate**, select the appropriate Baud rate. Default is **9600** Baud.
- 5. In **Activity log/Printer (A1)**, set **Usage** to **Printer**. In **Baud Rate**, select the appropriate Baud rate. Default is **1200** Baud.
- 6. To send the system options to the receiver, select **Send**.
- 7. Select OK.

# 5.2.7 Receiver Diagnostics

To view detailed receiver information for troubleshooting, go to **Program > Receiver Diagnostics**.

# Part 6. Manage Panels

The following topics cover how to add, program, and connect to a panel in System Link.

# 6.1 Add a Panel

- 1. Go to File > Panel Information.
- Select New.
- 3. In Model, select the panel model number.
- 4. If necessary, enter a firmware version number in Version.
- 5. In Receiver, enter the receiver number. Range is 1-99. Default is 1.
- 6. In Account, enter the panel account number. Range is 1-65535.
- 7. Select OK.
- 8. In the General Information section, configure the Panel Name, Customer, and Region as needed.
- 9. In **Connection Information**, select a connection type.
- 10. Enter the panel remote key.
- 11.Enter connection information as needed for the connection type. For more information, refer to "Connection Type Reference" in this topic.
- 12.In Backup Connection Information, configure a secondary connection as needed.
- 13.In Location, enter panel location information as needed.
- 14. Select OK.

### Connection Type Reference

The connection type determines how System Link connects to the panel. Appropriate global connection options should be configured before attempting to connect. For more information, refer to "Configure System Link".

#### SCS-1 / SCS-105

Communicate through a receiver using dial-up.

- Phone: Enter the panel phone number.
  - **Note:** If you need to dial a number to access an outside line, enter that number before the panel's phone number. Enter a P for a pause after dialing the number to access the outside line. For example, if you need to dial 9 to get an outside line, enter 9P then the panel's phone number. Modems from some manufacturers require a comma (,) for a pause rather than the letter P. Refer to your modem's documentation.
- **Dial**: To dial the phone number, select **Yes**. To not dial the phone number, select **No**. To configure System Link to seize the panel when it calls in to the receiver, select **Pickup Only**.

#### **Network** (standard)

Connect over a standard network.

- IP Address: Enter the panel IP address. Do not enter leading zeros. If the System Link workstation and panel are in the same LAN (internal), enter the panel's local IP from NETWORK OPTIONS. If the workstation is on a separate LAN (external), enter the panel network's public IP. When connecting to a panel on an external LAN, port forwarding must be configured on the panel's network.
- IP Port: Enter the panel network port. Default is 2001.

#### **Network** (ad hoc)

Connect directly to the panel with an Ethernet cable. This method creates a temporary LAN between the panel

and System Link workstation.

**Note:** This connection method requires advanced network configuration. Use standard connection methods whenever possible.

In panel NETWORK OPTIONS, turn DHCP off. Set the LOCAL IP ADDRESS to the default 192.168.0.1. In REMOTE OPTIONS, ensure ALLOW NETWORK REMOTE is set to YES, then set NETWORK PROG PORT to the default 2001.

On the System Link workstation, turn off DHCP. Configure the workstation's IP address to be in the same subnet as the panel. For example, 192.168.0.251. Ensure the workstation's gateway and subnet mask match the settings in panel **NETWORK OPTIONS**.

- IP Address: Enter the panel IP address 192.168.0.1. Do not enter leading zeros.
- IP Port: Enter the panel network port 2001.

#### Direct

Connect directly to the panel with a Model 399 cable.

- COM Port: Select the workstation port connected to the panel.
- **Baud Rate**: Enter the Baud rate. If the workstation has trouble connecting to the panel, set the Baud rate to a lower value. Default is **9600** Baud.

#### Modem

Connect to the panel with a computer modem.

**Note:** Use this method only when connecting directly to a modem. To connect to a receiver with a phone line, select SCS-1 / SCS-105.

- Phone: Enter the panel phone number.
  - **Note:** If you need to dial a number to access an outside line, enter that number before the panel's phone number. Enter a **P** for a pause after dialing the number to access the outside line. For example, if you need to dial 9 to get an outside line, enter **9P** then the panel's phone number. Modems from some manufacturers require a comma (,) for a pause rather than the letter **P**. Refer to your modem's documentation.
- **Dial**: To dial the phone number, select **Yes**. To not dial the phone number, select **No**. To configure System Link to seize the panel when it calls in to the receiver, select **Pickup Only**.

#### **Modem Special**

Connect to the panel with a computer modem when a slow, constant baud rate is required to maintain connection data integrity.

- **Phone**: Enter the panel phone number.
  - **Note:** If you need to dial a number to access an outside line, enter that number before the panel's phone number. Enter a P for a pause after dialing the number to access the outside line. For example, if you need to dial 9 to get an outside line, enter 9P then the panel's phone number. Modems from some manufacturers require a comma (,) for a pause rather than the letter P. Refer to your modem's documentation.
- **Dial**: To dial the phone number, select **Yes**. To not dial the phone number, select **No**. To configure System Link to seize the panel when it calls in to the receiver, select **Pickup Only**.

#### Cellular

Connect to the panel over cell. This method requires that the System Link workstation is connected to a

network.

Phone Number: Enter the Mobile ID Number that you received when the SIM/MEID card was activated.

## Example: Seize the Panel with Pickup Only (SCS-1 / SCS-105)

Using the same phone line as the SCS-105, a central station operator calls the installing technician. Using the same phone line as the panel, the installing technician answers the call.

Using System Link, the central station operator goes to Panel Information > Connection Information > Type and selects SCS-1 / SCS-105. In Dial, the operator selects Pickup Only. The operator goes to Panel > Connect and presses Connect.

When the SCS-105 goes on-line, the amber OL LED will light. The central station operator tells the technician to enter **984 + CMD** at the keypad. The technician then selects **NBR** and enters any number other than zero (0). System Link will then seize the phone line and the operator and technician hang up their phones.

#### Extra Information Reference

Go to **File > Panel Information**. In the **Location** section, select **Extra Information**. Configure the following settings as needed:

- Site Password: Enter any site password that is required for emergency personnel to enter the building.
- Response: Enter a type of response for the operator to send in case of alarm.
- **Notes:** Enter additional information, such as special details about the building and premises that may be useful for the operator or response team.
- Emergency Call List: Enter contact information for individuals to call in case of alarm.
- Auto Recall Frequency: Enter the number of days during which the panel is expected to send at least one Automatic Recall Test. By default, this field is blank. When the field is blank or 0, System Link will not look for an Automatic Recall Test for the account. Range is 0-60 days.
  - **Note: Auto Recall Frequency** and **Allow Test Deferrals** should have the same value as the **Test Frequency** and **Defer Test** fields in **Program > Communications > Test Timer**.
- Allow Test Deferrals: To allow System Link to accept any incoming message from the account as the
  Automatic Recall Test, select Allow Test Deferrals. When enabled, System Link accepts the opening signal as
  the Automatic Recall test and the timer is reset after the opening signal is received.
- Hyperlink: (Requires the Alarm Monitoring or Command Center module) Enter a URL or filepath to open. For example, D:\Documents\sitemap.jpeg. Press Test to verify that the Hyperlink button in Alarm List opens the correct URL or file. The maximum number of hyperlinks allowed per account is 1.

# 6.2 Filter Panels

Filtering options are configured and applied in File > Panel Information.

**Note:** The Filtering Accounts option is not available if using the SQL Server module.

## Quick Filter

In **Panel Information**, tabs near the top of the window allow you to quickly filter panels alphanumerically by **Name**, **City**, **Account**, **Panel Phone**, **Customer**, and **Region**.

Selecting a column header further sorts the results on the grid. For example, to sort results alphabetically by their city name, select **City**. To hide a column, right-click an item in the column that you want to hide, then select **Hide Grid Field**. To show all grid options, right-click any value and select **Show All Fields**.

To quickly filter data with a specific value, right-click the value that you want to filter, then select **Filter By Selection**. To add a value to the filter as an additional condition, right-click the value and select **Add to Filter**. To clear all filtering, right-click any value in the grid and select **Clear Filter**.

#### Create a Custom Panel Filter

**Note:** To access the **Panel Information Filter** window, operator accounts must have **Advanced Filtering** privileges enabled.

- 1. In Panel Information, select Panel Filter.
- 2. To create a panel filter, select Panel Filter. To create a user filter, select User Filter.
- 3. To view all active filters, select View Summary. To clear the search, select New Search.
- 4. In Fields, select a field to filter.
- 5. To filter results with a specific value, open the **By Value** tab. In **Field Value**, enter the value that you want to filter. In **Search Type**, select an option that matches the field value to results.
- 6. To filter results with a literal alphanumeric range, open the **By Range** tab. Enter values in **Starting Range** and **Ending Range** as needed.
- 7. Select OK.

### **Export Filter Results**

**Note:** To access the **Panel Information Filter** window, operator accounts must have **Advanced Filtering** privileges enabled.

System Link allows filter results to be exported as a tab-delimited text file. To export data, go to **File Name** and select ....... More. Choose a location and name the file. To export panel filter results, clear **Export Selected Users**. To export user filter results, select **Export Selected Users**. To export results to the file, select **Export**.

# 6.3 SecureCom Wireless Activations

SecureCom Wireless Activations are used for managing control panel cellular service using SecureCom Wireless, LLC.

#### Establish Cellular Service

To establish cellular service with SecureCom Wireless, visit SecureComWireless.com and download the Network Service Agreement. This contract only needs to be completed once per company.

### Register the SecureCom Wireless Module in System Link

Once SecureCom Wireless service has been established, a Certificate of Authentication is emailed that contains a serial number. The serial number is needed to register and activate a SecureCom Wireless service module in System Link. The serial number and activation are required for each installation of System Link. Contact SecureCom Customer Service at 877-300-8030 for activations.

- 1. Select **System** and select **Operator Configuration**.
- 2. Ensure **Cellular Activations** in the **Special Permissions** box is enabled. This option must be enabled for an operator to manage SecureCom Wireless SIM/MEIDs.
- 3. Select OK.
- 4. Select Help and select Registration.
- 5. Select Add.
- 6. Type the module's serial number as it appears on the certificate.
- 7. Select **OK**. A message box will appear reminding you to activate the module within 7 days.

#### Activate the SIM/MEID

The Activate SIM/MEID window allows changes, activation, and deactivation of the selected SIM/MEID. System Link automatically populates the Rate Plan field with a suggested rate plan that most closely matches the communication path programming for the panel.

- 1. Select **System** and then select **SecureCom Wireless Activations**.
- 2. Select a panel and select Edit to open the Activate SIM window. Select New to add a SIM/MEID. You can also select Transfer if you would like to transfer an existing and activated SIM/MEID to a new panel. The Activate SIM window can also be accessed by selecting Program and then selecting Communication.
- 3. Select the path programmed for cell communication and select Activate.
- 4. When the Activate SIM/MEID screen displays, enter all information before selecting **Activate**. Complete all panel programming before activating the cellular path to ensure the correct rate plan is calculated for usage. The activation process could take up to 24 hours to complete.

The following list explains the fields that appear on the Activate SIM/MEID screen.

- SIM Type: Select the type of SIM/MEID you are activating. Select either 200, 400, MEID, or LTE SIM.
- SIM/MEID Card#: Enter the SIM (Subscriber Identity Module) or MEID (Mobile Equipment Identifier) number from the SecureCom AT&T Wireless SIM/MEID, SecureCom T-Mobile Wireless SIM/MEID, or the 263LTE Series Cellular Communicator. The SIM number can be found on the label of the 263LTE Series device.
- Rate Plan: System Link automatically populates this field with a suggested rate plan that most closely matches the communication path programming for the panel. If you choose to override the suggested rate

plan, you could experience overage fees from SecureCom Wireless, LLC. Plans available include:

## Note: SMS functionality is not compatible with LTE cellular modules.

Using Model 380-400 or 380-400T SIM/MEID	SIM/ MEID	Data Included
Backup: Backup communication for use with panels with network, dialer, or Wi-Fi primary.  Systems using the Backup rate plan that are programmed with cell primary will be automatically changed to the panel rate plan.  The backup rate plan is date constrained, the XR150/XR550 Series plan is not. The modem must have been activated for the first time on or after January 15, 2016. The XR150/XR550 Series rate plan is hardware constrained to XR150/XR550 Series panels.	Level 400	50 KB
Plan 406: Primary path with a daily test	Level 400	50 KB
Plan 408: Primary path with hourly check-in and O/C reports for up to 4 areas.	Level 400	200 КВ
Plan 410: Primary path with an hourly test and O/C reports for up to 8 areas.	Level 400	300 KB
Plan 416: UL Primary Fire path with a 5 minute check-in and O/C reports for up to 8 areas (NFPA 2010).	Level 400	1000 KB
Plan 425: Primary path provides for 3 minute check-in OR 4 minute check-in with O/C reports for up to 16 areas.	Level 400	2000 KB
XT30/XT50 Series, XTLplus/XTLtouch Series: Flat rate, no overages, includes daily test, O/C reports	Level 400	N/A
XR150/XR550 Series: Flat rate, no overages, includes daily test, O/C reports	Level 400	N/A
<b>CellCom/DualCom:</b> Flat rate, no overages, includes daily test, O/C reports	Level 400	N/A

<sup>•</sup> Status: This displays the current status of the SIM/MEID. To update the status of the current SIM/MEID,

select Update Status.

- Unused: The SIM/MEID number is currently not assigned to an active panel account.
- Pend Act: A request for activation has been sent and is pending.
- Activated: This is an active digital cellular SIM/MEID.
- Pend DeAct: A request to deactivate this SIM/MEID has been sent and is pending.
- Deactivated: This SIM/MEID has been deactivated.
- Invalid: The SIM/MEID number entered is not a valid number. Re-enter the number from the SIM/MEID and retry the activation process.
- Text Plan: Select the text plan for the SIM/MEID. Plans available include:

Text Plans Available	SIM/MEID	Available Panels
None: Messaging is not included	Level 400	<ul> <li>XT30/XT50 Series</li> <li>XTLplus/XTLtouch Series</li> <li>XR150/XR550 Series</li> <li>CellCom Series</li> <li>DualCom Series</li> </ul>
SMS100: 100 Messages per month	Level 400	<ul> <li>XT30/XT50 Series</li> <li>XTLplus/XTLtouch Series</li> <li>XR150/XR550 Series</li> <li>CellCom Series</li> <li>DualCom Series</li> </ul>
SMS200: 200 Messages per month	Level 400	<ul> <li>XT30/XT50 Series</li> <li>XTLplus/XTLtouch Series</li> <li>XR150/XR550 Series</li> <li>CellCom Series</li> <li>DualCom Series</li> </ul>
MyAccess: Unlimited messages	Level 400	<ul> <li>XT30/XT50 Series</li> <li>XTLplus/XTLtouch Series</li> <li>XR150/XR550 Series</li> <li>CellCom Series</li> <li>DualCom Series</li> </ul>

#### Deactivate the SIM/MEID

From the Activate SIM or SecureCom Wireless window, select Deactivate to request deactivation.

### Transfer the SIM/MEID

- 1. Navigate to the **SecureCom Wireless Activations** window or open the edit window for the SIM or MEID you would like to transfer.
- 2. Select **Transfer**. System Link connects to SecureCom Wireless and retrieves the SIM or MEID's current information.
- 3. Enter the new panel's account number in the New Account field and select Next.

The **Select Rate and Text Plans** window displays. System Link suggests a rate and text plan based on the new panel's type. If you would like to make a different selection, use the **Rate Plan** and **Text Plan** drop-down menus. If you choose a rate plan that is likely to cause overages, System Link will notify you. Select Next when you've made your selections.

System Link displays the **Transfer Summary** window. If the information looks correct, select **Finish**. When the transfer completes, the **Success** window displays. Select **Done** to close the **Transfer SIM** or **MEID** window.

# 6.4 Connect a Panel

To connect to a panel, go to **File > Panel Information** and double-click the panel that you want to connect. Go to **Panel > Connect**, then select **Connect**. To troubleshoot connection errors, refer to "Connection Error Reference" in this topic.

To disconnect from a panel, go to Panel > Disconnect, then select Disconnect.

**Note:** An inactivity timeout occurs if no data transfer activity is detected within 4.5 minutes. At timeout, a message box appears and allows an operator to extend the connection. If an extension is not performed, System Link will disconnect from the panel in 1 minute.

#### Connection Error Reference

**Connection canceled: Action aborted by user**—The connection attempt was manually canceled by an operator. Reattempt connection.

**Error connecting, invalid connection information**—Connection information is missing or incorrect. Depending on connection type, this may include cellular phone number, IP address, Port number, COM port, phone number, or remote key.

**Error connecting, please make sure TCP/IP is installed**—The computer is not properly configured for network communication. Refer to operating system documentation.

Error requesting max partitions—Could not retrieve the max partitions from the panel.

**Panel Connection Error: Connection closed**—Connection was closed while System Link was trying to send data to the panel.

**Panel Connection Error: Invalid connect response**—System Link did not receive a proper reply from the panel. Reattempt connection.

**Panel Connection Error: Invalid connect response while calling panel**—(Phone line connections) System Link did not receive a proper reply from the panel. Reattempt connection.

**Panel Connection Error: Invalid connect sequence**—Data being passed from the panel to System Link has been lost or corrupted. Reattempt connection.

**Panel Connection Error: Invalid receiver number**—The receiver key programmed in the receiver does not match the key stored in panel or Alarm Receiver/Service Receiver are not enabled in panel programming. In System Link, check the receiver key in **System > Configure > SCS-1 System**.

**Panel Connection Error: Invalid remote key**—The panel remote key does not match the one configured in System Link. Change the remote key in **File > Panel Information > Connection Information**, then reattempt connection.

**Panel Connection Error: Panel busy with other communication**—Panel communication paths are busy. Reattempt connection.

Panel Connection Error: Panel not connected—Connection lost with panel. Reattempt connection.

Panel Connection Error: Receiver not authorized to connect—In panel programming, go to REMOTE OPTIONS and ensure that SERVICE RECEIVER AUTH is set to YES. Check local firewall settings and ensure the proper ports are open. Check port configurations in the panel and System Link.

**Panel Connection Error: Timeout**—System Link did not receive a reply from panel within the allowed time frame. Check wiring connections and traffic, then reattempt connection.

**Panel Connection Error: Timeout trying to call panel**—If connecting through a receiver on a phone line, ensure the receiver is getting dial tone and the **Phone Number** is correct in **Panel Information**. For receiver

connections, check wiring connections, cable types, connector pinouts, power connections, and COM port configuration in File > Panel Information and System > Configure > System Link > Receiver.

Unable to Connect to Panel-For network systems, the IP address is missing or incorrect.

To view diagnostic messages associated with failed connections, go to **System > Diagnostics**. The following error strings are appended to the end of the failed connection messages.

Error String	Meaning
-VA	Not allowed
-VB	Panel busy
-VC	Invalid remote key
-VD	Bad data
-VN	Not connected
-VR	Invalid receiver
-VU	Invalid account

# 6.5 Program a Panel

The following topics cover how to program each section in the **Program** menu. The programming options available in each section depend on panel type and configuration. Refer to the appropriate panel programming guide from DMP.com/resources when programming in System Link.

For listed installations, refer to DMP's product Compliance Guides and Compliance Notes.

## 6.5.1 Retrieve Programming from Panel

**Note:** When you retrieve from a panel, any programming changes made in System Link that have not yet been sent to the panel are overwritten by the panel programming information that you retrieve from the panel.

- 1. Close all programming and configuration windows.
- 2. Ensure System Link is connected to the panel.
- 3. Go to Panel > Retrieve.
- 4. To automatically request the panel's events after programming is retrieved, select Request Events.
- 5. To update the panel time after programming is retrieved, select **Update Time**.
- 6. To automatically disconnect from the panel after programming is retrieved, select **Disconnect on Completion**.
- 7. To retrieve only the programming that has changed since the last connection with the panel, select **Changes Only**.
- 8. Select Retrieve.

## 6.5.2 Quick Programming Reference

Refer to the following tables when programming DMP accessories. For complete programming guides, refer to DMP.com/resources.

- XR550
- XR150
- XT50
- XT30
- XTL

#### 6.5.2.1 XR550

The following table columns are arranged to follow the typical panel programming order and values required for each item. For example, a wireless keypad must be programmed first in Device Setup, where you give it a device number, select a device type, select a device communication type, then enter the wireless serial number before programming other options.

For additional installation requirements and programming options, refer to the model's installation guide.

- Models: The accessory item's model number and name, linked to its installation guide.
- **Program In:** The menu where you program the accessory: Device Setup, Zone Information, Output Information, or Key Fobs.
- **Device, Zone, or Output Number**: The range of numbers for the accessory, depending on where it is programmed. See above. Keep in mind that although any device can be programmed as device 1 in the panel, that address should be reserved for the primary system keypad in most cases.
- Device Type: If the accessory is programmed in Device Setup, this lists possible device types.
- **Device Communication Type**: If the accessory is programmed in Device Setup, this lists possible communication types.
- Zone Type: If the accessory is programmed in Zone Information, this lists possible zone types.
- Wireless SN Range: For a wireless device, the typical serial number range of its class.

Models	Program In	XR550 Device, Zone, or Output Number	Device Type	Device Communicati on Type	Zone Type	Wireless SN Range
630F Fire Keypad	Device Setup	1-16	FI	n/a	n/a	n/a
714N-POE Zone Expander Module	Device Setup	1-16	EXP & NET	NET	n/a	n/a
734 Access Control Module	Device Setup	1-16	DOOR	KPD or AX- BUS	n/a	n/a
734B BIN Access Control Module	Device Setup	1-16	DOOR	KPD or AX- BUS	n/a	n/a
734N/734N-POE Network	Device Setup	1-16	DOOR	KPD or NET	n/a	n/a

Models	Program In	XR550 Device, Zone, or Output Number	Device Type	Device Communicati on Type	Zone Type	Wireless SN Range
<b>Access Control Module</b>						
736V V-Plex Module	Device Setup	501, 601, 701, 801, 901	VPX	n/a	n/a	n/a
7000 Series Thinline Keypads	Device Setup	1-16	KPD or DOOR	KPD	n/a	n/a
7300 Series Icon Keypads	Device Setup	1-16	KPD	KPD	n/a	n/a
7463 Network Thinlilne Keypads	Device Setup	1-16	KPD	NET	n/a	n/a
7800 Series Graphic Touchscreen Keypad	Device Setup	1-16	KPD or DOOR	KPD	n/a	n/a
1100R Repeater	Zone Information	Consecutive if more than one per panel: 500- 999	AUX1	n/a	AUX1	13000000- 13999999
1100T Wireless Translator	Device Setup	2-16	1100T	n/a	n/a	13000000- 13999999
1100T Wireless Translator	Zone Information	500-999	n/a	n/a	Any	Non-DMP SN
1101 Universal Transmitter	Zone Information	500-999	n/a	n/a	Any	01000000- 01999999
1102 Universal Transmitter, external contact	Zone Information	500-999	n/a	n/a	Any	01000000- 01999999
1103 Universal Transmitter	Zone Information	Consecutive: 500-999	n/a	n/a	Any	01000000- 01999999
1106 Universal Transmitter, internal/ external contact	Zone Information	500-999	n/a	n/a	Any	01000000- 01999999
1107 Micro Window Transmitter	Zone Information	500-999	n/a	n/a	NT	02000000- 02999999
1108 Doorbell Module	Zone Information	500-999	n/a	n/a	DB	02000000- 02999999
1114 Four-Zone Expander Module	Zone Information	Consecutive: 500-999	n/a	n/a	Any	08000000- 08999999
1115 Temperature Sensor and Flood Detector	Zone Information	500-999	n/a	n/a	sv	08000000- 08999999
1116 Relay Output	Output Information	450-474 (slow); 480-	n/a	n/a	n/a	15100000- 15199999

Models	Program In	XR550 Device, Zone, or Output Number	Device Type	Device Communicati on Type	Zone Type	Wireless SN Range
		499 (fast)				
1117 LED Annunciator	Output Information	450-474 (slow); 480- 499 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15100000- 15199999
1118 Remote Indicator Light	Output Information	450-474 (slow); 480- 499 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15100000- 15199999
1119 Door Sounder	Zone Information	500-999	n/a	n/a	NT or DY	02000000- 02999999
1119 Door Sounder (Output)	Output Information	450-474 (slow); 480- 499 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15100000- 15199999
1122 PIR	Zone Information	500-999	n/a	n/a	NT	09500000- 09999999
1126R Ceiling Mount PIR	Zone Information	500-999	n/a	n/a	NT	09100000- 09499999
1127 Wall Mount Curtain PIR	Zone Information	500-999	n/a	n/a	NT	09100000- 09499999
1128 Glassbreak	Zone Information	500-999	n/a	n/a	NT	03000000- 03999999
1131 Recessed Contact	Zone Information	500-999	n/a	n/a	Any	02000000- 02999999
1134 Access Control Module	Device Setup	1-16	DOOR	n/a	WLS	14300000- 14499999
<u>1135 Siren</u>	Output Information	450-474 (slow); 480- 499 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15200000- 15999999
1136 Remote Chime	Output Information	450-474 (slow); 480- 499 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15200000- 15999999
1137 LED Emergency Light	Output Information	450-474 (slow); 480- 499 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15200000- 15999999
1139 Bill Trap	Zone Information	500-999	n/a	n/a	PN	02000000- 02999999
1141 Wall Button	Zone Information	500-999	n/a	n/a	Any	04000000- 04999999
1142 Two-button Hold- Up	Zone Information	500-999	n/a	n/a	PN	04000000- 04999999

Models	Program In	XR550 Device, Zone, or Output Number	Device Type	Device Communicati on Type	Zone Type	Wireless SN Range
<u>1144 Key fob</u>	Key Fobs	400-449	n/a	n/a	n/a	05900000- 59999999
1148 Personal Pendant	Zone Information	500-999	n/a	n/a	EM	04000000- 04999999
1154 Four-Zone Input Module	Zone Information	500-999	n/a	n/a	Any	08000000- 08999999
1158 Eight-Zone Input Module	Zone Information	500-999	n/a	n/a	Any	08000000- 08999999
1164 Smoke Detector with Sounder	Zone Information	500-999	n/a	n/a	FI	07000000- 07999999
1166 Smoke Ring	Zone Information	500-999	n/a	n/a	FI	06000000- 06999999
1168 CO/Smoke/Low Temp Combo Detector	Zone Information	Consecutive: 500-999	n/a	n/a	FI + CO + SV	07000000- 07999999
1183 Heat Detector	Zone Information	500-999	n/a	n/a	FI	06000000- 06999999
1184 Carbon Monoxide Detector	Zone Information	500-999	n/a	n/a	со	06000000- 06999999
9000 Series Thinline Keypad	Device Setup	1-16	KPD or DOOR	WLS	n/a	14000000- 14299999
9800 Graphic Touchscreen Keypad	Device Setup	1-16	KPD or DOOR	WLS	n/a	14500000- 14999999

#### 6.5.2.2 XR150

The following table columns are arranged to follow the typical panel programming order and values required for each item. For example, a wireless keypad must be programmed first in Device Setup, where you give it a device number, select a device type, select a device communication type, then enter the wireless serial number before programming other options.

For additional installation requirements and programming options, refer to the model's installation guide.

- Models: The accessory item's model number and name, linked to its installation guide.
- **Program In:** The menu where you program the accessory: Device Setup, Zone Information, Output Information, or Key Fobs.
- **Device, Zone, or Output Number**: The range of numbers for the accessory, depending on where it is programmed. See above. Keep in mind that although any device can be programmed as device 1 in the panel, that address should be reserved for the primary system keypad in most cases.
- Device Type: If the accessory is programmed in Device Setup, this lists possible device types.
- **Device Communication Type**: If the accessory is programmed in Device Setup, this lists possible communication types.
- Zone Type: If the accessory is programmed in Zone Information, this lists possible zone types.

• Wireless SN Range: For a wireless device, the typical serial number range of its class.

Models	Program In	XR150 Device, Zone, or Output Number	Device Type	Device Communicati on Type	Zone Type	Wireless SN Range
630F Fire Keypad	Device Setup	1-8	FI	n/a	n/a	n/a
714N-POE Zone Expander Module	Device Setup	1-8	EXP & NET	NET	n/a	n/a
734 Access Control Module	Device Setup	1-8	DOOR	KPD or AX- BUS	n/a	n/a
734B BIN Access Control Module	Device Setup	1-8	DOOR	KPD or AX- BUS	n/a	n/a
734N/734N-POE Network Access Control Module	Device Setup	1-8	DOOR	KPD or NET	n/a	n/a
736V V-Plex Module	Device Setup	501	VPX	n/a	n/a	n/a
7000 Series Thinline Keypads	Device Setup	1-8	KPD or DOOR	KPD	n/a	n/a
7300 Series Icon Keypads	Device Setup	1-8	KPD	KPD	n/a	n/a
7463 Network Thinlilne Keypads	Device Setup	1-8	KPD	NET	n/a	n/a
7800 Series Graphic Touchscreen Keypad	Device Setup	1-8	KPD or DOOR	KPD	n/a	n/a
1100R Repeater	Zone Information	Consecutive if more than one per panel: 500-599	AUX1	n/a	AUX1	13000000- 13999999
1100T Wireless Translator	Device Setup	2-8	1100T	n/a	n/a	13000000- 13999999
1100T Wireless Translator	Zone Information	500-599	n/a	n/a	Any	Non-DMP SN
1101 Universal Transmitter	Zone Information	500-599	n/a	n/a	Any	01000000- 01999999
1102 Universal Transmitter, external contact	Zone Information	500-599	n/a	n/a	Any	01000000- 01999999
1103 Universal Transmitter	Zone Information	Consecutive: 500-599	n/a	n/a	Any	01000000- 01999999
1106 Universal Transmitter, internal/ external contact	Zone Information	500-599	n/a	n/a	Any	01000000- 01999999

Models	Program In	XR150 Device, Zone, or Output Number	Device Type	Device Communicati on Type	Zone Type	Wireless SN Range
1107 Micro Window Transmitter	Zone Information	500-599	n/a	n/a	NT	02000000- 02999999
1108 Doorbell Module	Zone Information	500-599	n/a	n/a	DB	02000000- 02999999
1114 Four-Zone Expander Module	Zone Information	Consecutive: 500-599	n/a	n/a	Any	0800000- 0899999
1115 Temperature Sensor and Flood Detector	Zone Information	500-599	n/a	n/a	sv	08000000- 08999999
1116 Relay Output	Output Information	450-474 (slow); 480- 499 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15100000- 15199999
1117 LED Annunciator	Output Information	450-474 (slow); 480- 499 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15100000- 15199999
1118 Remote Indicator Light	Output Information	450-474 (slow); 480- 499 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15100000- 15199999
1119 Door Sounder	Zone Information	500-599	n/a	n/a	NT or DY	02000000- 02999999
1119 Door Sounder (Output)	Output Information	450-474 (slow); 480- 499 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15100000- 15199999
<u>1122 PIR</u>	Zone Information	500-599	n/a	n/a	NT	09500000- 09999999
1126R Ceiling Mount PIR	Zone Information	500-599	n/a	n/a	NT	09100000- 09499999
1127 Wall Mount Curtain PIR	Zone Information	500-599	n/a	n/a	NT	09100000- 09499999
1128 Glassbreak	Zone Information	500-599	n/a	n/a	NT	03000000- 03999999
1131 Recessed Contact	Zone Information	500-599	n/a	n/a	Any	02000000- 02999999
1134 Access Control Module	Device Setup	1-8	DOOR	n/a	WLS	14300000- 14499999
<u>1135 Siren</u>	Output Information	450-474 (slow); 480- 499 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15200000- 15999999
1136 Remote Chime	Output Information	450-474 (slow); 480-	n/a	n/a	n/a	15200000- 15999999

Models	Program In	XR150 Device, Zone, or Output Number	Device Type	Device Communicati on Type	Zone Type	Wireless SN Range
		499 (fast)				
1137 LED Emergency Light	Output Information	450-474 (slow); 480- 499 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15200000- 15999999
1139 Bill Trap	Zone Information	500-599	n/a	n/a	PN	02000000- 02999999
1141 Wall Button	Zone Information	500-599	n/a	n/a	Any	04000000- 04999999
1142 Two-button Hold- Up	Zone Information	500-599	n/a	n/a	PN	04000000- 04999999
<u>1144 Key fob</u>	Key Fobs	400-449	n/a	n/a	n/a	05900000- 59999999
1148 Personal Pendant	Zone Information	500-599	n/a	n/a	EM	04000000- 04999999
1154 Four-Zone Input Module	Zone Information	500-599	n/a	n/a	Any	08000000- 08999999
1158 Eight-Zone Input Module	Zone Information	500-599	n/a	n/a	Any	08000000- 08999999
1164 Smoke Detector with Sounder	Zone Information	500-599	n/a	n/a	FI	07000000- 07999999
1166 Smoke Ring	Zone Information	500-599	n/a	n/a	FI	06000000- 06999999
1168 CO/Smoke/Low Temp Combo Detector	Zone Information	Consecutive: 500-599	n/a	n/a	FI + CO + SV	07000000- 07999999
1183 Heat Detector	Zone Information	500-599	n/a	n/a	FI	06000000- 06999999
1184 Carbon Monoxide Detector	Zone Information	500-599	n/a	n/a	со	06000000- 06999999
9000 Series Thinline Keypad	Device Setup	1-8	KPD or DOOR	WLS	n/a	14000000- 14299999
9800 Graphic Touchscreen Keypad	Device Setup	1-8	KPD or DOOR	WLS	n/a	14500000- 14999999

### 6.5.2.3 XT50

The following table columns are arranged to follow the typical panel programming order and values required for each item. For example, a wireless keypad must be programmed first in Device Setup, where you give it a device number, select a device type, select a device communication type, then enter the wireless serial number before programming other options.

For additional installation requirements and programming options, refer to the model's installation guide.

- Models: The accessory item's model number and name, linked to its installation guide.
- **Program In:** The menu where you program the accessory: Device Setup, Zone Information, Output Information, or Key Fobs.
- Device, Zone, or Output Number: The range of numbers for the accessory, depending on where it is programmed. See above. Keep in mind that although any device can be programmed as device 1 in the panel, that address should be reserved for the primary system keypad in most cases.
- Device Type: If the accessory is programmed in Device Setup, this lists possible device types.
- **Device Communication Type:** If the accessory is programmed in Device Setup, this lists possible communication types.
- Zone Type: If the accessory is programmed in Zone Information, this lists possible zone types.
- Wireless SN Range: For a wireless device, the typical serial number range of its class.

Models	Program In	XT50 Device, Zone, or Output Number	Device Type	Device Communica tion Type	Zone Type	Wireless SN Range
734 Access Control Module	Device Setup	1-8	DOOR	KPD or AX- BUS	n/a	n/a
734N/734N-POE Network Access Control Module	Device Setup	1-8	DOOR	KPD or NET	n/a	n/a
7000 Series Thinline Keypads	Device Setup	1-8	KPD or DOOR	KPD	n/a	n/a
7300 Series Icon Keypads	Device Setup	1-8	KPD	KPD	n/a	n/a
7463 Network Thinlilne Keypads	Device Setup	1-8	KPD	NET	n/a	n/a
7800 Series Graphic Touchscreen Keypad	Device Setup	1-8	KPD or DOOR	KPD	n/a	n/a
1100R Repeater	Zone Information	Consecutive if more than one per panel: 11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41-44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	AUX1	n/a	AUX1	13000000- 13999999
1100T Wireless Translator	Device Setup	2-8	1100T	n/a	n/a	13000000- 13999999
1100T Wireless Translator	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41-44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	n/a	n/a	Any	Non-DMP SN
1101 Universal Transmitter	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	n/a	n/a	Any	01000000- 01999999
1102 Universal Transmitter, external	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74,	n/a	n/a	Any	01000000- 01999999

Models	Program In	XT50 Device, Zone, or Output Number	Device Type	Device Communica tion Type	Zone Type	Wireless SN Range
contact		80; 81-84; 85-99				
1103 Universal Transmitter	Zone Information	Consecutive: 11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41-44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	n/a	n/a	Any	01000000- 01999999
1106 Universal Transmitter, internal/ external contact	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	n/a	n/a	Any	01000000- 01999999
1107 Micro Window Transmitter	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41-44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	n/a	n/a	NT	02000000- 02999999
1108 Doorbell Module	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41-44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	n/a	n/a	DB	02000000- 02999999
1114 Four-Zone Expander Module	Zone Information	Consecutive: 11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41-44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	n/a	n/a	Any	08000000- 08999999
1115 Temperature Sensor and Flood Detector	Zone Information	11-14,21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	n/a	n/a	sv	08000000- 08999999
1116 Relay Output	Output Information	31-34 (slow); 41-44 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15100000- 15199999
1117 LED Annunciator	Output Information	31-34 (slow); 41-44 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15100000- 15199999
1118 Remote Indicator Light	Output Information	31-34 (slow); 41-44 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15100000- 15199999
1119 Door Sounder	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	n/a	n/a	NT or DY	02000000- 02999999
1119 Door Sounder (Output)	Output Information	31-34 (slow); 41-44 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15100000- 15199999
1122 PIR	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41-44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	n/a	n/a	NT	09500000- 09999999
1126R Ceiling Mount PIR	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	n/a	n/a	NT	09100000- 09499999
1127 Wall Mount Curtain PIR	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	n/a	n/a	NT	09100000- 09499999

Models	Program In	XT50 Device, Zone, or Output Number	Device Type	Device Communica tion Type	Zone Type	Wireless SN Range
1128 Glassbreak	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	n/a	n/a	NT	03000000- 03999999
1131 Recessed Contact	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	n/a	n/a	Any	02000000- 02999999
1134 Access Control Module	Device Setup	1-8	DOOR	n/a	WLS	14300000- 14499999
<u>1135 Siren</u>	Output Information	31-34 (slow); 41-44 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15200000- 15999999
1136 Remote Chime	Output Information	31-34 (slow); 41-44 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15200000- 15999999
1137 LED Emergency Light	Output Information	31-34 (slow); 41-44 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15200000- 15999999
1139 Bill Trap	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41-44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	n/a	n/a	PN	02000000- 02999999
1141 Wall Button	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41-44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	n/a	n/a	Any	04000000- 04999999
1142 Two-button Hold-Up	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41-44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	n/a	n/a	PN	04000000- 04999999
1144 Key fob	Key Fobs	31-34 (slow); 41-44 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	05900000- 59999999
1148 Personal Pendant	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41-44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	n/a	n/a	EM	04000000- 04999999
1154 Four-Zone Input Module	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41-44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	n/a	n/a	Any	08000000- 08999999
1158 Eight-Zone Input Module	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	n/a	n/a	Any	08000000- 08999999
1164 Smoke Detector with Sounder	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	n/a	n/a	FI	07000000- 07999999
1166 Smoke Ring	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	n/a	n/a	FI	06000000- 06999999
1168 CO/Smoke/Low	Zone	Consecutive: 11-14, 21-	n/a	n/a	FI +	07000000-

Models	Program In	XT50 Device, Zone, or Output Number	Device Type	Device Communica tion Type	Zone Type	Wireless SN Range
Temp Combo Detector	Information	24, 31-34, 41-44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99			CO +	07999999
1183 Heat Detector	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41-44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	n/a	n/a	FI	06000000- 06999999
1184 Carbon Monoxide Detector	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41-44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 80; 81-84; 85-99	n/a	n/a	со	06000000- 06999999
9000 Series Thinline Keypad	Device Setup	1-8	KPD or DOOR	WLS	n/a	14000000- 14299999
9800 Graphic Touchscreen Keypad	Device Setup	1-8	KPD or DOOR	WLS	n/a	14500000- 14999999

### 6.5.2.4 XT30

The following table columns are arranged to follow the typical panel programming order and values required for each item. For example, a wireless keypad must be programmed first in Device Setup, where you give it a device number, select a device type, select a device communication type, then enter the wireless serial number before programming other options.

For additional installation requirements and programming options, refer to the model's installation guide.

- Models: The accessory item's model number and name, linked to its installation guide.
- **Program In:** The menu where you program the accessory: Device Setup, Zone Information, Output Information, or Key Fobs.
- **Device, Zone, or Output Number**: The range of numbers for the accessory, depending on where it is programmed. See above. Keep in mind that although any device can be programmed as device 1 in the panel, that address should be reserved for the primary system keypad in most cases.
- Device Type: If the accessory is programmed in Device Setup, this lists possible device types.
- **Device Communication Type**: If the accessory is programmed in Device Setup, this lists possible communication types.
- Zone Type: If the accessory is programmed in Zone Information, this lists possible zone types.
- Wireless SN Range: For a wireless device, the typical serial number range of its class.

Models	Program In	XT30 Device, Zone, or Output Number	Device Type	Device Communica tion Type	Zone Type	Wireless SN Range
734 Access Control Module	Device Setup	1-8	DOOR	KPD or AX- BUS	n/a	n/a
734N/734N-POE Network Access Control Module	Device Setup	1-8	DOOR	KPD or NET	n/a	n/a
7000 Series Thinline	Device Setup	1-8	<b>KPD</b> or	KPD	n/a	n/a

Models	Program In	XT30 Device, Zone, or Output Number	Device Type	Device Communica tion Type	Zone Type	Wireless SN Range
<u>Keypads</u>			DOOR			
7300 Series Icon Keypads	Device Setup	1-8	KPD	KPD	n/a	n/a
7463 Network Thinlilne Keypads	Device Setup	1-8	KPD	NET	n/a	n/a
7800 Series Graphic Touchscreen Keypad	Device Setup	1-8	KPD or DOOR	KPD	n/a	n/a
1100R Repeater	Zone Information	Consecutive if more than one per panel: 11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41-44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	AUX1	n/a	AUX1	13000000- 13999999
1100T Wireless Translator	Device Setup	2-8	1100T	n/a	n/a	13000000- 13999999
1100T Wireless Translator	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	Any	Non-DMP SN
1101 Universal Transmitter	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	Any	01000000- 01999999
1102 Universal Transmitter, external contact	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41-44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	Any	01000000- 01999999
1103 Universal Transmitter	Zone Information	Consecutive: 11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41-44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	Any	01000000- 01999999
1106 Universal Transmitter, internal/ external contact	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	Any	01000000- 01999999
1107 Micro Window Transmitter	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	NT	02000000- 02999999
1108 Doorbell Module	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	DB	02000000- 02999999
1114 Four-Zone Expander Module	Zone Information	Consecutive: 11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41-44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	Any	08000000- 08999999
1115 Temperature Sensor and Flood Detector	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	sv	08000000- 08999999
1116 Relay Output	Output	31-34 (slow); 41-44 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15100000-

Models	Program In	XT30 Device, Zone, or Output Number	Device Type	Device Communica tion Type	Zone Type	Wireless SN Range
	Information					15199999
1117 LED Annunciator	Output Information	31-34 (slow); 41-44 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15100000- 15199999
1118 Remote Indicator Light	Output Information	31-34 (slow); 41-44 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15100000- 15199999
1119 Door Sounder	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	NT or DY	02000000- 02999999
1119 Door Sounder (Output)	Output Information	31-34 (slow); 41-44 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15100000- 15199999
1122 PIR	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	NT	09500000- 09999999
1126R Ceiling Mount PIR	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	NT	09100000- 09499999
1127 Wall Mount Curtain PIR	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41-44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	NT	09100000- 09499999
1128 Glassbreak	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	NT	03000000- 03999999
1131 Recessed Contact	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	Any	02000000- 02999999
1134 Access Control Module	Device Setup	1-8	DOOR	n/a	WLS	14300000- 14499999
<u>1135 Siren</u>	Output Information	31-34 (slow); 41-44 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15200000- 15999999
1136 Remote Chime	Output Information	31-34 (slow); 41-44 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15200000- 15999999
1137 LED Emergency Light	Output Information	31-34 (slow); 41-44 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15200000- 15999999
1139 Bill Trap	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	PN	02000000- 02999999
1141 Wall Button	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	Any	0400000- 04999999
1142 Two-button Hold-Up	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74,	n/a	n/a	PN	0400000- 04999999

Models	Program In	XT30 Device, Zone, or Output Number	Device Type	Device Communica tion Type	Zone Type	Wireless SN Range
		81-84				
<u>1144 Key fob</u>	Key Fobs	31-34 (slow); 41-44 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	05900000- 59999999
1148 Personal Pendant	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	EM	04000000- 04999999
1154 Four-Zone Input Module	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	Any	08000000- 08999999
1158 Eight-Zone Input Module	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	Any	08000000- 08999999
1164 Smoke Detector with Sounder	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	FI	07000000- 07999999
1166 Smoke Ring	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	FI	06000000- 06999999
1168 CO/Smoke/Low Temp Combo Detector	Zone Information	Consecutive: 11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41-44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	FI + CO + SV	07000000- 07999999
1183 Heat Detector	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	FI	06000000- 06999999
1184 Carbon Monoxide Detector	Zone Information	11-14, 21-24, 31-34, 41- 44, 51-54, 61-64, 71-74, 81-84	n/a	n/a	со	06000000- 06999999
9000 Series Thinline Keypad	Device Setup	1-8	KPD or DOOR	WLS	n/a	14000000- 14299999
9800 Graphic Touchscreen Keypad	Device Setup	1-8	KPD or DOOR	WLS	n/a	14500000- 14999999

### 6.5.2.5 XTL

The following table columns are arranged to follow the typical panel programming order and values required for each item. For example, a wireless keypad must be programmed first in Device Setup, where you give it a device number, select a device type, select a device communication type, then enter the wireless serial number before programming other options.

For additional installation requirements and programming options, refer to the model's installation guide.

- Models: The accessory item's model number and name, linked to its installation guide.
- **Program In:** The menu where you program the accessory: Device Setup, Zone Information, Output Information, or Key Fobs.
- Device, Zone, or Output Number: The range of numbers for the accessory, depending on where it is

programmed. See above. Keep in mind that although any device can be programmed as device 1 in the panel, that address should be reserved for the primary system keypad in most cases.

- Device Type: If the accessory is programmed in Device Setup, this lists possible device types.
- **Device Communication Type**: If the accessory is programmed in Device Setup, this lists possible communication types.
- Zone Type: If the accessory is programmed in Zone Information, this lists possible zone types.
- Wireless SN Range: For a wireless device, the typical serial number range of its class.

Models	Program In	XTL Device, Zone, or Output Number	Device Type	Device Communicati on Type	Zone Type	Wireless SN Range
7463 Network Thinlilne Keypads	Device Setup	1-8	KPD	NET	n/a	n/a
1100R Repeater	Zone Information	Consecutive if more than one per panel: 1-99	AUX1	n/a	AUX1	13000000- 13999999
1100T Wireless Translator	Device Setup	2-8	1100T	n/a	n/a	13000000- 13999999
1100T Wireless Translator	Zone Information	1-99	n/a	n/a	Any	Non-DMP SN
1101 Universal Transmitter	Zone Information	1-99	n/a	n/a	Any	01000000- 01999999
1102 Universal Transmitter, external contact	Zone Information	1-99	n/a	n/a	Any	01000000- 01999999
1103 Universal Transmitter	Zone Information	Consecutive: 1-99	n/a	n/a	Any	01000000- 01999999
1106 Universal Transmitter, internal/ external contact	Zone Information	1-99	n/a	n/a	Any	01000000- 01999999
1107 Micro Window Transmitter	Zone Information	1-99	n/a	n/a	NT	02000000- 02999999
1108 Doorbell Module	Zone Information	1-99	n/a	n/a	DB	02000000- 02999999
1114 Four-Zone Expander Module	Zone Information	Consecutive: 1-99	n/a	n/a	Any	08000000- 08999999
1115 Temperature Sensor and Flood Detector	Zone Information	1-99	n/a	n/a	sv	08000000- 08999999
1116 Relay Output	Output Information	51-54 (slow); 61-64 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15100000- 15199999
1117 LED Annunciator	Output	51-54 (slow);	n/a	n/a	n/a	15100000-

Models	Program In	XTL Device, Zone, or Output Number	Device Type	Device Communicati on Type	Zone Type	Wireless SN Range
	Information	61-64 (fast)				15199999
1118 Remote Indicator Light	Output Information	51-54 (slow); 61-64 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15100000- 15199999
1119 Door Sounder	Zone Information	1-99	n/a	n/a	NT or DY	02000000- 02999999
1119 Door Sounder (Output)	Output Information	51-54 (slow); 61-64 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15100000- 15199999
1122 PIR	Zone Information	1-99	n/a	n/a	NT	09500000- 09999999
1126R Ceiling Mount PIR	Zone Information	1-99	n/a	n/a	NT	09100000- 09499999
1127 Wall Mount Curtain PIR	Zone Information	1-99	n/a	n/a	NT	09100000- 09499999
1128 Glassbreak	Zone Information	1-99	n/a	n/a	NT	03000000- 03999999
1131 Recessed Contact	Zone Information	1-99	n/a	n/a	Any	02000000- 02999999
1134 Access Control Module	Device Setup	1-8	DOOR	n/a	WLS	14300000- 14499999
<u>1135 Siren</u>	Output Information	51-54 (slow); 61-64 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15200000- 15999999
1136 Remote Chime	Output Information	51-54 (slow); 61-64 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15200000- 15999999
1137 LED Emergency Light	Output Information	51-54 (slow); 61-64 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15200000- 15999999
1139 Bill Trap	Zone Information	1-99	n/a	n/a	PN	02000000- 02999999
1141 Wall Button	Zone Information	1-99	n/a	n/a	Any	04000000- 04999999
1142 Two-button Hold- Up	Zone Information	1-99	n/a	n/a	PN	04000000- 04999999
1144 Key fob	Key Fobs	51-54 (slow); 61-64 (fast)	n/a	n/a	n/a	05900000- 59999999
1148 Personal Pendant	Zone Information	1-99	n/a	n/a	EM	04000000- 04999999
1154 Four-Zone Input Module	Zone Information	1-99	n/a	n/a	Any	08000000- 08999999
1158 Eight-Zone Input Module	Zone Information	1-99	n/a	n/a	Any	08000000- 08999999

Models	Program In	XTL Device, Zone, or Output Number	Device Type	Device Communicati on Type	Zone Type	Wireless SN Range
1164 Smoke Detector with Sounder	Zone Information	1-99	n/a	n/a	FI	07000000- 07999999
1166 Smoke Ring	Zone Information	1-99	n/a	n/a	FI	06000000- 06999999
1168 CO/Smoke/Low Temp Combo Detector	Zone Information	Consecutive: 1-99	n/a	n/a	FI + CO + SV	07000000- 07999999
1183 Heat Detector	Zone Information	1-99	n/a	n/a	FI	06000000- 06999999
1184 Carbon Monoxide Detector	Zone Information	1-99	n/a	n/a	со	06000000- 06999999
9000 Series Thinline Keypad	Device Setup	1-8	KPD or DOOR	wls	n/a	14000000- 14299999
9800 Graphic Touchscreen Keypad	Device Setup	1-8	KPD or DOOR	WLS	n/a	14500000- 14999999

# 6.5.3 Communication Paths

To program communication paths, go to **Program > Communication Paths > Path** and select **New**. After configuring relevant settings, select **Apply** to save changes.

# Configure Paths

- 1. In Account Number, enter the 1-5 digit number used to identify the panel.
- 2. In Transmit Delay, enter the number of seconds the panel waits to send burglary zone reports to the receiver. Other zone types are sent immediately and alarms are not delayed during this period. Range is 15-45 seconds. Default is 30 seconds.
- 3. In Path, select the number of the path. Range is 1-8. Path 1 is reserved for primary communication.
- 4. In Comm Type, select the communication type for the path used to report events to receivers.
- 5. In Path Type, select Primary or Backup.

### Configure Supervision

- 1. In **Test Report**, select one of the following options:
  - o Yes: Allows the programmed test report to be sent on the path currently being programmed
  - o No: Does not allow test reports to be sent on this path
  - Defer: Does not allow test reports to be sent on this path if the panel communicates any message to the receiver within the time set in Test Frequency
- 2. In **Test Frequency**, enter a number from 1-60.
- 3. In Frequency Unit, select the unit for test frequency.
- 4. If testing occurs on more than one day, select the day to send the report from Test Day.
- 5. If test frequency is set to days, enter the time of day in Test Time. To disable Test Time, enter 0:00 AM.

# Configure Checkin

- 1. In Use Checkin, select one of the following options:
  - o Yes: Enables checkin
  - o No: Disables checkin
  - o Random: Allows panel to checkin at random times. Range is 6-60 minutes.
  - Adaptive: Allows a backup path to adapt to primary communication failure by adopting the checkin programming from the primary path
  - Adaptive 3: Allows a backup path to adapt to primary communication failure by adopting a 3 minute checkin and fail time
- 2. If applicable, enter the number of checkin minutes In **Check-In (Minutes)**. Range is 2-240 minutes for network or 3-240 minutes for cellular.
- 3. If applicable, enter the number of fail time minutes in **Fail Time (Minutes)**. Range is 0-240 minutes, but must be equal to or greater than the checkin time.

# Configure Comm Type Details (Network, Cellular, Wi-Fi)

1. To enable communication path encryption on compatible panels, select Encryption.

- 2. For encrypted systems, select an **Encryption Scheme**.
  - **Note:** 256-bit encrypted messages to the SCS-1R receiver only communicate when using SCS-104 Receiver Line Cards with Version 102 or higher software.
- 3. To use IPv6 on network panels, select IPv6.
- 4. In Receiver IP, enter all digits of the receiver address with periods. For example, 192.168.0.1.
- 5. If using IPv6, enter all digits of the receiver address with colons in **Receiver IPv6**. For example, 2001:0db8:85a3:0000:0000:8a2e:0370:7334.
- 6. In Receiver Port, enter the receiver port number. Default is 2001.

# Configure DD/CID Details (Digital Dialer, Contact ID)

In **1st Phone No**, enter the primary phone number. Phone numbers can have two lines of 16 characters each to equal up to 32 characters. To program a 3 second pause, enter **P**. Enter R as the first character for rotary (pulse) phone function. To cancel call waiting, enter **\*70P** in the first position.

**Caution:** Canceling call waiting on a non-call waiting telephone line would prevent communication to the central station.

In **2nd Phone No**, enter the backup phone number. If attempts fail on the primary and backup phone line, the panel continues to attempt sending the message using the next programmed path.

### 6.5.3.1 Advanced Tab

Configure the following advanced settings according to your communication path type defined in the Path tab.

# **Configure Details**

#### None

**Send Comm Trouble**: Determines if communication trouble on the path is sent to the receiver. A trouble message indicates both the path number and communication type that failed. Default is **Yes**.

#### Digital Dialer

**Send Comm Trouble**: Determines whether communication trouble on the path is sent to the receiver. A trouble message indicates both the path number and communication type that failed. Default is **Yes**.

**Send Path Information:** If communication troubles are sent, determines whether the path information such as path number, communication type, and path type are appended to the message. Default is **No**.

#### Network

**Retry Seconds:** Enter the number of seconds the panel should wait before retrying to send a message to the receiver if an acknowledgment was not received. The panel retries as many times as possible for a period of one minute before sending a network trouble message. Range is 6-15 seconds.

**Substitution Code:** Increases the level of security by helping to ensure that the panel sending the message to the receiver has not been substituted by another panel. To send a substitution code with every message, select **Yes.** To use the same substitution code as operating in the previous path, select **Shared**. To prevent substitution codes from being sent, select **No**. The default is **No**.

**Send Comm Trouble**: Determines if communication trouble on the path is sent to the receiver. A trouble message indicates both the path number and communication type that failed. Default is **Yes**.

**Send Path Information:** If communication troubles are sent, determines whether the path information such as path number, communication type, and path type are appended to the message. Default is **No**.

Protocol: Determines the protocol for communication. Select TCP or UDP. Default is TCP.

#### Contact ID

**Send Comm Trouble:** Determines if communication trouble on the path is sent to the receiver. A trouble message indicates both the path number and communication type that failed. Default is **Yes**.

**893A**: Allows reports to be sent to the receiver on a second DD line using the 893A module. If enabled, Test Report messages are sent to the receiver at the frequency configured in **Test Frequency** on the **Path** tab, alternating between the first and second phone line.

**Second Line Prefix**: If **893A** is enabled, enter a 3-digit prefix to be dialed before the second phone number. If no prefix is entered, the second phone number is dialed as originally entered.

Alarm Switchover: Enter the number of attempts to send an alarm message before switching to the next path. All non-alarm messages are sent for 10 attempts on the dialer before a switch is initiated. If the path immediately following this channel is not a backup path, this option has no effect. Range is 1-10 attempts. Default is 1.

#### Cellular Network

**Substitution Code:** Increases the level of security by helping to ensure that the panel sending the message to the receiver has not been substituted by another panel. To send a substitution code with every message, select **Yes.** To use the same substitution code as operating in the previous path, select **Shared.** To prevent substitution codes from being sent, select **No.** The default is **No.** 

**First GPRS APN:** Enter the first APN (Access Point Name). This allows an access point for cellular communication and is used to connect to a DNS network. The APN may contain two lines of 16 characters to equal 32 characters. Default is **SECURECOM400**.

Note: This option is not used when CDMA modems are used for communication.

**Send Communication Trouble:** Determines if communication trouble on the path is sent to the receiver. A trouble message indicates both the path number and communication type that failed. Default is **Yes**.

**Send Path Information:** If communication troubles are sent, determines whether the path information such as path number, communication type, and path type are appended to the message. Default is **No**.

#### Wi-Fi

**Retry Seconds:** Enter the number of seconds the panel should wait before retrying to send a message to the receiver if an acknowledgment was not received. The panel retries as many times as possible for a period of one minute before sending a network trouble message. Range is 6-15 seconds.

**Substitution Code:** Increases the level of security by helping to ensure that the panel sending the message to the receiver has not been substituted by another panel. To send a substitution code with every message, select **Yes.** To use the same substitution code as operating in the previous path, select **Shared.** To prevent substitution codes from being sent, select **No.** The default is **No.** 

**Send Comm Trouble**: Determines if communication trouble on the path is sent to the receiver. A trouble message indicates both the path number and communication type that failed. Default is **Yes**.

**Send Path Information:** If communication troubles are sent, determines whether the path information such as path number, communication type, and path type are appended to the message. Default is **No**.

Protocol: Determines the protocol for communication. Select TCP or UDP. Default is TCP.

### RS232 (XR100/XR00 only)

**Retry Seconds:** Enter the number of seconds the panel should wait before retrying to send a message to the receiver if an acknowledgment was not received. The panel retries as many times as possible for a period of one minute before sending a network trouble message. Range is 6-15 seconds.

**Substitution Code:** Increases the level of security by helping to ensure that the panel sending the message to the receiver has not been substituted by another panel. To send a substitution code with every message, select **Yes.** To use the same substitution code as operating in the previous path, select **Shared**. To prevent substitution codes from being sent, select **No**. The default is **No**.

**232 Port**: If using the panel's onboard RS232 connection, select **Onboard**. If using a Model 461 Adapter Card, select the appropriate port. If using a 462N Network Interface Card, select **Port A**. Reset the panel to initiate communication over RS232.

**232 Setup String**: Enter the destination address. The setup string can contain a maximum of 32 characters. For example, an address including an IP and port number is entered as **AT#UC192.168.000.001#2001**.

**Send Comm Trouble:** Determines if communication trouble on the path is sent to the receiver. A trouble message indicates both the path number and communication type that failed. Default is **Yes**.

**Send Path Information:** If communication troubles are sent, determines whether the path information such as path number, communication type, and path type are appended to the message. Default is **No**.

# **Configure Reports**

#### Alarm

This option is available for primary path types. All backup paths within the group follow the same programming. Default is **Yes**.

When Yes is selected, the following reports are sent for all zone types:

- Alarm
- Bypass
- Reset
- Restore

When Fire is selected, the following reports are sent for Fire, Fire Verify and Supervisory Zones:

- Alarm
- Bypass
- Reset
- Restore

#### Supv/Trouble Reports (Supervisory and Trouble)

This option is available for primary path types. All backup paths within the group follow the same programming. Default is **Yes**.

Note: Serviceman reports are sent regardless of the selection made.

When Yes is selected, the following reports are sent for all zone types:

- Trouble
- Low Battery

- Missing
- Fault
- Restorals
- System Troubles
- System Restoral

When Fire is selected, the following reports are sent for Fire, Fire Verify and Supervisory Zones:

- Trouble
- Low Battery
- Missing
- Fault
- Restorals
- System Troubles
- System Restoral

### O/C\_User Reports (Opening, Closing, and User)

This option is available for primary path types. All backup paths within the group follow the same programming. Default is **Yes**.

When Yes is selected, the following reports are sent for all zone types:

- Opening
- Code changes
- Closing
- Schedule changes
- Bypass
- Holiday date changes
- Reset

#### Door Access

This option is available for primary path types. All backup paths within the group follow the same programming. Default is **Deny**.

To enable both Door Access Granted and Door Access Denied reports, select **Yes**. To enable Door Access Denied reports, select **Deny**. To disable Door Access reports, select **No**.

**Note:** Door Access Granted reports are only sent if the keypad number has also been selected in Access Keypads in the **SYSTEM REPORTS** menu.

#### Panic Test (Network only)

To enable Panic Test reports, select Yes. To disable Panic Test reports, select No. Default is No.

# 6.5.4 Network Options

To program network options, go to Program > Network Options. After configuring relevant settings, select OK.

# **Configure Options**

- To enable DHCP, select DHCP. To enter network options manually, clear DHCP.
   Note: When using a hardwired connection on XR panels, users can program the specific DNS the panel should use even when DHCP is enabled.
- 2. In Local IP Address. enter the local IP of the panel with periods. Default is 192.168.0.250.
- 3. In Gateway Address, enter the panel gateway address with periods. Default is 192.168.0.1.
- 4. In Subnet Mask, enter the panel subnet mask with periods. Default is 255.255.255.0.
- 5. In **DNS Server**, enter the address of the DNS (Domain Name System) used by the panel to resolve domain names into IP addresses. Default is **192.168.0.1**.
- 6. In Passphrase, enter the passphrase for encrypted network communication with the receiver. If you leave the Passphrase blank, the panel communicates with the receiver, but the data is not encrypted. Range is 8-16 alphanumeric characters. Default is blank.
  - **Caution:** Do not lose the passphrase. A lost or forgotten passphrase requires that the panel and every line card at the receiver be individually reprogrammed with a new passphrase.
- 7. In **734N Listen Port**, enter the port number that the 734N/734N-POE will use to send communication to the panel. This must be the same port that is programmed in Panel IP Port within the 734N/734N-POE Communication programming menu.
  - Note: The 734N Listen Port cannot be the same as the panel network programming port.
- 8. In **734N Passphrase**, enter a passphrase to encrypt communication with the 734N/734N-POE module. This passphrase must match the one in communication programming of the 734N. Range is 8-16 alphanumeric characters. Default is blank.

Note: A passphrase is required for operation.

# Configure Wi-Fi Settings (Wi-Fi only)

- 1. In SSID, enter the name of the wireless network.
- 2. In Security, select WEP, WPA, or None. When possible, use WPA for wireless communication.
- 3. In **Passphrase**, enter the network password.

#### Enable IPv6

To enable IPv6, select **DHCP**, then select **IPv6**. IPv6 information is automatically populated when connected to a panel.

# 6.5.5 Messaging Setup

Messaging Setup allows you to configure information for sending SMS messages between the panel and mobile devices.

Note: Messaging setup is only shown for panels that have firmware version 202 and lower.

- 1. Go to Program > Messaging Setup.
- 2. To enable SMS messaging, select Enable Messaging.
- 3. In **System Name**, enter a name to be used as the sender of the message. If this field is blank, the panel account number is sent.
- 4. In **Destination**, enter a mobile device number in each destination field. In the accompanying destination **User Num** field, enter the user number for the account.
- 5. To allow the panel to send opening and closing messages over SMS, select SMS O/C.
- 6. In **Monthly Limit**, enter the limit of your rate plan. A monthly limit of 0 (zero) is unlimited. Range is 0-999. Default is **0**.

# 6.5.6 Device Setup

When programming devices, consult the <u>Quick Programming Reference</u> as needed. To add a device, complete the following steps.

- 1. Go to Program > Device Setup > Path and select New.
- 2. In Device Number, enter the device's number. Range for keypad, fire, and expander devices is 1-16 for XR550 Series and 1-8 for all other panel series. Range for doors is 1-16 and 501-961 for XR550 Series and 1-8 for all other panel series. Valid V-Plex device numbers are 501, 601, 701, 801, and 901. On XR150 panels, device 501 is reserved for a V-Plex device. Range for 1100T is 2-16 for XR Series panels or 2-8 for all other compatible panels.
- 3. In Name, enter a name for the device.
- 4. In Device Type, select one of the following types:
  - o Door (DOOR)
  - o Fire (FI)
  - Keypad (KPD)
  - Zone Expander (EXP)
  - 1100T Wireless Translator (TLR)
  - Vplex PL-500 (VPX)
- 5. In Device Communication Type, select Keypad Bus, AX-Bus, Network, or Wireless.
- 6. For wireless devices, enter the device Serial Number and select a Supervision Time.
- 7. For 1100T Wireless Translators, select an 1100T Frequency:
  - o HWL (345 MHz) (Honeywell 5800)
  - o 2GIG (345 MHz) (2GIG)
  - o INT (319.5 MHz) (Interlogix)
  - o DSC (433 MHz) (DSC)
- 8. Configure additional options as needed.
- 9. If necessary, enter a description for the device installation.
- 10. To configure 734 options for doors, go to the **734 Options** tab. To configure card formats, select **Card Formats**.
- 11. Select **Apply**. Repeat steps 1-10 to add more devices as needed.
- 12. Select OK.

# 6.5.7 Z-Wave Setup

To view, rename, backup, and restore Z-Wave devices, go to **Program > Z-Wave Setup**.

If your panel has existing devices programmed, they will be displayed here after the panel has been retrieved. Device types include Lights, Locks, Thermostats, Controllers or Other. If the retrieved device is not a Light, Lock, Thermostat or Controller, they will be displayed as Other.

The device name may be edited. To edit a device, open the tab for the device type, select the text in **Name**, rename the device, then select **Apply**.

System Link can store a copy of all Z-Wave programming in case there is a data loss at the panel or an associated 738Z Z-Wave Interface module. This allows programming to be sent back to the panel or the 738Z if either is damaged. You can back up Z-Wave settings by selecting **Backup**. If a backup exists, restore the device from backup by selecting **Restore**.

# 6.5.8 Favorites

**Note:** Z-Wave devices must be added to the panel and then retrieved using System Link before they can be added to a Favorite.

To add a favorite, complete the following steps.

- 1. Go to Program > Favorites.
- 2. In Number, enter a number for the Favorite.
- 3. In Name, enter a name for the Favorite.
- 4. In the Z-Wave section, select Add.
- 5. Open the tab of the device for the favorite, then select the specific device from **Device**.
- 6. Select actions for the Favorite.
- 7. Select **Apply**. Repeat steps 1-7 to add more favorites as needed.
- 8. Select OK.

# 6.5.9 Remote Options

The Remote Options window allows you to enter the information needed for connecting to the panel with System Link, Dealer Admin, Tech APP, and Virtual Keypad.

- 1. Go to Program > Remote Options > Standard.
- 2. In **Remote Key**, enter the remote key programmed in the panel. The remote key is required for connection to System Link.
- 3. To allow users to disarm the system from Virtual Keypad, select Remote Disarm.
- 4. In the **Dialer**, **Network**, **Cellular**, and **RS232** sections, configure settings as needed for the panel connection type. For field descriptions, refer to "Standard Fields Reference".
- 5. To allow users to connect to the panel with Virtual Keypad, enter your app key in App Key.
- 6. In Send Local Changes, select one of the following options:
  - o None: Does not allow the panel to automatically update remote programming workstations.
  - o NET: Allows the panel to update remote programming workstations over network.
  - o **DD**: Allows the panel to update remote programming workstations over dialer.
- 7. In Remote Change IP, enter the IP address for the workstation to send changes for NET.
- 8. In Remote Change Port, enter the port for the workstation to send changes for NET.
- 9. In  $\ensuremath{\textbf{Remote Phone Number}}$  , enter the phone number to send changes to for DD.

Standard Fields Reference

#### Dialer

10. Select OK.

- Armed Answer Rings: Enter the number of times to allow the phone line to ring before it answers when all areas of the system are armed. Range is 0-15. Default is 8. If 0 (zero) is entered, the panel does not answer the phone when all system areas are armed.
- **Disarmed Answer Rings**: Enter the number of times to allow the phone line to ring before it answers when any areas of the system are disarmed. Range is 0-15. Default is **8**. If 0 (zero) is entered, the panel does not answer the phone when any system areas are disarmed.
- PC Modem: Allows panel dialer connection for remote programming at 2400 baud. Enable this option to allow communication through an SCS-105.
- Alarm Receiver: Select Yes to enable the panel to accept remote commands and programming from the alarm receiver. If you select No, the panel will not accept remote commands and programming from the alarm receiver.
- Service Receiver: Select Yes to enable the panel to accept remote commands and programming from a secondary service receiver other than the alarm receiver. This option must be Yes to allow programming from a directly connected computer using System Link. If you select No, the panel will not accept remote commands and programming from a secondary service receiver.

#### Network

- Allow Network Remote: Allow remote programming over network connection.
- Encrypt Network Remote: Encrypt data sent over network.

• Network Programming Port: Enter the panel port. Default is 2001.

#### Cellular

- Allow Cell Remote: Allow remote programming over cellular connection.
- Encrypt Cell Remote: Encrypt data sent over cell.
- First GPRS APN: Enter the first APN (Access Point Name). This allows an access point for cellular communication and is used to connect to a DNS network. Default is SECURECOM400.

#### RS232

• Allow RS-232 Remote: Enable to allow remote programming over the onboard RS-232 port. Default is enabled.

#### 6.5.9.1 Entre

For connection to Entré, configure the following settings as needed.

**Entré Connection**: Select the connection type.

Entré IPv6: Select this option to enable IPv6.

**Entré Incoming TCP Port**: Enter the port number for the incoming Entré connection. The port identifies the port used to communicate with the Entré software. Default is **2011**.

Entré IP: Enter the Entré IP address where the panel sends network messages. Default is 0.0.0.0.

Entré IPv6 Address: Enter the Entré IPv6 address where the panel sends network messages. Default is 0:0:0:0:0:0:0.

**Entré Outbound TCP Port:** Enter the port number for the outbound Entré connection. The port identifies the port used to communicate messages to the Entré software. Default is **2001**.

Entré Backup Connection: Select a backup connection type.

**Entré Backup IP**: Enter the backup Entré IP address where the panel sends network messages. Default is **0.0.0.0**.

Entré Backup IPv6: Enter the backup Entré IPv6 address where the panel sends network messages. Default is 0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0.

**Entré Backup TCP Port**: Enter the backup port number for the outbound Entré connection. The port identifies the port used to communicate messages to the Entré software. Default is **2001**.

**Entré Arm/Disarm Reports:** Sends arming, disarming and Late to Close events. Includes the area number, name and action, the user number and name, and the time and date the event occurred.

**Entré Zone Reports:** Sends changes in the status of active zones. Includes the zone number, name, type, the action (alarm, trouble, bypass, etc.), user number (if applicable), and area name. For a Walk Test, Verify and Fail messages are sent for each zone.

Entré User Command Reports: Sends user code changes, schedule changes, and door access denied events.

**Entré Door Access Reports**: Sends door access activity: door number, user number and name, and time and date the event occurred.

**Entré Supervisory Reports**: Sends system monitor reports, such as AC and battery, and system event reports. If this feature is enabled, the panel also sends Abort, Exit Error, Ambush, System Recently Armed, Alarm Bell Silenced, Unauthorized Entry, and Late to Close reports.

Entré Check-In Minutes: Select the rate at which check-in messages are sent over the Entré connection. Select

0 (zero) to disable check in messages. Range is 0, 3-240 minutes. Default is 0.

**Entré Passphrase**: To enable encryption, enter the alphanumeric Entré passphrase. If you leave the passphrase blank, the panel communicates with Entré, but the data is not encrypted. Default is blank.

### 6.5.9.2 Integrator Path

For connection to an integrator path, configure the following settings as needed.

Connection: Select the connection type.

**Incoming TCP Port:** Enter the port number for the incoming connection. The port identifies the port used to communicate with the integrator software. Default is **2011**.

Integrator IP: Enter the IP address where the panel sends network messages. Default is 0.0.0.0.

**Outbound TCP Port:** Enter the port number for the outbound integrator connection. The port identifies the port used to communicate messages to the integrator. Default is **2001**.

Backup Connection: Select a backup connection type.

Backup IP: Enter the backup IP address where the panel sends network messages. Default is 0.0.0.0.

**Backup TCP Port**: Enter the backup port number for the outbound connection. The port identifies the port used to communicate messages to the software. Default is **2001**.

**Arm/Disarm Reports:** Sends arming, disarming and Late to Close events. Includes the area number, name and action, the user number and name, and the time and date the event occurred.

**Zone Reports**: Sends changes in the status of active zones. Includes the zone number, name, type, the action (alarm, trouble, bypass, etc.), user number (if applicable), and area name. For a Walk Test, Verify and Fail messages are sent for each zone.

User Cmd Reports: Sends user code changes, schedule changes, and door access denied events.

**Door Access Reports:** Sends door access activity: door number, user number and name, and time and date the event occurred.

**Supervisory Reports:** Sends system monitor reports, such as AC and battery, and system event reports. If this feature is enabled, the panel also sends Abort, Exit Error, Ambush, System Recently Armed, Alarm Bell Silenced, Unauthorized Entry, and Late to Close reports.

**Check-In Minutes:** Select the rate at which check-in messages are sent over the connection. Select 0 (zero) to disable check in messages. Range is 0, 3-240 minutes. Default is **0**.

**Passphrase**: To enable encryption, enter the alphanumeric passphrase. If you leave the passphrase blank, the panel communicates with the integrator, but the data is not encrypted. Default is blank.

# 6.5.10 System Reports

The System Reports window allows you to select the reports the panel can send to the central station receiver. You can also enable keypad door access reports by device address and enable the panel Ambush code option. The options available in **System Reports** depend on the panel type and firmware version.

- 1. Go to Program > System Reports.
- 2. In **Zone Restorals**, select **Yes** to enable zone restoral reports, or **No** to disable zone restoral reports. To send zone restoral reports when a zone is disarmed, select **Disarm**.
- 3. In **Open / Close Enable**, select **Yes** to enable opening and closing reports. Select **No** to disable opening and closing reports.
- 4. In Access Keypad Enable, enter the keypad addresses that you want to include in access reports.
- 5. To send specific reports to the receiver, select the following reports as needed:
  - Abort Reports: Sent any time an area is disarmed after an alarm report has been sent and the bell cutoff time has not expired
  - o Bypass Reports: Sends all zone bypasses, resets, and force arm reports to the receiver
  - o Schedule Change Reports: Sends all schedule changes to the receiver
  - o Code Change Reports: Sends all code additions, changes, and deletions to the receiver
  - Ambush Reports: Sends an ambush report to the central station whenever user code number one is entered at a keypad
  - Send Stored Messages: If a panel loses communication with the receiver, it will store any messages that are not able to be sent while communication was down.
  - o Entry Check-In Protection: Enables the panel to send a check-in message when an Entry Delay begins.
- 6. In Late To Open, enter the number of minutes that the system can be disarmed after the scheduled opening time before a Late to Open message sent. Range is 0-240 minutes
- 7. In **Early To Close**, enter the number of minutes that the system can be armed before the scheduled closing time. Range is 0-240 minutes
- 8. Select OK.

# 6.5.11 System Options

System Options allows you to program how the areas operate for arming and disarming.

- 1. Go to Program > System Options.
- 2. Program settings in Options, Miscellaneous Options, Languages, Time Change, Delays, Wireless, and Advanced Options as needed. Refer to "System Options Programming Reference" for details.
- 3. Select OK.

# 6.5.11.1 System Options Programming Reference

The following reference provides basic descriptions of each field in **System Options**. Configure each setting as needed.

### **Options**

#### System Arming Type (XR, XT, XTL)

- Area: All areas are programmed and controlled independently
- All/Perimeter: Areas are divided into perimeter and interior
- Home/Sleep/Away: Areas are divided into Home (perimeter), Sleep (perimeter and interior non-bedroom areas), and Away (all areas)
- HSA with Guest: Areas are divided into one main Home/Sleep/Away system and two guest Home/Sleep/ Away systems

#### Instant Arm (XR)

- Enabled: Ignore arming delays, arm instantly
- Disabled: Arming delays are unaffected

#### Closing Wait (XR)

- Enabled: Wait for acknowledgment from receiver and perform bell test (if enabled) before arming
- Disabled: Arm without waiting for acknowledgment

#### Closing Code (XT, XTL)

- Enabled: A code is required to arm the system
- Disabled: A code is not required to arm the system

#### Closing Check (XT, XTL)

- Enabled: Panel verifies that all areas are armed after a scheduled closing time passes
- Disabled: Panel does not verify that all areas are armed after a scheduled closing time passes

#### Reset Swinger Bypass (XR, XT, XTL, Com)

- Enabled: An automatically bypassed zone is reset if it remains in normal condition for one hour after bypass
- Disabled: An automatically bypassed zone is not reset based on condition and time elapsed

#### Time Display (XT, XTL)

- Enabled: Keypads display the time and day in the status list
- Disabled: Keypads do not display the time and day

#### Telephone Access (XT)

• Enabled: Allow DTMF telephones to arm, disarm, and check armed status

Disabled: Do not allow DTMF telephones to arm, disarm, and check armed status

#### Enable Keypad Panic Keys (XR, XT, XTL)

- Enabled: Allow keypad panic keys to send panic messages to central station receivers
- Disabled: Does not allow keypad panic keys to send panic messages to central station receivers

#### Enhanced Zone Test (XR)

- Enabled: Send verification messages and detailed zone information with walk, panic, and burglary tests
- Disabled: Send standard information during walk, panic, and burglary tests

#### Send 16 Character Names (XR)

- Enabled: Sends the first 16 characters of the name field to the central station
- Disabled: Send the exact number of characters in the name field to the central station

#### Use False Alarm Question (XR, XT, XTL)

- Enabled: Display the false alarm question on the keypad when a burglary alarm occurs
- Disabled: Display CANCEL VERIFY on the keypad when a burglary alarm occurs

#### Allow Own User Code Change (XR)

- · Enabled: Allow users without user code permissions to change only their own user code
- Disabled: Users without user code permissions cannot change their own user code

#### Panic Supervision (XR)

- Enabled: Allow 30-day supervision of 1144-1P-PSV
- Disabled: Does not allow 30-day supervision of 1144-1P-PSV. Use this setting if key fob is taken off site

#### Keypad Armed LED (XR)

- All: Requires all areas to be armed before keypad LED lights
- Any: Keypad LED lights when any area is armed

#### CID Message Format (Com)

- DMP: Sends messages to the central station in standard DMP format with any CID messages appended.
- CID: Sends messages to the central station in raw CID format.

# Miscellaneous Options

#### Swinger Bypass Trips (XR, XT, XTL, Com)

• Enter the number of times a zone can go into an alarm or trouble condition within one hour without being automatically bypassed. Range is 1-6. Default is 2

#### Bypass Limit (XR)

• Enter the maximum number of zones that can be bypassed in an area when the area is being armed. Range is 1-8. Entering 0 disables bypass limit. Default is 0

#### Weather Zip Code (XR, XT, XTL, Com)

• Enter the panel zip code to display weather on keypads. Entering 0 disables weather. Default is 0.

#### Keypad Input (Com)

- To enable ECP passthru, select ECP.
- To enable DSC passthru, select DSC.
- To disable passthru, select None. Default is None.

#### Occupied Premises (XR, XT, XTL)

Enabled: Allow the panel to automatically disarm potentially occupied (perimeter zone is not tripped during

the exit delay)

Disabled: Does not allow the panel to automatically disarm potentially occupied areas

### Languages

#### Primary Programming Language (XR)

Select the language displayed in the programming menu.

#### Secondary Programming Language (XR)

• Select a secondary language option to display in programming. Allows installers to choose between two languages. **None** disables secondary programming language

#### Primary User Language (XR)

· Select the language displayed in the user menu

#### Secondary User Language (XR)

• Select a secondary language option to display in the user menu. Allows users to choose between two languages. **None** disables secondary programming language

### Time Change

#### Hours from GMT (XR, XT, XTL, Com)

• Enter the number of the panel time zone. Range is 0-23. Default is **6**. For more information, refer to "Time Zone Table"

### **Delays**

#### Zone Activity Hours (XR, XT, XTL)

• Enter the number of hours for the system to check for zone inactivity. Range is 0-9 hours. Entering 0 disables this feature. Default is 0 hours

#### Arm/Disarm Activity Days (XT, XTL)

• Enter a number of days a countdown timer is set for area arming and disarming activity. Range is 0-99 days. Default is **0** days

#### Entry Delay (XR, XT, XTL, Com)

• Enter a number of seconds for all exit type zones to use when an exit zone is faulted. Range is 30-250 seconds. Default for Entry Delay 1 is 30 seconds. Default for Entry Delay 2 is 60 seconds. Default for Entry Delay 3 is 90 seconds. Default for Entry Delay 4 is 120 seconds.

#### Exit Delay (XT, XTL, Com)

• Enter a number of seconds for an exit delay. Range is 45-250 seconds. Default is 60 seconds.

#### Cross Zone Time (XR, XT, XTL, Com)

• Enter a number of seconds allowed between zone faults. Range is 4-250 seconds. Entering 0 disables this feature. Default is 4 seconds.

#### Zone Retard Delay (XR)

• Enter a number of seconds for a retard time assign to Fire, Supervisory, Auxiliary, Arming, and Panic zones. Range is 1-250 seconds. Entering 0 disables this feature. Default is **10** seconds.

#### Power Fail Delay (XR, XT, XTL, Com)

• Enter a number of hours that power should be disconnected before sending a power failure message to the

receiver. Range is 1-15 hours. Entering 0 sends power failure reports in 15 seconds. Default is 1 hour

#### Wireless

#### Wireless House Code (XR, XT, XTL)

• Enter a house code that allows the panel and peripheral wireless devices to identify each other. Ensure that buildings in close proximity are not programmed with the same house code. Range is 1-50. Entering 0 disables this feature. Default is 0.

#### Use Built-In 1100 (XT)

- Enabled: Allows use of the onboard module for wireless communication
- Disabled: Does not allow the use of the onboard module for wireless communication

#### Detect Wireless Jamming (XR, XT, XTL)

- Enabled: The system monitors wireless signals for jamming
- Disabled: The system does not monitor wireless signals for jamming

#### Trouble Audibles (XR, XT, XTL)

- Any: Allows annunciation any time for wireless low battery and missing messages
- Day: Allows annunciation for wireless low battery and missing messages only between the hours of 9 AM and 9
   PM
- Min: Allows annunciation for wireless low battery and missing messages only for Fire and Fire Verify zones between the hours of 9 AM and 9 PM

#### 1100 Wireless Encryption (XR, XT)

- None: Does not allow encryption
- Both: Allows encryption only for selected wireless devices
- All: Allows encryption for all wireless devices

#### 1100 Passphrase (XR, XT)

 Enter a passphrase for wireless communication that sets the panel encryption key. Passphrase must be an 8digit hexadecimal string

# **Advanced Options**

#### Latched Supervisory (XR)

- Enabled: Allows latching supervisory zone alarms on the keypad display until a sensor reset is performed
- Disabled: Does not allow latching supervisory zones

#### 6.5.11.2 Time Zone Table

GM T	City/Time Zone
0	London, Monrovia, Lisbon, Dublin, Casablanca, Edinburgh
1	Cape Verde Island, Azores

2	Mid-Atlantic, Fernando de Noronha					
3	Buenos Aires, Georgetown, Brasilia, Rio de Janeiro					
4	Atlantic Time (Canada), Caracas, La Paz, Santiago, Puerto Rico*, Virgin Islands*					
5	Eastern Time (US, Canada), Bogota, Lima, Arequipa, Puerto Rico*, Virgin Islands*					
6	Central Time (US, Canada), Mexico City, Saskatchewan, Cancun					
7	Mountain Time (US, Canada), Edmonton, Arizona*					
8	Pacific Time (US, Canada), Tijuana, Arizona*					
9	Alaska					
10	Hawaii*					
11	Midway Island, American Samoa*, Hawaii*					
12	Fiji, Marshall Island, Wellington, Auckland, Kwajalein, Kamchatka					
13	Guam*, New Caledonia					
14	Guam*, Sydney					
15	Tokyo, Seoul					
16	Hong Kong, Singapore					
17	Bangkok, Hanoi					
18	Dhaka, Almaty					
19	Islamabad, Karachi					
20	Abu Dhabi, Kazan, Dubai, Cairo					
21	Moscow, Bagdad					
22	Eastern Europe, Cape Town, Bangui					
23	Rome, Paris, Berlin					
	* Arizona, Hawaii, American Samoa, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands do not observe Daylight Savings Time.					

# 6.5.12 Bell Options

The Bell Options window allows you to specify what type of alarm output the panel initiates for different types of alarms.

- 1. Go to Program > Bell Options.
- 2. Available actions include: **Steady**, **Pulse**, and **Temporal 3**, **Temporal 4**, and **None**. Selecting **None** for an alarm event will cause no alarm to sound for the specified type of alarm. Select actions as needed in each of the following options:
  - Fire Bell Action
  - Burglary Bell Action
  - Supervisory Bell Action
  - o Panic Bell Action
  - o Emergency Bell Action
  - o Aux 1 Bell Action
  - Aux 2 Bell Action
  - Carbon Monoxide Action
- 3. In **Bell Cutoff Time**, enter the maximum number of minutes for the bell output to remain on. Range is 1-99 minutes. Default is **15** minutes.
- 4. To enable an automatic 2 second bell test each time an area is completely armed from a keypad, select **Automatic Bell Test.**
- 5. In **Bell Output**, enter the output number to follow the panel bell output operation for all actions and off conditions. To disable the output, enter 0. Default is **0**.
  - **Note:** Bell Output should not be programmed for a Model 1135/1135DB Wireless Siren when programmed in **Output Information** with **Trip with Panel Bell** enabled.

# 6.5.13 Output Options

Output Options allows you to assign individual outputs to activate for various events.

- 1. Go to Program > Output Options.
- 2. Program settings in **Options**, **Energy Saving**, and **Outputs** as needed. Refer to "Output Options Programming Reference" for details.
- 3. Select OK.

# 6.5.13.1 Output Options Programming Reference

The following reference provides basic descriptions of each field in **Output Options**. Configure each setting as needed.

### **Options**

Cutoff Outputs (XR, XT, Com)

• Enter outputs to turn off after the cutoff time. Range is 1-6

Cutoff Time Minutes (XR, XT, Com)

• Enter a number of minutes for outputs to remain on. Range is 1-99 minutes. Entering 0 results in continuous output. Default is 0 minutes

# **Energy Saving**

Heat Saver Temperature (XR, XT, XTL, Com)

• Enter a temperature for Z-Wave thermostat (heating) when the system is armed All or Away. Range is 1-99 degrees. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is **0** 

Cool Saver Temperature (XR, XT, XTL, Com)

• Enter a temperature for Z-Wave thermostat (cooling) when the system is armed All or Away. Range is 1-99 degrees. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is 0

# Outputs

Communication Fail Output (XR, XT, XTL, Com)

- Enter the output to turn on when communication fails. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is 0 Fire Alarm Output (XR, XT, XTL)
- Enter the output to turn on when a fire zone goes into alarm. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is 0 Fire Trouble Output (XR, XT)
- Enter the output to turn on when a fire zone reports trouble. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is 0 Panic Alarm Output (XR, XT, XTL)
- Enter the output to turn on when a panic zone goes into alarm. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is 0 Ambush Output (XR, XT)
- Enter the output to turn on when an ambush code is entered at the keypad. Enter 0 to disable this feature.

  Default is 0

Entry Output (XR, XT, XTL)

Enter the output to turn on at the start of the entry delay time. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is 0

#### Begin Exit Output (XR, XT, XTL)

- Enter the output to turn on at the start of the exit delay time. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is 0 End Exit Output (XR, XT, XTL)
- Enter the output to turn on when an exit delay ends. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is 0 Ready Output (XR, XT, XTL)
- Enter the output to turn on when all disarmed burglary zones are in a normal state. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is **0**

#### Phone Trouble Output (XR)

- Enter the output to turn on when phone trouble is reported. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is 0 Late to Close Output (XR, XT)
- Enter the output to turn on when a closing schedule expires. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is 0 Device Fail Output (XR)
- Enter the output to turn on when a device fails to respond to the panel. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is **0**

#### Armed Output (XT, XTL, Com)

- Enter the output to turn on when the system is armed. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is 0 Remote Arming Output (Com)
- Enter the output to turn on when the system is armed from Virtual Keypad. Enter 0 to disable this feature.

  Default is 0

#### Sensor Reset Output (XR)

- Enter the output to turn on when a sensor reset is performed. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is 0 Closing Wait Output (XR)
- Enter the output to turn on when closing wait is initiated. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is 0 Disarmed Output (XR, XT, XTL)
- Enter the output to turn on when the system is disarmed. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is 0 Burglary Output (XT, XTL)
- Enter the output to turn on when a burglary zone goes into alarm. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is 0 Arm-Alarm Output (XR, XT, XTL)
- Enter the output to turn on when the system is armed. If the system goes into alarm, the output pulses. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is **0**

#### Supervisory Alarm Output (XR)

• Enter the output to turn on when a supervisory zone goes into alarm. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is **0** 

#### Home/Perimeter Output (XR, XT)

• Enter the output to turn on when a system is armed Home or Perimeter. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is **0** 

#### All/Away Output (XR, XT)

- Enter the output to turn on when a system is armed All or Away. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is 0 Sleep Output (XR, XT)
- Enter the output to turn on when a system is armed Sleep. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is 0 Carbon Monoxide Output (XR, XT)
- Enter the output to turn on when a carbon monoxide detector goes into alarm. Enter 0 to disable this feature.

#### Default is 0

### Lockdown Output (XR)

- Enter the output to turn on when a lockdown is initiated. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is 0 Zone Monitor Output (XR, XT)
- Enter the output to turn on when a zone monitor tone is activated on a keypad. Enter 0 to disable this feature. Default is **0**

# 6.5.14 Output Information

When programming outputs, consult the  $\underline{\text{Quick Programming Reference}}$  as needed. To add output information, complete the following steps.

- 1. Go to Program > Output Information and select New.
- 2. In Output Number, enter the number of the output according the panel model.
- 3. In Output Name, name the output.
- 4. To enable Real-time status for the output, select Real-time Status.
- 5. If necessary, add a description of the output information.
- 6. Select Apply. Repeat steps 1-6 to add more outputs as needed.
- 7. Select OK.

# 6.5.15 Output Groups

This function allows you to group outputs to turn an entire group of outputs on and off together. You may assign output groups to areas of programming, such as Output Options, the same way that you assign single outputs. To add output groups, complete the following steps.

- 1. Go to Program > Output Groups. Select New.
- 2. In **Output Group Number**, enter the number of the output group. Range is 1-20.
- 3. In **Output Group Name**, enter a name for the output group.
- 4. In each **Output Number** field, enter the number of the outputs that you want to assign to a group separated by commas. Max is 8 outputs.
- 5. If necessary, add a description about each output group.
- 6. Select Apply. Repeat steps 1-6 to add more output groups as needed.
- 7. Select OK.

# 6.5.16 Menu Display

**Menu Display** allows you to select which keypad addresses display Armed Area status, Time, and Arm/Disarm status.

- 1. Go to Program > Menu Display.
- 2. In **Armed Area Status Display**, enter the keypad addresses that can display the armed areas for their partitions. For example, if address 1 is enabled here, it can display the armed areas within its partition.
- 3. In Time Display, enter the keypad addresses that can display the time and day of the week.
- 4. In Arm Disarm Display, enter the keypad addresses from which users can arm and disarm the system.
- 5. Select OK.

## 6.5.17 Status List

To configure the status list, complete the following steps.

- 1. Go to Program > Status List.
- 2. Enter the addresses of keypads to display each status as needed. For details, refer to "Status List Programming Reference".
- 3. Select OK.

# Status List Programming Reference

The following reference provides basic descriptions of each field in **Status List**. Configure each setting as needed.

#### **System Trouble Status Monitors**

• Enter the addresses of keypads that must display system troubles. This includes AC power, low battery, closing check, panel box tamper, phone line troubles, and wireless troubles. Range is 1-16. Default is 1-16.

#### Fire Zone Keypads

• Enter the addresses of keypads that must display fire zone alarms and troubles. Range is 1-16. Default is 1-16

#### Carbon Monoxide Zone Keypads

• Enter the addresses of keypads that must display carbon monoxide zone alarms and troubles. Range is 1-16. Default is 1-16.

#### **Burglary Zone Keypads**

• Enter the addresses of keypads that must display burglary zone alarms and troubles. Range is 1-16. Default is 1-16.

#### **Supervisory Zone Keypads**

• Enter the addresses of keypads that must display supervisory zone alarms and troubles. Range is 1-16. Default is 1-16.

#### Panic Zone Keypads

• Enter the addresses of keypads that must display panic zone alarms and troubles. Range is 1-16. Default is blank.

#### **Emergency Zone Keypads**

• Enter the addresses of keypads that must display emergency zone alarms and troubles. Range is 1-16. Default is blank.

#### Auxiliary 1 Zone Keypads

• Enter the addresses of keypads that must display auxiliary 1 zone alarms and troubles. Range is 1-16. Default is blank.

### Auxiliary 2 Zone Keypads

• Enter the addresses of keypads that must display auxiliary 2 zone alarms and troubles. Range is 1-16. Default is blank.

#### Comm Path Trouble

- · Yes: Display communication trouble on keypads when any communication path fails
- No: Does not display communication trouble on keypads when any communication path fails
- All: Displays communication trouble on keypads when all communication paths collectively fail

# 6.5.18 PC Log Reports

**PC Log Reports** allows you to configure the types of reports that are sent from a panel to a workstation over network.

- 1. Go to Program > PC Log Reports.
- Configure Options and Net Options as needed. For details, refer to "PC Log Reports Programming Reference".
- 3. Select OK.

# PC Log Reports Programming Reference

The following reference provides basic descriptions of each field in **PC Log Reports**. Configure each setting as needed.

### **Options**

#### **Arm/Disarm Reports**

- Enabled: Sends arming, disarming, and late to close events
- Disabled: Does not send arming, disarming, or late to close events

#### **Zone Reports**

- Enabled: Sends zone status changes
- Disabled: Does not send zone status changes

#### **User Command Reports**

- · Enabled: Sends user code changes, schedules changes, and door access denied events
- Disabled: Does not send user code changes, schedule changes, or door access denied events

#### **Door Access Reports**

- Enabled: Sends door access events
- Disabled: Does not send door access events

### **Supervisory Reports**

- Enabled: Sends system monitor reports along with abort, exit error, system recently armed, late to close, ambush, alarm bell silenced, and unauthorized entry events
- Disabled: Does not send system monitor and supervisory events

#### **Real-time Status Reports**

- Enabled: Sends real-time status events for zones, doors, and outputs
- Disabled: Does not send real-time status events

### **Net Options**

#### **Net IP Address**

• Enter the local IP of the workstation that receives panel reports separated by periods. Default is 0.0.0.0.

### Net Port

Enter the port of the workstation that receives panel reports. Default is 2001.

### 6.5.19 Area Information

When programming area information, refer to device installation and panel programming guides as needed. To add area information, complete the following steps.

- 1. Go to Program > Area Information and select New.
- 2. Configure settings in Global Settings and standard area information as needed. For details, refer to "Area Information Programming Reference" in this article.
- 3. Select Apply. Repeat steps 1-3 to add more areas as needed.
- 4. Select OK.

### Area Information Programming Reference

The following reference provides basic descriptions of each field in **Area Information**. Configure each setting as needed.

### Global Settings

Global settings apply to all system areas.

#### Exit Delay (XR)

• Enter the number of seconds for the global exit delay. Range is 30-250. Default is 60 seconds.

#### Early Morning Ambush (XR)

• Enter the number of minutes before a silent alarm is sent to the central station. Range is 1-15 minutes. Entering 0 disables this feature. Default is 0 seconds

#### Closing Check (XR)

- Enabled: Panel verifies that all areas are armed after a scheduled closing time passes
- Disabled: Panel does not verify that all areas are armed after a scheduled closing time passes

#### Closing Code (XR)

- Enabled: A code is required to arm the system
- Disabled: A code is not required to arm the system

#### Any Bypass (XR)

- Enabled: Allows zones to be bypassed without a code during the arming sequence. A code is always required to use the Bypass Zones option from the User Menu on the keypad.
- Disabled: Does not allow zones to be bypassed without a code during the arming sequence.

### Area Schedules (XR)

- Enabled: Allows each area to follow individual sets of schedules
- Disabled: Allows one set of schedules for the system

#### **Area Information**

### Area (XR, XT, XTL, Com)

• Enter the number of the area to program.

#### Area Name (XR, XT, XTL, Com)

• Enter a name for the area. Max is 32 characters.

#### Account Number (XR)

• Enter the panel account number

#### Bad Zones (XR, XT, XTL, Com)

- Bypass: All bad zones are bypassed automatically
- Force Arm: All bad zones are force armed automatically
- Refuse Arm: No zones are armed until the zone is restored

#### Burglary Bell Output (XR)

Enter the output number that is turned on when a burglary zone goes into alarm. Entering 0 disabled this
feature. Default is 0

#### Armed Output (XR)

• Enter the output number that is turned on when the area is armed. Entering 0 disabled this feature. Default is 0

#### Late Output (XR)

• Enter the output number that is turned on when area late or closing time displays on the keypad. Entering 0 disabled this feature. Default is 0. Requires that Closing Check is enabled.

#### Late/Arm Delay (XR)

• Enter the number of minutes before an area is automatically rearmed after the area is disarmed outside a schedule. Range is 4-250 minutes. Default is **60** minutes

#### Dual Authority (XR)

- No: Disables Dual Authority
- Arm: Require two user code entries to arm this area
- Disarm: Require two user code entries to disarm this area
- All: Require two user code entries to arm or disarm this area

#### Open/Close Reports (XR)

- Enabled: Allows an opening/closing report to be sent to the receiver when this area is armed or disarmed
- Disabled: Does not allow opening/closing reports to be sent when this area is armed or disarmed

#### Auto Arming (XR, XT, XTL, Com)

- Enabled: Allow this area to arm automatically according to schedules
- Disabled: Does not allow this area to arm automatically

#### Auto Disarm (XR, XT, XTL, Com)

- Enabled: Allow this area to disarm automatically according to schedules
- Disabled: Does not allow this area to disarm automatically

### Bank Safe and Vault (XR)

- Enabled: Allow this area to only be disarmed during scheduled times
- Disabled: Does not allow Bank Safe and Vault

#### Common Area (XR)

- Enable: Allows this area to arm/disarm automatically when the last area is armed or disarmed
- Disable: Does not allow automatic arming/disarming of this area based on arming sequence

#### Arm First (XR)

- Enabled: Allow this area to arm automatically when other areas are armed
- Disabled: Does not automatically arm this area when other areas are armed

### Card Plus PIN (XR)

- Enabled: Require users to swipe a credential and enter a code before area access is granted
- Disabled: Do not require users to swipe a credential and enter a code before area access is granted **Description (XR, XT, XTL, Com)**
- If necessary, add a description for the area.

# 6.5.20 Zone Information

When programming zones, consult the <u>Quick Programming Reference</u> as needed. To add zone information, complete the following steps.

- 1. Go to Program > Zone Information and select New.
- Configure settings in the Standard, Action, Wireless / VPlex, and Advanced tabs as needed. For details, refer to "Zone Information Programming Reference".
- 3. Select **Apply**. Repeat steps 1-3 to add more zones as needed.
- 4. To save a zone as a template, select the zone from the table, enter a name **Zone Template**, then select **Save**.
- 5. Select OK.

## 6.5.20.1 Zone Information Programming Reference

The following reference provides basic descriptions of each field in **Zone Information**. Configure each setting as needed.

### Standard

#### Zone Number

Enter the zone number

#### Zone Name

• Enter a name for the zone

#### Type

- Blank (--): Customizable zone type
- Night (NT): Controlled instant zone for perimeter doors, windows, PIRs, and glassbreaks
- Instant (IN): Controlled instant zone for perimeter doors, windows, PIRs, and glassbreaks; also causes alarm if tripped during exit/entry delay
- Day (DY): For emergency doors or fire doors
- Exit (EX): Initiates the entry delay timer when area is armed
- Fire (FI): For any type of powered or mechanical fire detection device
- Panic (ON): For panic buttons or key fobs with panic
- Emergency (EM): For non-panic emergencies
- Supervisory (SV): Provides 24-hour zone supervision to devices associated with fire systems
- Auxiliary 1 (A1) and Auxiliary 2 (A2): Controlled instant zone for restricted zones within a protected area
- Fire Verify (FV): For verifying existence of a fire condition
- Arming (AR): For connecting a keyswitch to arm or disarm areas
- Carbon Monoxide (CO): For carbon monoxide detectors
- Doorbell (DB): For video or mechanical doorbells

#### Δrea

Select areas programmed in Area Information

#### Follow Area

Enter the number of an area to follow in exit or entry delay. Entering 0 disabled this feature. Default is 0

#### **Expander Serial Number**

· Enter the serial number if this is a zone expander

#### Armed Areas

• Enter the keypad addresses to display armed areas

#### Action

Configure the following messages, outputs, and output actions

- DO: Disarmed Open
- DS: Disarmed Short
- AO: Armed Open
- AS: Armed Short

#### Message

- None (-): No message is sent to receiver
- Alarm (A): Send an alarm report to the receiver and activate the bell output according to zone type
- Trouble (T): Send a trouble report to the receiver
- Local (L): Does not send an alarm to the receiver-local notification only
- **Door Propped Open** (D): Allow Entry Delay 4 to begin countdown without displaying on the keypad. If the door is not closed after the countdown has expired, a faulted zone report is sent to the receiver.
- Sensor Reset (S): When a zone state changes, the bell is silenced, a sensor reset is performed, and an alarm bell silenced message is sent to the receiver
- Cancel Ambush (C): Cancel the ambush timer and prevent an ambush message from being sent to the receiver

#### Output

• Enter the output number

#### **Output Action**

- None: No output action
- Pulse: Output alternates on one second and off one second
- **Steady:** Output turns on and remains on until the area is disarmed, an output cutoff expires, or the output is reset
- Momentary: Output turns on once for one second
- Follow: Output is turned on and remains on while the zone is in an off normal or bad condition. When the zone restores, the output is turned off

### Wireless / VPlex

#### Wireless

#### Wireless

- Enabled: Allows the zone to be programmed as a wireless zone
- Disabled: Does not allow the zone to be programmed as a wireless zone

#### **VPlex**

- Enabled: Allows the zone to be programmed as a V-Plex zone
- Disabled: Does not allow the zone to be programmed as a V-Plex zone

#### **Competitor Wireless**

- Enabled: Allows the zone to be programmed as a competitor wireless zone for the 1100T
- Disabled: Does not allow the zone to be programmed as a competitor wireless zone for the 1100T

### **DMP Wireless**

#### Serial Number

• Enter the serial number of the wireless device

#### Contact

- Internal: Used for devices with internal reed switch contacts
- External: Used for devices with wired external contacts

#### Normally Open

- Enabled: Allows external contact to operate as normally open
- Disabled: Allows external contact to operate as normally closed

#### **Supervision Time**

• Select a supervision time for the device: None, 3 min, 60 min, or 240 min. Default is 240 min.

#### LED Enabled

- Enabled: The 1142 Hold-Up Transmitter LED to turns on during panic or emergency operation
- Disabled: The 1142 Hold-Up Transmitter LED does not turn on during panic or emergency operation

#### Disarm Disable

- Enabled: When the system is disarmed, transmitters and PIRs do not send zone tripped messages
- · Disabled: When the system is disarmed, transmitters and PIRs send zone tripped messages

#### Wireless PIR Pulse Count

Select either 2 or 4 infrared pulses to be sensed before sending a message to an 1100 Series receiver.
 Default is 4

#### Wireless PIR Sensitivity

- Low: Lowers PIR sensitivity (75%)
- High: Maximum PIR sensitivity (100%)

#### Wireless PIR Pet Immunity

- Off: Pet immunity is disabled. PIR detects all movement
- On: Pet immunity is enabled. PIR ignores movement from animals up to 55 pounds

### Advanced

### Swinger Bypass

- Enabled: Allows zone to be swinger bypassed
- Disabled: Does not allow zone to be swinger bypassed

#### Retard

- Enabled: Allows zone to operate with retard delay
- Disabled: Does not allow zone to operate with retard delay

#### Fast Response

• Enabled: Allows zone response time of 167 ms

• Disabled: Allows zone response time of 500 ms

#### Cross Zone

- Enabled: Allows cross zoning
- Disabled: Does not allow cross zoning

#### **Priority Zone**

- Enabled: Area won't arm until the zone is in normal condition
- Disabled: Area can be armed with zone in any condition

#### Fire Panel Slave

- Enabled: Zone transmits restoral immediately when restored by a monitored fire panel
- Disabled: Zone does not automatically transmit restoral

#### Real-time Status

- Enabled: Allows real-time status reports such as door open or door closed
- Disabled: Does not allow real-time status reports

#### **Traffic Count**

- Enabled: When disarmed, report the number of zone trips
- Disabled: Does not report the number of zone trips

#### Lockdown

- Enabled: Allows panic operation to initiate zone lockdown
- Disabled: Panic operation does not initiate zone lockdown

#### **Zone Audit Days**

• Enter the number of days allowed to pass without zone trips before a fault message is sent to the receiver. Range is 0-365 days. Entering 0 disables this function. Default is 0 days

#### Report with Acct # for Area

• Enter the area to assign as a 24-hour type. If the area doesn't exist, the account number is sent to the receiver instead. Range is 1-32. Entering 0 disables this feature. Default is 0

#### **Chime Sound**

• Select one of the following chimes for the zone: Off, Doorbell, Ascend, Descend.

#### Prewarn Keypads

• Enter the keypad addresses to display the enter code prompt when an entry delay starts

#### **Entry Delay Number**

• Enter the entry timer selected as default in System Options for this zone. Range is 1-4. Default is 1

# 6.5.21 Key Fobs

When programming key fobs, consult the <u>Quick Programming Reference</u> as needed. To add a key fob, complete the following steps.

- 1. Go to Program > Key Fobs and select New.
- 2. In **Number**, enter a zone number for the key fob. Refer to the Key Fob Zone Numbers table for acceptable ranges.
- 3. In **User**, select \_\_\_\_ More and choose a user.
- 4. In Serial Number, enter the 8-digit serial number. Key fob range is 05000000-05999999.
- 5. In **Supervision Time**, select a supervision time for the key fob. For key fobs that are taken off-site, select **None**. Default is **None**.
- 6. In Number of Buttons, enter 1, 2, or 4.
- 7. Select Apply.
- 8. Program the button Action, Select Time, Areas, Output, and Output Action as needed.
- 9. Repeat steps 1-8 to add more key fobs as needed.
- 10. Select OK.

Panel Model	Zone Numbers
XR150/XR550 Series	400-449
XT30/XT50 Series	31-34 (fast) 41-44 (slow)
XTLplus and XTLtouch	51-54 (fast) 61-64 (slow)

**Key Fob Zone Numbers** 

## 6.5.22 XR Schedules

Learn how to program Output/Door/Favorite Schedules, Area Schedules, Time Schedules, and Holiday Dates for XR Series systems.

# 6.5.22.1 Output/Door/Favorite Schedules

Output/Door/Favorite Schedules allows you to assign up to 16 schedules to an output, door, or favorite.

- 1. Go to Program > Output/Door/Favorite Schedules and select New.
- 2. In **Output**, enter an output, door, or favorite number for the schedule.
- 3. In **Schedules**, select \_\_\_\_ More in the row of each schedule, then double-click the appropriate schedule to assign it to the output, door, or favorite.
- 4. Select **Apply**. Repeat steps 1-4 to add more schedules as needed.
- 5. Select OK.

### 6.5.22.2 Area Schedules

Area Schedules allows you to assign up to 8 schedules to an area.

- 1. Go to Program > Area Schedules and select New.
- 2. In Area Number, enter an area number for the schedule.
- 3. In **Schedules**, select \_\_\_\_ More in the row of each schedule, then double-click the appropriate schedule to assign it to the area.
- 4. Select Apply. Repeat steps 1-4 to add more area schedules as needed.
- 5. Select OK.

## 6.5.22.3 Time Schedules

Time Schedules allows you to program up to 99 access, arm/disarm, and holiday schedules.

When programming schedules, refer to device installation and panel programming guides as needed. To add a schedule, complete the following steps.

- 1. Go to Program > Time Schedules and select New.
- 2. In **Number**, enter a number for the schedule. Range is 1-99.
- 3. In Name, enter a name for the schedule.
- 4. To make the schedule temporary, select Temporary Schedule, then select a Begin Date and End Date.
- 5. Configure settings in Open/Begin/Activate and Close/End as needed.
- 6. Select Apply. Repeat steps 1-6 to add more schedules as needed.
- 7. Select OK.

# 6.5.22.4 Holiday Dates

**Holiday Dates** provides the system with dates in the year when the normal opening and closing schedules are not used and superseded by one of the holiday schedules: A, B, or C. When the panel determines that it is a holiday, the holiday schedule supersedes the current schedule for that day.

When programming holiday dates, refer to device installation and panel programming guides as needed. To add a holiday date, complete the following steps.

- 1. Go to Program > Holiday Dates and select New.
- 2. In Number, enter a number for the holiday.
- 3. In Name, enter a name for the holiday.
- 4. In Class, choose A, B, or C.

- 5. In **Holiday**, select the holiday date from the calendar.
- 6. If necessary, enter a description of the holiday.
- 7. Select Apply. Repeat steps 1-7 to add more holiday schedules as needed.
- 8. Select OK.

### 6.5.23 XT Schedules

Learn how to program an Arming schedule, Output Schedules, and Favorite Schedules for XT Series systems.

## 6.5.23.1 Schedules (Arming)

An Arming Schedule, also known as a Permanent Schedule, automatically arms and disarms a system at times that you program. You can create one Arming Schedule per XT Series system.

To program an Arming Schedule, complete the following steps:

- 1. Go to Program > Schedules.
- 2. Select New.
- 3. In **Opening**, enter the time for each day when you want the system to disarm. If you don't want the system to disarm for a day, leave its field blank.
- 4. In **Closing**, enter the time for each day when you want the system to arm. If you don't want the system to arm for a day, leave its field blank.
- 5. Select Apply.
- 6. Select OK.

# 6.5.23.2 Output Schedules

An Output Schedule turns a programmed output on or off at the time that you choose. Output Schedules can also use Sunrise and Sunset times to turn outputs on or off. You can create up to 4 output schedules per XT Series system.

**Note:** We recommend that you program outputs in **Program > Output Information** before creating output schedules. If you plan on using **Sunrise** and **Sunset** times, go to **Program > System Options** and enter the system's ZIP code in **Weather Zip Code**.

To program an Output Schedule, complete the following steps:

# If Using Sunrise/Sunset Times

- 1. Go to Program > Output Schedules.
- 2. Select New.
- 3. In Output, enter the number of the output that you want to schedule.
- 4. In On, skip to Sunrise/Sunset and select whether the output turns on at Sunrise or Sunset.
- 5. Select days for the **On** schedule. If you don't want the output to turn on for a day, leave it unselected.
- 6. In Off, skip to Sunrise/Sunset, select whether the output turns off at Sunrise or Sunset.
- 7. Select days for the Off schedule. If you don't want the output to turn off for a day, leave it unselected.
- 8. Select Apply.
- 9. Select OK.

# If Using Custom Times

- 1. Go to Program > Output Schedules.
- 2. Select New.
- 3. In **Output**, enter the number of the output that you want to schedule.
- 4. In On, enter the time for each day when you want the output to turn on. If you don't want the output to turn

on for a day, leave its field blank.

- 5. In **Off**, enter the time for each day when you want the output to turn off. If you don't want the output to turn off for a day, leave its field blank.
- 6. Select Apply.
- 7. Select OK.

### 6.5.23.3 Favorite Schedules

A Favorite Schedule activates a favorite at the time that you choose. Favorite Schedules can also use Sunrise and Sunset times to activate favorites. You can create up to 20 favorite schedules per XT Series system.

**Note:** We recommend that you program favorites in **Program > Favorites** before creating favorite schedules. If you plan on using **Sunrise** and **Sunset** times, go to **Program > System Options** and enter the system's ZIP code in **Weather Zip Code**.

To program a Favorite Schedule, complete the following steps:

## If Using Sunrise/Sunset Times

- 1. Go to Program > Favorite Schedules.
- 2. Select New.
- 3. In Favorite, enter the number of the favorite that you want to schedule.
- 4. In Activate, skip to Sunrise/Sunset, select whether the favorite activates at Sunrise or Sunset.
- 5. Select days for the schedule. If you don't want the favorite to activate for a day, leave it unselected.
- 6. Select Apply.
- 7. Select OK.

# If Using Custom Times

- 1. Go to Program > Favorite Schedules.
- 2. Select New.
- 3. In Favorite, enter the number of the favorite that you want to schedule.
- 4. In **Activate**, enter the time for each day when you want the favorite to activate. If you don't want the favorite to activate for a day, leave its field blank.
- 5. Select **Apply**.
- 6. Select OK.

## 6.5.24 Profiles

**Profiles** allows you to add, delete, or change user profiles.

- 1. Go to Program > Profiles and select New.
- 2. In **Profile**, enter a number for the profile.
- 3. In Name, enter a name for the profile.
- 4. In **Arm/Disarm Areas**, enter the number for the areas that you want to authorize this profile to arm and disarm
- 5. In Access Areas, enter the number for the areas you want to authorize access for this profile.
- 6. If necessary, go the **Output Group** field and assign each profile to an output group number. Range is 1-20. Default is **0**.
- 7. If necessary, go to the **ReArm Delay** field and enter a number of minutes to be used to delay automatic rearming when the user disarms an area outside of schedule. Range is 0-720 minutes. Default is **0**.
- 8. If necessary, go to the Inactive **User Audit Days** field and set the number of days a user code can remain unused before the panel sends an Inactive User Code message to the receiver and changes the user code status to inactive. Range is 0-425 days. Default is **0**.
- 9. Select access privileges as needed.
- 10. To assign an existing schedule to the profile, go to the **Schedules** section, select More in the row of each schedule, and double-click the appropriate schedule.
- 11.To assign private doors to the profile, go to **Private Doors** and select the appropriate doors configured in the system's **Device Setup** menu. Up to 4 private doors can be assigned to a profile.
- 12. If necessary, add a description for the profile.
- 13. Select Apply. Repeat steps 1-12 to add more profiles as needed.
- 14. Select OK.

## 6.5.25 User Codes

User Codes allows you to enter or change to the user code information in the panel or database file.

- 1. Go to Program > User Codes and select New.
- 2. Open the **Panel** tab. In Number, enter a number for the user.
- 3. In **User Code**, enter the user's code.
- 4. In User Name, enter the user's name.
- 5. Select Active User.
- 6. Configure credential information, areas, and temp user properties as needed.
- 7. For XT systems, select an authority level from Level. For XR systems, select profiles from Profiles.
- 8. To record detailed information about a user, open the **Custom** tab and enter information in each field as needed.
- 9. Select **Apply**. Repeat steps 1-8 to add more users as needed. 10. Select **OK**.

# 6.5.25.1 Scanning a Proximity Card

Using a 1301 Series USB Computer Proximity Reader from DMP, you can quickly scan a proximity device instead of manually entering the User Code. After properly connecting the USB to a COM port on your computer, go to System > Configure > System Link and select the Other tab.

To enter a User Code using the USB, select the user for which you would like to enter the user code. Press **Scan Card** at any time, then present the proximity card to the USB. The USB will automatically assign the card's code as the user's code. You can also use the USB when changing a user code.

## 6.5.26 Access Code

Access Codes prevent unauthorized persons from gaining access through a keypad and making changes to the panel programming by assigning a lockout code to the panel. Before anyone can change the panel's programming through the keypad, they must enter the designated access code.

To allow panel programming from the keypad without an access code, leave the access code blank.

To assign an access code, go to **Program > Access Code**. In **Code**, enter an access code, then select **OK**. Range for XR is 0, 100-65535. Range for XT is 0-65535.

# 6.5.27 Send Programming to Panel

- 1. Close all programming and configuration windows.
- 2. Ensure System Link is connected to the panel.
- 3. Go to Panel > Send.
- 4. To clear codes, schedules, zone, or area programming from the panel before sending programming, select the appropriate clearing options. To clear the same programmed data from all panels, select **All Systems**.
- 5. To automatically request the panel's events after programming is sent, select Request Events.
- 6. To send only the programming that has changed since the last connection with the panel, select **Changes Only**.
- 7. To update the panel time after programming is sent, select **Update Time.**
- 8. To automatically disconnect from the panel after programming is sent, select **Disconnect on Completion**.
- 9. Select Send.

# 6.6 Templates

# Create a Template

- 1. Go to File > Panel Information.
- 2. Select the panel that you want to use as a template.
- 3. Select Copy.
- 4. Select the **Template** checkbox.
- 5. In Name, enter a name for the template.
- 6. Select OK.

# Manage Templates

Go to File > Panel Information. Open the Template tab. Existing templates are displayed the list with their Name, Model, and Version. The Templates tab contains the following information:

- **Template Name:** This displays the name of the template that you select from the list. You can also change the name of the template as well.
- Notes: This gives you the option to makes notes about this template.
- New: This allows you to make a new panel template. Select the Model, Version, and any Feature Set (if applicable for the selected panel) for the template. Enter a name for the new template and select OK. The new template will display in the Template tab.
- Copy Panel: Allows you to make a new template by copying the information from an existing account.

# Modify Template Programming

After a template is created, you can modify the template's programming like standard panel programming. Go to **File > Panel Information**. Open the **Templates** tab. Double-click the template that you want to edit. Modify programming as needed. For more information, refer to "Program a Panel".

# 6.7 System Status

To view system status, go to Panel > System Status.

In Status, Normal, Trouble, or Not Used is displayed for each of the following items:

- Printer
- Tamper
- Battery
- AC Power
- Line 2
- Line 1
- Wireless

The System Status window also allows you to access the following command and inquiry functions:

- Alarm Silence: Silence an alarm
- Sensor Reset: Perform a remote sensor reset
- Set Time/Date: Synchronize the panel time and date with the current workstation time and date
- Send Message: Send a message to the panel to display on the keypad
- Areas: View the arm/disarm status of all panel areas
- Zones: View the status of all panel zones. Bypass or reset bad zones
- Outputs: View the status of all panel outputs and door access events. Turn outputs on or off. Lock, unlock, or grant access to doors.
- LX-Bus Diagnostics: Perform routine diagnostics of the panel LX-Bus
- Forgive User: Remotely clear a failure to exit violation when using anti-passback
- Lockdown: Initiate a system lockdown
- ZWave Status: View the status of panel Z-Wave devices

# 6.8 Request Events

Request Events allows you to download a panel event buffer into the System Link database.

- 1. Go to Panel > Request Events.
- 2. Configure the following options as needed:
  - o Standard: Request all events except door access, select Standard.
  - o Door Access: Request only door access events
  - o **Disconnect on Completion:** Automatically disconnect from the panel after the event buffer is uploaded to the database
  - All Events: Requests all events stored in the panel event buffer based on the type of event selected.
     Deselect this box to select specific dates.
  - o New Events Only: Requests all events that have occurred since the last event download.
  - o Select Date Range: Type in the date or use the drop-down calendar.
  - Start: Enter the date for the oldest events you wish to retrieve. The default is the panel's internal date minus 45 days. The Start Date for events cannot be more than 45 days preceding the panel's internal date.
  - End: Enter the last date for the events you would like to retrieve. The end date cannot be after the panel's
    internal date.
  - o Panel Date: Displays the panel's internal date.
- 3. Select Request.

**Note:** Each time that you request events from the same panel, System Link stores those events in a buffer until you request events again from the same panel. You may print these events by going to **File > Print > Panel Event Buffer.** 

# 6.9 Account Archive

Account Archive allows you to manage archived accounts.

To archive a panel, go to **File > System Information**. Open the panel that you want to archive, then select **Archive**.

To manage account archives, go Panel > Account Archive. Select one of the following options:

- Revert: Reverts the current account programming to the chosen archive
- Open: Open the selected archive version (read-only)
- Delete: Delete the selected archive
- Close: Close the Account Archive window

# 6.10 Diagnostics

The **Diagnostics** window is primarily used as a tool to identify and problems with the system or communication. This window allows you to view the strings of data that the panel is sending and receiving from your computer. To quickly open the **Diagnostics** window, go to **System > Diagnostics** or press Alt + F10.

# 6.11 Perform a Remote Update

System Link allows you to update panels remotely from your workstation. To download panel firmware, visit product software downloads.

## Remote Update a Panel

- 1. Go to Panel > Remote Update.
- 2. In **Update File**, select More. Select the appropriate remote update (.ru) file.
- 3. Select Update.

## **Batch Remote Update Panels**

- 1. Go to System > Remote Update.
- 2. In **Update File**, select .... More. Select the appropriate .ru file.
- 3. In Devices to Update, select any panels that you want to update. To batch update all panels, select All.
- 4. Select Update.
- 5. To resend any failed updates, select **Resend Failed**.
- 6. To clear completed updates from the Progress list, select Clear Completed.

# 6.12 Export and Import Account Information

The Import and Export tool allows you to import and export account information in encrypted .xml files. For information to import correctly, the provided format must be used to import accounts.

## **Export Account Info**

- 1. Go to File > Import and Export > Export Accounts.
- 2. Select an account to export, then select > Move Right. Repeat this step until all the accounts that you want to export are moved.
- 3. In Save As, select \_\_\_\_ More. Select a location for the file and enter a filename for the .xml file.
- 4. Select Export.
- 5. Enter an encryption key for the file, then select **OK**.

## Import Account Info

- 1. Go to File > Import and Export > Import Accounts.
- 2. In **File to Import**, select ..... More. Locate and select the .xml file that you want to import.
- 3. To import all accounts from the file, select Import All Accounts.
- 4. Select Load.
- 5. Enter the file's encryption key, then select OK.
- 6. To overwrite all information in an existing account, select **Overwrite Existing Account**. To import a system with a different account number, select **Change Account Number**.
- 7. Select Import.

# 6.13 Print Reports

To print reports, go to **File > Print** and select a report. To configure print settings, such as selecting a printer, select **Setup**. To preview the report, select **Preview**. The following reports are available:

### **Account Information**

Print panel settings configured in Panel Information.

To print reports for all systems, select All.

# Panel Programming

Print the panel programming sheet with panel information. Select fields to include as needed.

### Activity

Print all panel activity, including programming changes and operator logins.

- 1. To print reports for all systems, go to the Account field and select All.
- 2. To restrict the report to a specific date range, go to the **Date** field select a start and end date. To print reports without a date range, select **All**.

### **Events**

Print panel events or the panel events buffer.

- 1. In Data Source, select Events or Panel Events Buffer.
- 2. To print reports for all systems, go to the Account field and select All.
- 3. To restrict the report to a specific date range, go to the **Date** field select a start and end date. To print reports without a date range, select **All**.
- 4. In **Report Format**, select **Summary** or **Customer Mailout**. The **Summary** format includes panel summary and report information. The **Customer Mailout** format only includes events.
- 5. In Messages in Report, select the messages that you want to include.
- 6. To print the traffic count instead of messages, go to the Other Reports section and select Traffic Count.

### **Activation Status**

Print SIM activation status information for cellular systems.

- 1. In Include by Status, select the statuses that you want to include in the report.
- 2. In Include by Account Settings, select the account settings that you want to include.
- 3. In **Sort Order**, select sorting options for the report.

### Recall Failure

Print a report of all the accounts that failed to report as programmed in File > Panel Information > Extra Information > Auto Recall Frequency.

In **Options**, select a sorting option for the report.

### **Compare Accounts**

Create a report to compare a panel's programming to other panels, an archived version, or a template. The report is generated in .xls spreadsheet format.

- 1. In **Control Panel**, select the type of comparison. For **Template**, select a template from the dropdown. For **Account**, enter an account number and select **Load**.
- 2. In **Options**, select additional items that you want to include in the report.
- 3. In **Select Accounts To Compare**, select an account to compare with the template or account selected in the **Control Panel** section.
- 4. In Save To, select \_\_\_\_ More. Choose a file location and name the report.
- 5. Select Compare.

### 1100 Update Reports

Print reports of wireless devices with obsolete hardware.

To run the report for all systems, select **All**. To run the report for a range of systems, enter the receiver number and enter the range in the **Account** fields.

To print a summary of the associated accounts, customers, and number of each device, select **Summary**. To print detailed information, including device serial numbers, select **Worksheet**.

## **Data Export**

Export detailed panel information into separate CSV files.

- 1. In C:\Link, create a new folder for the data export files.
- 2. In the **Data Export Report Setup** window, select ..... More next to **Location**. Double-click the new folder and select **OK**.
- 3. To start the filename with the account number, select **Prefix Filename with Account Number**. To start the filename with the account name, select **Prefix Filename with Account Name**.
- 4. Select Export.

# Saved Reports

Print reports saved with the Advanced Reporting Module.

In Filename, select ...... More. Find and open the saved report. In Orientation, select Portrait or Landscape.

# Part 7. Manage Alarms

The **Alarm List** allows you to view alarms, general information about the system in alarm, and options to acknowledge, remove, or disable alarms.

An audible alert tone sounds on your computer's internal speaker when a message is received in the Alarm List. This tone continues to sound until all messages in the Alarm List have been acknowledged. Acknowledge alarm signals by pressing F6 or select **Acknowledge**. System Link automatically closes the Alarm List after all messages have been acknowledged.

If an operator is not logged on when an alarm is received, System Link sounds the audible alert tone and displays the message "Unacknowledged Alarms: X" in red text at the bottom of the screen. "X" represents the number of unacknowledged alarms currently in the Alarm List.

To view alarms, go to **System > Alarm List**.

The Alarm List window contains the following sections:

### Visible Alarms

Control which alarms are shown in the main window

### Main Section

Lists all alarms with the account number, message, repeat count, time of alarm, and acknowledgement time/date.

### General Information

Displays general information about the selected panel

### Location

Displays location information about the selected panel

#### Information

Contains information from Extra Information configured in Panel Information.

### Commands

The commands pane contains the following commands:

- Ack: Acknowledge the alarm and silence the workstation alert tone
- Remove: Remove the alarm from the list. The alarm must be acknowledged before it can be removed
- **Disable**: Disable the alarm and remove it from the list. The alarm must be acknowledged before it can be disabled
- Connect: Immediately connect to the selected account
- Print: Open the Events print dialog to print system alarms
- Cancel: Close the Alarm List

# Part 8. Advanced Tasks

The following topics cover advanced tasks like TCP trapping and configuring System Link for ECP passthru.

# 8.1 Configure TCP Traps

TCP Trapping uses the panel's connection to the central station to forward communication from the panel to System Link.

Before creating or initiating a trap, configure TCP Trap options in **System > Configure > System Link > Network**. For more information, refer to "Configure Network Options".

## Create and Send a Trap

- 1. Go to Panel > Trap and select New.
- 2. Enter the receiver and account number. For example, 1-11111.
- 3. Select OK.
- 4. In Options, select the following options as needed:
  - o **Send File:** Send full programming to the panel from System Link
  - Changes Only: Send only programming that has changed since the last communication with the panel. To
    enable this option, select both Send File and Changes Only
  - o **Retrieve File**: Download full programming from the panel into System Link
  - o Request Events: Automatically download the panel's event buffer into the System Link database
  - o Remote Update: Automatically download the selected software file to the trapped panel
  - Change File: Select the software update file location. The path to the update file is displayed automatically. To enable this option, select Remote Update
- 5. To initiate the trap, go to Panel > Set All Traps.
- 6. To view the status of set traps, go to Panel > Trap Query.

# **Troubleshooting**

Selecting Hangup forces the receiver to release the phone line and restore its on-hook status. This feature is useful when a panel drops offline, resulting in a communication error. To hangup the line, go **Panel > Hangup**.

**Note:** Do not use **Hangup** to disconnect from a panel while it is still online. Always use **Disconnect** to terminate the connection.

# 8.2 Configure ECP Passthru

Before configuring System Link for ECP passthru, Compass® must be configured for connected VISTA panels. For more information, refer to Com Series How-To: ECP Passthru (LT-2209).

- 1. Right-click System Link and select Run as administrator.
- 2. Double-click the universal communicator account.
- 3. Go to Program > System Options.
- 4. To enable communication, go to Keypad input and select ECP. The default of Keypad Input is None.
- 5. Go to File > Panel Information.
- 6. Go to Connection Information and enter the VISTA account number in Ecp Acct.
- 7. Go to ECP Passthru > ECP Start/Stop Server.

# 8.3 Configure DSC Passthru

For more complete information, refer to Com Series How-To: DSC Passthru (LT-2208).

- 1. Right-click System Link and select Run as administrator.
- 2. Double-click the communicator account.
- 3. Minimize Remote Link.
- 4. Open the DLS software.
- 5. Double-click the DSC panel.
- 6. Select Upload to Panel.

# Part 9. Add-Ons

The following topics cover registering and activating add-ons, along with details about each add-on module.

# 9.1 Manage Modules

To configure and manage modules, install a module, then run System Link as an administrator.

#### Add a Module

- 1. Go to Help > Registration.
- 2. Select Add.
- 3. Enter the module serial number, then select **OK**.

**Note:** To ensure that the module is properly activated, do not lose the certificate or the serial number. You have a 7-day grace period between the installation and the activation of the module.

#### Activate a Module

If activating the SecureCom Wireless service module, contact SecureCom Customer Service at 877-300-8030 for activation.

- 1. Go to Help > Registration.
- 2. Select the module that you want to activate.
- 3. Select **Activate**. System Link will automatically generate a public key for the module. The serial number and public key will be listed in a message box.
- 4. Call DMP Customer Service and request an activation code.
- 5. Select **OK** in the message box to enter the activation code.
- 6. Select Activate.

## Upgrade the Number of Accounts

To change the Account Level, upgrade the number of subscriber accounts allowed.

- 1. Go to Help > Registration.
- 2. Select the module that you want to upgrade.
- 3. Select **Change**. Enter the new serial number from the upgrade certificate.
- 4. Follow the instructions to activate the module with the new level of accounts.

#### Remove a Module

Remove a module from System Link.

Note: You must have administrator authority to remove modules.

- 1. Go to Help > Registration.
- 2. Select the module that you want to remove.
- 3. Select Remove.
- 4. A dialog pops up to confirm your decision. To remove the module, select Yes.
- 5. A message dialog pops up to notify you when module has been successfully removed. Select OK.
- 6. Restart System Link.

## 9.2 Link Server

## Default Link Server Log In

Username: admin
Password: LinkAdmin

#### Connect Link Server to the Database

#### Computer Hard Drive

Enter the path to the System Link database location on the computer or network hard drive. If you want to store your System Link database in a different location than the default folder, enter the location in the **Database Location** field. The database may also be stored on a remote network server. This option allows more than three System Link computers to perform extensive database operations at the same time.

#### **Network Server**

To use System Link with Link Server, enter the network server IP address and port number to the System Link database location. The default port number is **12005**. Check with your Link Server administrator for the correct IP address and port number. For example, *192.168.0.1:12005*.

**Note:** Standard System Link operation supports database access for up to three computers if only one computer at a time performs extensive database access operations such as uploading or downloading information from a panel. If more simultaneous database access is required, it is recommended the Link Server software be installed on a network server.

#### Database Relocation

To manually move your System Link database, use Windows Explorer and copy the complete database folder (usually "C:\Link\Db") to the desired location. Go to the **Database Location** field and enter the new location of the database. If you change the location without moving the database manually, System Link displays a message asking, "Do you wish to create a new database?" If you select OK, System Link creates a new database at the location that you assigned and ignores the previous database. As a result, System Link does not have access to any previous account information and configurations settings from the previous database.

If System Link does not start up correctly, the cause could be an invalid database location. Use the command line option "/dblocation" to set a local or network path to the database:

#### Relocate a Database Locally

- 1. Close System Link.
- 2. Press Windows + R.
- 3. Enter **cmd**, then press Enter.
- 4. Enter the command c:\Link\Link.exe /dblocation [PATH] where [PATH] is the file path. For example: c:\Link\Link.exe /dblocation c:\Link\newDb
- 5. Press Enter.

#### Relocate a Database to a Server Address

- 1. Close System Link.
- 2. Press Windows + R.
- 3. Enter **cmd**, then press Enter.
- 4. Enter the command c:\Link\Link.exe /dblocation [SERVER ADDRESS] where [SERVER ADDRESS] is the server IP and port.

For example: c:\Link\Link.exe /dblocation 192.168.0.1:12005

5. Press Enter.

# 9.3 Alarm Monitoring Module

The Alarm Monitoring module expands the capabilities of the **Alarm List** in System Link to include Opening and Closing Reports and other system events such as Door Access events. You can then use the module to print these reports for clients.

The Alarm Monitoring module expands the services you can offer to your clients by providing them a straightforward way to receive Opening and Closing Reports. After you print the reports using the Alarm Monitoring module, clients will be able to easily review their opening/closing events and door access events.

For best results, DMP recommends that you install the software on a computer dedicated to operating the Alarm Monitoring module and System Link.

To view the Alarm List, press F3 or go to **System > Alarm List**. For more information, refer to "Manage Alarms".

# 9.4 Advanced Reporting Module

The Advanced Reporting module provides you with powerful filtering capabilities to create specific reports for your needs. You can create reports using the panel event buffer or Host Log Reports. You can also generate reports received from an SCS-105 Receiver. Additionally, you can connect to the module through a direct or network connection set up in **System Link Configuration**.

**Note:** If you are using the Advanced Reporting module with another module, such as Alarm Monitoring, do not enable Host Log Reports. The Advanced Reporting module will generate reports using the same messages sent to Alarm Monitoring.

Advanced Reporting provides ten Report Categories from which you can create the reports. These categories allow you to filter out the information that you do not need so the reports are concise and manageable.

Saving reports in up to seven other formats, such as a text file, provides you with added flexibility to use the reports in a method that best suits your needs. You can then export the reports to another program for archiving, storing, and integrating with other company information.

## **Printing Reports**

**Advanced Reports Setup** allows you to print reports of the alarm message information. To open **Advanced Reports Setup**, go to **File > Print > Events**.

- Source: Select the source of the reports.
- Events: Selects the events sent from panels that have PC Log Reports enabled.
- Panel Event Buffer: Selects the panel event buffer as the source of the reports. Connect to the panel and then select Panel > Request Events to print the panel event buffer.
  - **Note:** Each time you request events from a panel, the last panel event buffer will be overwritten. If you do not want to lose the information, be sure that you have printed the buffer before you request events from the panel a second time.
- **Report Category**: Select the report you wish to run from **Report Categories**. For more information, refer to "Report Category Reference".
- Account: Enter the account number for which you are running the report. Select All to create reports for all
  accounts.
- Date: Enter the date range for which you are running the report. Selecting the arrow opens a calendar as shown in the screen shot. Select the date you wish to print. You can also select All to print all available dates.
- Options: The options available change with each Report Category selected.

## 9.4.1 Report Category Reference

#### Zone Action

Generate zone reports.

- **Zone Action:** Select the zone action for which you will generate the report. Select All to generate a report for all zone actions.
- **Zone**: Select the zone number for which you will generate the report. Only zones that have had the action selected above will be displayed in the drop-down box. Select All to generate a report for all zones.
- **User**: Select the user for which you will generate the report. Only users that have performed the zone action selected above will be displayed in the drop-down box. Select All to generate a report for all users.

#### Arming/Disarming

Generate reports containing information about arming and disarming activity.

- Action: Select Arming or Disarming from the drop-down menu. Select All to generate a report for arming and disarming activity.
- User: Select the user for which you will generate the report. Only users that have performed the zone action selected above will be displayed in the drop-down box. Select All to generate a report for all users.
   Note: To view arming and disarming requiring the Two Man Rule (485B only), print out the report to view the 2nd user.
- Area: Select the area number for which you will generate the report. Only areas that have had the action selected above will be displayed in the drop-down box. Select All to generate a report for arming / disarming activity for all areas.

#### Area Late to Close

• Area: Select the area number for which you will generate the report. Only areas that have been armed after the scheduled closing time will be displayed in the drop-down box. Select All to generate a report for all areas that have been late to close.

#### **User Codes**

- Action: Select Added, Changed, or Deleted from the drop-down menu. Select All to generate a report for user code additions, changes, and deletions.
- **User**: Select the user for which you will generate the report. Only users that have performed the user code change selected above will be displayed in the drop-down box. Select All to generate a report for all users who have made changes to user codes.
- User Being Changed: Select the user for which you will generate the report. Only users that have been changed will be displayed in the drop-down box. Select All to generate a report for all users than have been changed.

#### **Door Access Granted**

• User: Select the user for which you will generate the report. Only users that have been granted door access will be displayed in the drop-down box. Select All to generate a report for all users granted door access.

• **Door**: Select the door for which you will run the report. Only doors that have granted door access will be displayed. Select All to create a report for all doors that have granted a door access.

To create a report for multiple doors, choose **Select Multiple Doors** from the drop-down menu, then select the **Select Doors**. Select the box to the left of the door name and number to include that door in the report. The report can be created for any combination of doors.

#### Door Access Denied

- User: Select the user for which you will generate the report. Only users that have been denied door access will be displayed in the drop-down box. Select All to generate a report for all users denied door access.

  Note: The printed report will display the reason the door access was denied.
- **Door**: Select the door for which you will run the report. Only doors that have denied door access will be displayed. Select All to create a report for all doors that have denied a door access.

To create a report for multiple doors, choose **Select Multiple Doors** from the drop-down menu, then select the **Select Doors**. Select the box to the left of the door name and number to include that door in the report. The report can be created for any combination of doors.

## Schedule Change

- Schedule Type: Select the type of schedule for which you will run the report. Select All to create a report for all types of Opening / Closing Schedules that have been changed.
  - Note: To run reports for Extended Schedules, select Secondary.
- User: Select the user for which you will generate the report. Only users who have changed an Opening / Closing Schedule will be displayed in the drop-down box. Select All to generate a report for all users who have changed an Opening / Closing Schedule.
- Area: Select the area number for which you will generate the report. Only areas that have had the Opening /
  Closing Schedule changed will be displayed in the drop-down box. Select All to generate a report for all areas
  that have had a schedule changed.

## System Monitors

- Component: Select the system component for which you will create the report. Select All to include all components in the report.
- System Monitor Action: Select the action, trouble, or restore for the report. Select All to include all System Monitor Actions in the report.

## System Events

- Event: Select the event for which you will run the report. Select All to include all events in the report. Below is a list of all events available:
  - o Automatic Recall Test
  - Unauthorized Entry
  - System Late to Close
  - Exit Error
  - o Alarm Bell Silenced
  - o Dialer Communication Failed

#### Abort Message Sent

**Note:** System Late to Close can only be included in a System Events Report when the following factors are met. If the factors are not met, the report can be created from the Area Late to Close Report category.

- Area Schedules is disabled.
- Closing Check is enabled.
- An Opening / Closing Schedule is programmed.
- Supervisory Reports is enabled in Host Log Reports

#### All Events

Selecting All Events creates a report with all Report Categories. By default, All is selected.

#### **Export Advanced Reports**

While in the preview mode, you may save the reports for printing later or in another application. Select the Save icon. You may save reports in the following seven formats to allow you to export the reports to another program.

- QuickReport file (\*.QRP)
- Text File (\*.TXT)
- Comma Separated (\*.CSV)
- HTML document (\*.HTM)
- Excel spreadsheet (\*.XLS)
- Rich Text Format (\*.RTF)
- Windows Metafile (\*.WMF)

#### Real-Time Events

An Advanced Reporting module is required for this feature, as well as Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5

The Real Time Events window is used to display incoming events as they happen and is read-only. To open Real Time Events, go to System > Real Time Events.

- Max Event Count: Indicates the number of rows display. Default is 100.
- Auto Update: Receive active events display on the screen. Clear the checkbox to temporarily prevent new rows from being added to the display.
- Events: Each event is displayed on a row with the most current event being at the top.

# 9.5 SQL Server Module

The SQL module allows larger corporate users to take advantage of existing Microsoft SQL Server installations. This module allows administrators to connect to an existing SQL Server installation with ODBC, then export all existing panel programming data from the standard DBISAM database into a new Microsoft SQL database.

#### 9.5.1 SQL Server Installation

System Link requires Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 or higher. Install the version that corresponds to the operating system version of the machine which the Server will operate. For example, install the 64-bit version of Microsoft SQL Server on 64-bit systems.

**Note:** System Link and SQL Server do not have to be installed on the same machine. Using System Link on a 32-bit machine with SQL Server on a 64-bit machine (or vice-versus) is supported.

For users in mission-critical applications, such as central station monitoring, DMP recommends that an experienced SQL Server administrator performs setup and administrative duties. This includes initial setup, firewall configuration, database replication, backup, repair, and other site-specific configurations.

When using System Link with SQL Server, all backup and repair operations must be performed by the database administrator using SQL Server management tools. System Link does not perform these operations. When using System Link with the built-in database engine or Link Server, System Link can perform database backup and repair operations.

A login dialog will appear the first time the user runs System Link with SQL Server or anytime the SQL username or password is changed by the administrator. After a successful login the user will not be prompted again unless something changes in the database. Contact your database administrator for SQL login credentials.

## 9.5.2 Set up the ODBC Data Source

Before configuring an ODBC data source to work with System Link, create a new ODBC data source on the user's workstation. Any user created to be used for SQL Server authentication must have permission to read, write, modify, and delete all tables.

Note: If setting up the DSN on a Windows 7 64-bit system you need to use a 32-bit version of the ODBC configuration utility. The executable odbcad32.exe is in C:\Windows\System32\.

## Add a System DSN for SQL Server

- 1. Go to Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Data Sources (ODBC).
- 2. Go to System DSN.
- 3. Select Add.
- 4. In **Create New Data Source** window, give the data source a **Name** and **Description**. Make note of the name you assign.
- 5. Select the server from the dropdown.

Note: If you are running SQL Server Express, add  $\SQLEXPRESS$  to the end of the server name. It may also be necessary to add the port 1433 at the end of the name. For example,

```
MY_SERVER_NAME_OR_IP_ADDRESS\SQLEXPRESS,1433
```

- 6. Select Next.
- 7. Consult with your database administrator to determine whether to use SQL Server Authentication. If using SQL Server Authentication, use the Login ID and Password provided by the administrator.
- 8. Select Next.
- 9. Change default database to the System Link database.
- 10. Select Next, then select Finish.
- 11. Test the data source.

## 9.5.3 Import Panel Programming

The SQL Server module allows the administrator to export all existing panel programming information from the standard DBISAM database, and then import that information into a new Microsoft SQL database.

- 1. Backup the database. When using the SQL Server module, System Link does not automatically backup the database.
- 2. Export database accounts. Go to File > Import and Export > Export Accounts.
- 3. Go to **System > Configure > System Link > Database** tab. Enter the name you gave the ODBC data source you created in the previous section "Set up an ODBC Data Source". The location must start with **dsn:**.
- 4. Select **OK**, then restart System Link.
- 5. After System Link restarts, select Yes to initialize database.
- 6. Import database accounts. Go to **File > Import and export > Import Accounts**. For more information on Importing Accounts, refer to "Export and Import Accounts".

# 9.6 Account Groups Module

The **Account Groups** module provides the ability to update, change, or delete profiles, schedules, output schedules, holidays, and user codes on multiple panels at the same time. This feature allows you to group panels together under one name and associate them by location, business, or other logical grouping. Additionally, you can batch remote update all panels in a group.

#### Basic Requirements

Perform batch Account Group module maintenance using the following guidelines:

- The same user number has the same profile number in all accounts
- The panels need to have account numbers established before they are listed for selection
- System Link is not available to perform other operations while batch updates are in process

To update, change, or remove an account group, open the **Account Groups** window by selecting **File > Account Group Information**.

The following options are available:

- Group Name: Lists the account groups currently defined in the database
- New: Enter the name of the new group to add to the database
- Delete: Deletes the currently selected account group
- Accounts in Group: Displays a list of the current account names and numbers assigned to the group selected
  in the Group Name list
- Add: Allows an account to be added to a group
- Remove: Allows an account to be deleted from a group
- Open Group: Opens the currently selected group
- Cancel: Exits the Account Groups window

## Batch Account Group Maintenance

You can add, change, or remove accounts in an account group and can send that information to multiple account groups at one time, giving you a more powerful tool to manage accounts in System Link. To use this feature, select **Batch**. Select **Add Accounts to this Group** or **Remove Accounts**. You can also select **Edit** to display a list of all the systems in programmed System Link and filter your account search. Select **OK**, then select **Done**.

The Account Groups module allows group programming in the following areas:

- Holiday Dates
- Output Schedules
- Profiles
- Schedules
- User Codes

For detailed information about programming, refer to "Program a Panel".

## 9.6.1 Send Programming to a Group

Open the group from the **File > Account Groups** window before sending any programming information. After completing maintenance on holiday dates, schedules, output schedules, profiles, and user codes, select **Group > Send Now** to send the updated information to all the panels in the selected group. System Link attempts to connect to each panel in the group to send the program information.

**Note:** If changes were made to Holidays, Schedules, Output Schedules, or Profiles, information sent to the account group overwrites any existing panel programming.

If System Link fails to contact any panel, it skips to the next panel in the list until all panels are contacted and updated. When the send process completes, the **Group Send Status** screen displays.

To view the send status of a selected group, select **Group > Send Status**.

## **Group Send Status**

The **Group Send Status** window displays a list of the panels System Link attempted to connect to when the group send process was started. Any communications that fail are listed first. To resend all accounts that failed to update, select **Resend Failed**. To send a single account, select that account and select **Send Selected**. After the resend process, the **Status** column in the **Group Send Status** window updates.

# 9.7 Feature Upgrades

XR150/XR550 Series panels can perform a remote feature upgrade using System Link. This remote Feature Upgrade capability allows you to enable additional features on panels without requiring a trip to the site.

## Purchase Feature Upgrades

If you would like to purchase a feature upgrade, the authorized purchasing agent for your company may contact DMP Customer Service at 866-266-2826. Include the upgrade features to enable and the panel serial numbers on the request. A separate feature key is issued for each panel and only enables the requested feature for that panel.

#### **Available Upgrade Features**

#### Encryption (XR550 with Network only)

Enable this feature to use 128-bit AES data encryption. This feature upgrade can only be enabled on an XR550 with Network. When using encryption, verify that a Passphrase is configured in panel programming and the System Link **Network Options** tab.

#### 32 Door Add-On A / 32 Door Add-On B

XR550 Series Panels include 32 doors of access control. Door capacity can be increased to a maximum of 64 or 96 by applying the 32 Door Add-On A/32 Door Add-On B Feature Upgrade. This feature upgrade can only be enabled on an XR550 panel version 111 or higher. There are five LX-Bus ports on each XR550 panel. This feature allows an LX-Bus address (e.g. 501) to be entered at Device Setup to program a 734 attached to the bus. Once a 734 address has been programmed for the bus, the LX-Bus is automatically converted from a hardwired zone expansion bus to a hardwired Access Expansion Bus (AX-Bus).

- Each 734 module provides one door relay and four protection zones to connect switches such as door and window contacts
- 16 doors of access can be programmed per AX-Bus to a maximum of eighty (80) 734 modules
- Any unused AX-Bus zone numbers may be programmed as wireless zones. Hardwired zone expansion modules such as the 711, 714, 715-16 and others are incompatible with bus operation and cannot be used
- Device Setup programming for AX-Bus address are automatically programmed as a door type. Device Type, Communication Type and Display Areas are not shown. Only 734 module programming is shown
- An AX-Bus operation is only compatible with 734 Series Access Control modules and the Model XR550. Keypads, 734N and 734N-Wifi modules must only be use on the keypad bus

## Perform the Upgrade

To perform a remote panel feature upgrade, connect to the panel with System Link and go to **Panel > Feature Upgrade**. Enter the factory-supplied feature key select **Activate**.

**Note:** The XR550 Series Version 106 or higher only requires a six-character Feature key.

# Part 10. Update Remote Link and Link Server

Remote Link and Link Server updates are available to download from Dealer Admin.

## Requirements

• To download Remote Link and related software updates, you must have a Dealer Admin account. To get help with your account, contact:

SecureCom Customer Service

877-300-8030

customerservice@securecomwireless.com

- No special permissions or roles are required in Dealer Admin to download Remote Link updates
- If you are using Link Server, update it before updating Remote Link on any client computer

#### More Information

To learn more about using Dealer Admin, refer to Dealer Admin Help.

# 10.1 Update Link Server

To download and install a Link Server update, complete the steps in each of the following sections.

### Step 1: Download Link Server

- 1. Sign in to Dealer Admin.
- 2. In the menu, expand Dealer Resources and go to Downloads.
- 3. Find the Link Server version that you want to download.
- 4. If you want to read the Technical Update for that release, select Release Notes.
- 5. To download the software, select **Download**.

#### Step 2: Update Link Server

#### Determine If DBISAM Needs Upgraded

With most Link releases, only **Link.exe** and associated help files need to be updated. However, if the DBISAM engine is updated you must also update **dbsrvr.exe** on Link Server.

To check the DBISAM engine version, right-click **dbsrvr.exe**, select **Properties**, then open **Details** and check **File Version**. Compare the currently-installed version of **dbsrvr** with the new version in **LinkServerUpdate.zip**. If the versions are different, an update is required. Skip to "Update Both Link Server and DBISAM".

#### Update Link Server Only

- 1. Close Link Server.
- 2. Find and double-click LinkServerUpdate.zip to run the automatic extraction utility.
- 3. When prompted to choose the installation location, select the directory where Link Server is currently installed. The default directory is C:\LinkServer.
- 4. From your PC's Start Menu, run Link Server > Setup Link Server and keep the existing database.
- 5. Enter the username and password that you use to log in to Link Server. Default username is admin, default password is LinkAdmin.

When setup is complete, the server is updated and you can update Remote Link on client computers.

#### Update Both Link Server and DBISAM

**Caution:** This process involves overwriting application files. If you want to back up Link or Link Server, do so before completing these steps.

This procedure requires that you stop the server to apply updates, then restart it. You can either perform this from the Services app in Windows or from a Command Prompt (CMD) terminal. Do not use the System Tray icon to try to stop the service—this does not fully stop the service and does not allow you to update the server.

- To stop or start the service from Services: Go to Services, right-click the DBISAM Database Server DBSRVR service and select Stop or Start
- To stop the service from Command Prompt, run net stop dbsrvr
- To start the service from Command Prompt, run net start dbsrvr

To update the server, complete the following steps:

- 1. Close Link Server.
- 2. Stop the DBISAM database service.
- 3. Find and double-click **LinkServerUpdate.zip** to run the automatic extraction utility.
- 4. When prompted to choose the installation location, select the directory where Link Server is currently installed. The default directory is C:\LinkServer.
- 5. When prompted to overwrite the existing files, select Yes to All.
- 6. Start the DBISAM database service.
- 7. Start Link.exe on the server. If Remote Link asks you to update the database, select Yes.
- 8. Apply LinkUpdate.exe to all of the workstations where Remote Link is used to access the shared server.

# 10.2 Update Remote Link

To download and install a Remote Link update, complete the steps in each of the following sections.

## Step 1: Download Remote Link

- 1. Sign in to Dealer Admin.
- 2. In the menu, expand Dealer Resources and go to Downloads.
- 3. Find the Remote Link version that you want to download.
- 4. If you want to read the Technical Update for that release, select Release Notes.
- 5. To download the software, select **Download**.

#### Step 2: Update Remote Link

- 1. Close Remote Link.
- 2. Find and double-click **LinkUpdate.exe** to run the automatic extraction utility.
- 3. When prompted to choose the installation location, select the directory where Remote Link is currently installed. The default directory is C:\Link.

When setup is complete, Remote Link is updated. To check the current software version, open Remote Link and go to **Help > About**.

# Part 11. Reference

# 11.1 Keyboard Shortcuts

The following keys on the keyboard can be used in a window or a full screen when you are in the System Link program.

#### **Global Shortcuts**

Press	То
F1	Display Context-sensitive Help
Alt + F10	Display Diagnostics window
F11	Log On / Off
Ctrl + Tab	Switch between System Link windows
F3	Display Alarm List

## Menu Keys

Use the following keys to select menus and choose commands.

Press	То
Alt + (letter)	Hold down the Alt key and press the underlined letter in a menu title to open the menu. For example, Alt + F opens the File menu.
Left/Right Arrow	Move between open menus on Menu bar.
Up/Down Arrow	Move between menu options.
Enter	Choose the selected menu name or command.
Esc	Cancel the selected menu name or close the open menu.

# Dialog Box Keys

Use the following when working in a dialog box.

Press	То
Tab	Move from option to option (left to right and top to bottom).
Shift + Tab	Move from option to option in reverse order.
Alt + (letter)	Move to the option or group whose underlined letter or number matches the one you type.
Alt + Down Arrow	Open a list.
Space Bar	Select an item in a list when multiple items are available.
Enter	Run a command.
Esc; or Ctrl + F4	Close a dialog box without completing the command.
F1	Open the topic of the Help File that relates to the active field or dialog box.

# 11.2 Frequently Asked Questions

Q. How do I make the SCS-105 receiver dial DTMF?

A. In the **System > Configure > System Link** window, select the **Receiver** tab. In the section titled **Communications Options**, check the box labeled **Tone Dial**. This will cause the SCS-105 receiver to tone dial. The SCS-1R receiver will always pulse dial.

Q. Can I set a schedule that disarms in the evening and arms in the morning?

A. Yes. For the panel to recognize a schedule as being valid, it must see an opening time before the closing time. This still applies to set a schedule that runs through midnight. Program the schedule as follows: In the Monday Opening field enter 8:00 PM. In the Monday Closing field enter 7:00 AM TUE. With this schedule, the system will disarm at 8:00 PM Monday and arm Tuesday at 7:00 AM. Repeat for each day of the week that you wish to schedule. This keeps the opening time before the closing time.

Q. What do I need to do for normal maintenance on my System Link computer?

A. As with any computer running Windows and Windows applications, you should have a program of regular maintenance to keep the system optimized. Additionally, set a regular schedule to backup your database files.

Q. What is the Receiver Timeout Message? Why do I get an hourglass mouse cursor before I get this message? A. The receiver and computer are not communicating correctly. Check the connections between your computer and receiver.

Q. In some places I see my account number listed as 12345, while in other places it is listed as 1-12345. Which is it?

A. The account number is the number that displays after the dash, while the first digit is the receiver number. In this example, 1-12345 is the receiver number (1) followed by the 5-digit account number (12345). When programming the panel, enter 12345 for the account number.

Q. I've logged on to System Link but several of the options are not available.

A. Go to **System > Operator Configuration** to confirm the options for the operator. Make sure that the boxes are checked for each option you want assigned to the operator. Also keep in mind that not all options are available for each panel type.

Q. A new panel will not stay on-line with System Link. The panel will seize the line then immediately hang up. A. The account number in the file you have open while trying to connect with a panel must match the account number programmed into the panel. If you are trying to connect to a panel with the default account number (12345) and send an existing file, this can be done. However, you must first connect to the panel with the panel's account number. Once connected, this account number can be changed to a unique account number.

# 11.3 Glossary

## 11.3.1 #

**4-2 Communication definition** - A hexadecimal communication format that allows the panel to send alarm and system reports to non-DMP receivers. The 4-2 format consists of a 4-digit account number, a 2-digit event code, and a 1-digit checksum.

#### 11.3.2 A

"A" Zone (Style D) - a circuit extending from and returning to a fire alarm control device or transmitter to which normally open contacts of alarm actuating devices are connected for the initiation of alarm signals. Routinely referred to as four-wire zone supervised. See "B' zone.

**abort** - an authorized user of the system manually cancels an alarm after an armed zone has tripped. Used mainly when the zone trip was accidental, such as the opening of an armed door, and a police or fire response is not needed.

**abort report** - a report sent by the panel following an alarm report to indicate the alarm has been cancelled by an authorized user and no dispatch is required.

access - the ability or opportunity to enter an area or to obtain knowledge of certain information.

access code - a combination of ID numbers related to a defined time segment. These combinations are programmed into an access system to grant or deny access to system users. Also, programmer lockout code is a programming option that allows you to enter a special code into the panel that will then be required to gain access to the panel's internal programmer through the keypad. You can change this code at any time to any combination of numbers form one to five digits long. Once you have changed the code, it is important that you write it down somewhere and store it in a safe place. Lost lockout codes require the panel to be sent back to DMP for repair.

access control - the means of influencing and regulating the flow of people through a door.

access control card - a card containing coded information. It is placed in or near a card reader. The card is read and access is granted if the information from the card is valid for that specific time, day, and location.

access keypads - a programming option that allows door access reports to be sent to a receiver. A report is sent with each door access made from selected keypads. Keypads at addresses not selected still operate the door strike relay but do not send door access reports.

access level - access priorities.

access point - a door, gate, or other barrier through which people or vehicles can gain access to a defined area.

access privileges - controls placed on network services that limit and control user access through doors.

**account number** - all reporting systems have an account number that identifies them at the central station. The account number is included along with any reports the panel sends to the receiver.

**acknowledge** - to confirm that a message or signal has been received, such as by the pressing of a button or the selection of a software command.

**action** - a zone programming option that selects the action of any outputs activated by changes in the zone's condition. The four options are: steady, pulsed (one second on, one second off), momentary (one second on for one time only), and follow (on when the zone is off normal, off when the zone restores).

**activity report** - a record of openings, closing, alarms, and other signals received from a protected premise and maintained by the central station alarm company.

address - 1. a switch setting on a keypad, zone expander, or other device that reflects its assigned position on a data bus. Zone expanders, for example, are addressed so that the panel is able to associate its onboard zones with their programmed location and characteristics held in memory. 2. A sequence of bits used to identify devices on a network. Each network device must have a unique address. Addresses fall in two categories: physical hardware addresses and logical protocol addresses.

**addressable device** - an alarm system component with discrete identification that can have its status individually identified or that is used to individually control other functions.

adverse condition - any condition occurring in a communications or transmission channel that interferes with

the proper transmission or interpretation, or both, of status change signals at the supervising station.

**alarm** - a condition in which one or more armed zones in the system have been faulted. Almost all alarms sound some form of audible device locally except in the cases of silent panic or ambush alarms.

**alarm bell** - a bell or siren installed on the protected premises that gives indication of an alarm condition to persons inside or nearby.

**alarm control** - a device that permits an alarm system to be turned on and off and provides electrical power to operate the system. Every alarm system must have an alarm control.

**alarm initiating device** - a device which, when actuated, initiates an alarm. Such devices, depending on their type, can be operated manually or actuated automatically in response to smoke, flame, heat, or water flow.

alarm module - an add-on device to monitor a series of sensors and initiate warning devices if required.

**alarm panel** - the main controlling CPU in the alarm system to which all zones, phone lines, and devices are connected.

**alarm receiver** - a receiver that is designed with the main purpose of receiving alarm events. Receivers are usually located and maintained at a central station company.

**alarm signal** - an alarm signal lets people know the alarm system has activated. The alarm signal may be a bell, siren, or visual device (local alarm), or it may be a message transmitted to a central station alarm company on leased telephone lines or the switched network. Every alarm system must have an alarm signal.

alarm silence - a keypad menu function that allows authorized users to silence alarm bells or sirens during an alarm condition on the system. Users can also enter their user code and press the command key directly from the status list. This is an exclusive function of DMP panels that allows silence of alarm bells without disarming the system.

**alarm system** - a combination of compatible initiating devices, control panels, and notification appliances designed and installed to produce an alarm signal in the event of emergencies.

**all/perimeter** - a panel mode of operation that provides for the system to be configured into just two areas: a perimeter and an interior. Exterior doors and windows are assigned to the perimeter while inside PIRs, doors, or pressure mats are assigned to the interior area.

**alphanumeric** - term used to describe letters and numbers together.

**ambush** - a silent, invisible alarm signal sent to the central station that indicates a user is being forced to disarm the system. The ambush code is sent when ambushed is programmed as YES in the panel and a code for user number one is entered at the keypad. DMP panels use a unique ambush code number to prevent false alarms.

**ambush code** - a special code entered into a digital keypad to indicate a duress condition that directly threatens the user. This code does not activate signaling devices at the premises.

**ambush output** - a panel output that is programmed to activate any time an ambush code is entered at a keypad. The output is turned off using the sensor reset option from the user menu. This output is used to lock down areas or activate strobes, etc.

American National Standards Institute (ANSI) - a federation of trade, technical, professional organizations, government agencies, and consumer groups that coordinates standards development, publishes standards, and operates a voluntary certification program.

American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) - a commonly used coding scheme that uses eight bits of data to encode alphanumeric and special control characters. Common to most computer platforms.

**analog** - a method of data transmission where the data is continually modulated to represent transmitted information.

annunciator - a keypad or other lighted or audible display at the protected premise that indicates the condition

of the system, zones, and armed status.

**anti-passback** - a programming option that requires a user to properly exit (egress) an area they have previously accessed. If they fail to exit through the proper card reader location they will not be granted access on their next attempt. Also, see egress.

**any bypass** - a panel programming feature that allows low level users to bypass zones during the arming sequence without having to enter a higher level user code.

**area** - part of a protected premise that is programmed to operate separately from the other areas. Areas can have their own keypads, zones, account numbers, and arming and disarming schedules.

**area arming** - a panel mode of operation that provides for one or more areas to be individually armed and disarmed.

**area schedules** - a programming option that allows you to automatically arm and disarm areas within a system. This is done by entering schedules in the panel programming.

arm - to turn on the burglary or other non-24-hour hour protection in a protected premises.

**armed** - a condition in which a zone or system can be placed. When a zone is armed, a change in its normal state causes the panel to activate an alarm. Fire, panic, and other 24-hour zones are considered always armed.

armed output - a programming option that allows an output to be controlled by the arming cycle of an area.

**armed rings** - the number of rings the panel counts before answering the phone line when all areas of the system are armed.

**arming zone** - a DMP zone type that allows you to use keyswitches to arm and disarm areas within a system. This is done by entering the area number(s) to be controlled into the area section of the arming zone programming.

**asynchronous communication** - a technique of data transmission that sends one character at a time without waiting for an acknowledgement.

**authority level** - a level of access to the system and its functions that is assigned to each user code. Each area must have at least one user with a master authority in order to be able to add, change, or delete other users.

**auto arm** - to automatically turn on the burglary protection in one or more areas through the use of schedules. These schedules allow you to set the time of day for the arming to occur. If using the automatic arming feature along with the closing check (see closing check), the arming does not take place until the expiration of a tenminute closing check delay. If the area has been disarmed outside of any schedule, the closing check sequence occurs one hour after the area is disarmed. At arming, bad zones are handled according to the bypass option selected. If a closing report is sent to the central station, the user number is indicated as SCH (for schedule) on the receiver.

**auto disarm** - to automatically turn off the burglary protection in one or more areas through the use of schedules. These schedules allow you to set the time of day for the disarming to occur. If an opening report is sent to the central station at disarming, the user number is indicated as SCH (for schedule) on the receiver.

**automatic recall test** - a signal generated by the panel that is sent to the central station. This signal indicates that the panel communicator is working properly and is able to send signals to the central station receiver.

**automation software** - central station software that receives signals from an alarm receiver and displays alarms on a display screen to allow dispatching of the proper authorities.

**away** - a panel arming mode in which all areas of the system are armed. This option is for when the user is leaving the premises and no person is left inside.

## 11.3.3 B

"B" Zone (Style A) - a circuit extending from a fire alarm control device or transmitter to which initiating or notification devices are connected. The zone is terminated with an end-of-line supervision resistor.

**backup** - as used in programming for receiver one and receiver two reporting, choosing YES for this option means that the receiver will be contacted by the panel in the event the primary receiver cannot be reached.

**Bank, Safe, and Vault** - an area operating characteristic that prevents disarming, schedule changes, and time/date changes during armed periods. This feature is typically used on bank vaults, but can also be used for restricted access storage, gun rooms, or other areas for which the user wants an extra level of protection.

**bell** - alarm bell - a bell or siren installed on the protected premises that gives indication of an alarm condition to persons inside or nearby.

**bell action** - a zone programming option that defines the action of the alarm bell output for alarms on that zone.

none: no bell action for an alarm condition on the zone.

**pulsed:** a repeating one second on, one second off bell output for the duration of the programmed bell cutoff time.

steady: a steady, uninterrupted bell output for the duration of the programmed bell cutoff time.

**temporal code:** a repeating 0.5 second on, 0.5 second off (three times) followed by 2.5 seconds off. This lasts for the duration of the programmed bell cutoff time.

**bell cutoff** - the length of time the alarm bell or siren is programmed to ring after an alarm. DMP panels allow a programmable length of time in one-minute increments. Entering a zero allows the bell output to run continuously. AHJ requirements for bell cutoff can vary but it is typically between five and 15 minutes.

**bits per second (bps)** - a unit that measures the message carrying ability of a medium. A kilobit per second (Kbps) is one thousand bits per second. A megabit per second (Mbps) is one million bits per second.

burglar alarm system - an alarm system for detecting a burglary.

**burglary output** - a panel output that is activated any time a specified burglary type zone is placed into alarm. The output is turned off when the user disarms the area in which the alarm occurred.

bypass - a manual shunting of a zone by a user that allows the panel to ignore any activity on the zone until it is reset back into the system. A user can bypass a zone at any time from the user menu or while arming the system if they cannot restore it to normal. Used when a user wants to keep a door or window open or when a device is in need of service. See also swinger bypass.

**bypass reports** - a programming option that allows zone bypasses, resets, and force arm reports to be sent to a receiver.

#### 11.3.4 C

cancel - see abort and abort report.

**cellular** - a communication programming option that enables cellular transmissions with Cell-Miser™ call restrictions.

**Cell-Miser™** - when Cell-Miser™ is selected in programming the panel restricts its cellular calls to zone alarms, ambush, line one trouble, abort, and recall test reports. Additionally, delayed event reports can also be sent but only if the original cellular call was made to transmit one of the previously listed reports. Line 1 trouble is sent only once during each armed period.

central station - a supervising station that is listed for central station service.

**certification** - a systematic program using randomly selected follow-up inspections of the certificated systems installed under the program, which allows the listing organization to verify that a fire alarm system complies with all requirements of this code. A system installed under such a program is identified by the issuance of a certificated system.

**chime** - a single-stroke or vibrating type audible notification appliance, which has a xylophone-type striking, bar, and/or tone.

Class A Circuit (Zone) - NFPA Style D - an arrangement of a supervised initiating or signaling line or indicating circuit that allows the operation of the circuit despite the occurrence of a single open or ground condition. A requirement of fire protection systems that requires alarm operation even when a single break or a single ground faults exists on the circuit.

Class B Circuit (Zone) - NFPA Style A - an arrangement of a supervised initiation or signaling line or indicating circuit that doesn't allow automatic circuit conditioning to operate during a single open or a single ground condition.

client - a process (program or routine) or entity (person, LAN) that employs the services of servers.

**client/server** - the interaction of software processes that function in a cooperative manner. Clients make requests of servers.

**closed circuit system** - a switch or other detector used in closed circuit alarm systems that is closed prior to alarm and opens on alarm.

closing check - this programming option enables the panel to verify that all areas in a partition that has been armed after primary/secondary or permanent/temporary schedules have expired. If the closing check finds any areas disarmed past the scheduled time, the keypad selected to display system trouble status emits a steady beep and displays CLOSING TIME! If you also select area schedules, the appropriate area name is displayed followed by - LATE. The keypad's steady beep is silenced by pressing any top row select key. If the system is not armed or a temporary schedule not extended within ten minutes, a no closing report is sent to the central station receiver. If the area has been disarmed outside of any schedule, the closing check sequence occurs one hour after the area was disarmed.

closing code - this programming option provides for a user code to be required for system arming.

**closing wait** - a programming option that provides for the panel to display a message on the keypad and delay arming the system until the closing report has been acknowledged by the central station receiver.

**code change reports** - a programming option that allows code additions, changes, and deletions to be sent to a receiver.

**coded** - an audible or visible signal conveying several discrete bits or units of information. Notification signal examples are numbered strokes of an impact-type appliance and numbered flashes of a visible appliance.

**collision** - the condition that results when two network devices transmit at nearly the same time. The transmissions collide, making the data unusable.

command key - the command key is used to step ahead through options in the panel's programmer or user menu. Pressing the command key allows you to go forward and through each step of a menu section. As you go through the options, the keypad displays any current selections already stored in the panel's memory. The command key is also used to enter information into the panel's memory, such as phone numbers or zone names, by pressing the key after entering the information and it is being displayed correctly on the keypad.

**Command Processor™** - the trademarked name for DMP control/communicator alarm panels.

common area - a unique DMP programming option that allows specification of one or more areas within a partition to arm automatically when all other areas are armed. Alternately, common areas disarm when any area in the same partition is disarmed. Common areas are ideal for lobbies, storage rooms, or other areas shared by multiple users.

**communication port (COM port)** - a serial port on a computer designed for communicating. DMP uses this port to connect to a receiver or direct connect to a panel.

communication type - a programming option that specifies the communication method the panel uses to report events to DMP receivers or non-DMP receivers. Note: All formats are not available for all panels. Consult a programming manual for availability.

**DD** - Digital Dialer communication to DMP receivers.

MPX - Multiplex communication format to DMP receivers.

M2E - Radionics Modem IIe communication format to non-DMP receivers.

CID - Ademco Contact ID communication format to non-DMP receivers.

4-2 - A hexadecimal communication format to non-DMP receivers.

HST - Asynchronous communication transmitted over a network to an SCS-1R receiver.

**Contact ID (CID)** - a panel-reporting format developed by Ademco that allows panels to send reports to a receiver in DTMF format. A Contact ID report is made up of 18 DTMF digits.

control or control panel - see alarm panel.

**cross zone time** - the amount of time programmed into the panel during which armed cross zoned zones must trip before an alarm report is sent to the central station. Cross zone time can be from four to 250 seconds.

cross zoning - a zone characteristic that requires the zone to trip twice, or a second cross zoned zone to trip, within a programmed amount of time before an alarm report is sent to the central station. An example of cross zoning would be two interior PIRs. One PIR might trip due to an environmental occurrence but an alarm report would not be sent until the other PIR is also tripped or the first PIR restores and then trips again. If neither zone trips before the programmed cross zone time expires, only a zone fault report is sent to the central station. Cross zoning reduces false alarms by requiring two zone trips to send an alarm report.

cutoff output - a panel programming option that allows you to specify individual onboard outputs to turn off after a programmed time period. See cutoff time.

**cutoff time** - a programming option used with cutoff outputs that specifies how long a selected output remains activated. The programmable range is in one-minute increments.

#### 11.3.5 D

data - information represented in digital form, including voice, text, facsimile, and video.

day zone - a zone type that buzzes the keypad and provides a trouble report to the central station if the zone is tripped while its area is disarmed and an alarm if the zone is tripped while the area is armed. This is typically used with window foil, emergency zones, or other types of protection that needs constant supervision but not always an alarm. The keypad buzzer initiated by a day zone can be silenced by pressing any top row select key.

**DD** (digital dialer) - a programming option for the panel to use standard digital dialer communication to a DMP receiver. DD is a DMP proprietary format using SDLC protocol.

**DDMX** - a communication option in the 1912XR Command Processor panel that can allow the panel to communicate to the central station as a digital dialer during disarmed periods but then switch automatically to multiplex communication when the last area in the system is armed.

**defer test time** - a programming option that allows the panel to defer sending in a scheduled test report if it has already communicated with the central station receiver within the time period entered into the test frequency option. See test frequency.

**delay reports** - a programming option under Events Manager that provides for all non-alarm reports to be held in the panel's memory until the event buffer is nearly full or until the panel's next communication with the receiver.

delay zone - see exit zone.

**detector** - a unit that is installed as a satellite component in a security system designed to detect an intruder within a protected area.

**device** - any keypad, expander, or point addressable module that requires an address on the keypad or LX-Bus. **detector** - a device used for detecting an intruder.

**device fail output** - this programming option provides for the specified output to turn on any time an addressed device fails to respond to polling from the panel. The output is turned off when all programmed devices respond to polling.

digital communicator - a means of transmitting alarm signals and other information to a central station using the customer's existing phone line. To transmit an alarm, the communicator seizes the customer's phone line and electronically dials the central station receiver. When the receiver answers, the communicator sends a message in the form of a sequence of tones. A mini-computer in the receiver accepts and acknowledges the message. It then prints out the information for display to the operator.

**direct wire** - a dedicated leased telephone line from subscriber's premises directly to a central station monitoring point. Line used for alarms only.

disarm - to turn off the burglary protection in an area using a keypad, keyswitch, or remote programmer.

**disarmed rings** - the number of rings the panel counts before answering the phone line when any areas of the system are disarmed.

**display events** - a user menu option that allows authorized users to view a record of events that occurred on the system. The panel stores in memory all alarms, troubles, and restorals as well as other options.

door access - a feature of DMP Security Command keypads or 733 Wiegand Interface modules that allow a user to enter their code number and cause an internal Form C relay to activate and release an electric door strike or magnet. A door access report containing the keypad address and user number can also be sent to the central station.

**dual reporting** - a method of sending the same signals to two separate receivers. An example would be to send alarms and openings/closings to receiver 1 as well as receiver 2.

DTMF (Dual-Tone Multiple-Frequency) - this feature enables touch-tone dialing.

duress - see ambush.

#### 11.3.6 E

**egress** - a programming option that allows individual access doors to be assigned to detect anti-passback violations. See also anti-passback.

**entry delay** - the length of time programmed into the system during which the user can enter the premises through an exit zone (usually a front door) and disarm the system.

**entry output** - a specified output on a panel that is turned on at the start of the entry delay time. The output is turned off when the area is disarmed or the entry delay time expires.

**entry zone** - a zone type usually assigned to a perimeter door that allows the user a short amount of time to enter and exit while the system is armed without setting off an alarm.

**Ethernet** - a LAN cabling system originally developed by Xerox, Intel, and Digital. Ethernet has a bandwidth of 10 Mbps and uses the CSMA/CD access method.

events - system activity that generates messages to the reporting device.

**events manager** - a programming option that specifies when non-alarm reports are sent to the receiver. Selecting this option does not affect zone alarm, zone trouble, zone restoral, supervisory, or serviceman reports. Closing reports are not delayed if the closing wait option is enabled.

**exit alarm** - an alarm that occurs when a zone is still bad at the end of the exit delay time. This usually occurs when the door through which the user exited does not close all the way before the programmed exit time expired.

**exit delay time** - the length of time programmed into the system during which the user can exit the premises through an exit zone (usually a front door) and disarm the system.

**exit output** - a specified output on a panel that is turned on any time an exit delay time starts in any area of the system. The output is turned off when the exit delay time expires or when the arming has been stopped.

**exit zone** - a zone type usually assigned to a perimeter door that allows users a programmable amount of time to enter and exit while the system is armed without setting off an alarm.

#### 11.3.7 F

**factory defaults** - this function of the panel's programmer allows you to quickly turn programming parameters back to their factory default setting.

false alarm - an alarm signal initiated without the presence of an emergency. This term is generally used to describe an unwanted alarm condition. A false alarm report is sent by the panel due to a user error, environmental activation, or malfunction of a security device installed in the system. False alarms can be controlled by thoroughly training all users and ensuring that equipment is installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

**fault** - a report that is sent to the central station receiver whenever a fire verify or cross zoned zone is tripped once but does not trip a second time to cause an alarm.

**fire alarm output** - a specified output on a panel that is turned on any time a fire type zone is placed into an alarm condition. The output is turned off using the sensor reset option in the user menu while no additional fire type zones are in alarm.

**fire trouble output** - a specified output on a panel that is turned on any time a fire type zone is placed into a trouble condition or when a supervisory type zone is placed into an alarm or trouble condition. The output is turned off when all fire and **supervisory type zones are restored to normal.** 

**fire verification** - typically used on smoke detector zones to provide a reset of the panel's switched auxiliary power or power supply (from where the smoke detectors are powered) and a delayed length of time during which the detector must trip again before an alarm is initiated.

**fire verify** - a zone type typically used with smoke detectors that provides a reset, after a fire alarm, of the panel's switched auxiliary power and 2-wire smoke detector zones and a delayed length of time during which the detector must trip again before an alarm is initiated.

flow control - the process of adjusting the flow of data from one device to another to ensure that the receiving device can handle all of the incoming data. This is particularly important where the sending device is capable of sending data much faster than the receiving device can receive it.

**force arm** - this arming option allows the panel to force arm the system and ignore all bad zones. Zones force armed in a bad condition are capable of restoring and reporting an alarm if tripped. A report of the force armed zones is sent to the central station receiver if the bypass reports option has been programmed as YES.

Form "A" Contacts - single-throw contacts that are normally open. See open circuit.

Form "B" Contacts - single-throw contacts that are normally closed. See closed circuit.

Form "C" Contacts - a dry contact, single-pole double-throw (SPDT) relay that provides one common, one normally open, and one normally closed connection. When activated, the normally open side is shorted to the common while the normally closed is opened.

**4-2 Communication** - a hexadecimal communication format that allows the DMP panel to send alarm and system reports to non-DMP receivers. The 4-2 format consists of a 4-digit account number, a 2-digit event code, and a 1-digit checksum.

**4-Wire Bus Trouble** - a keypad message indicating trouble on the keypad bus. This message is generated when one of the following conditions occur:

- Two Supervised devices on the keypad bus are set to the same address.
- No supervised devices on the keypad bus.
- Low data voltage on the yellow wire of the keypad bus.

fully armed - a condition on the system where all areas are in an armed state.

fully supervised zone - a zone in which the contact will activate an alarm in the event any disturbance occurs.

## 11.3.8 G

**general alarm** - a term usually applied to the simultaneous operation of all the audible and visible alarm notification appliances on a system to indicate the need for evacuation of a building.

**glassbreak detector** - a device attached to a glass surface or a window frame that senses an attack on that surface.

#### 11.3.9 H

hardware address - the unique physical address deterimined at the physical and data link layers. For example, each Ethernet card has a unique hardware address that is stored within the card.

**holdup alarm** - an alarm initiated by a mechanical panic button or software panic on a keypad in response to a robbery or assault.

**home** - a condition of the system where perimeter devices only are placed into an armed state allowing the user to move **freely about the inside**.

Home/Sleep/Away - this system option provides users with perimeter, interior, and bedroom areas that they can selectively arm from the keypad for maximum security. Selecting Away arms all areas of the system. Selecting Home arms only the perimeter protection of the system. Selecting Sleep arms the perimeter and interior areas, but leave devices near bedrooms and other nighttime areas off.

host - asynchronous communication over digital data networks.

host check-in - a programmable time period that specifies the delay, in minutes, the panel waits to send its next check-in report. Since host communication is not a polled method, the check-in time allows the SCS-1R Receiver to get a check-in report (s70) periodically to verify the communication link with the panel.

## 11.3.10

ingress (entrance) device - a device sensor configured to control access into an access-controlled area.

**initialize** - the initialization function of the panel's programmer allows the clearing of selected parts of the panel's program to default or blank settings. Initialization can include clear all codes, clear all schedules, clear display events memory, clear zone information, clear area information, clear communication and remote options, and a set to factory default options.

**initiating device** - any manually or automatically operated equipment that, when activated, initiates an alarm through an alarm signaling device.

instant alarm - see night zone.

**Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN)** - a digital communications standard that integrates voice and data.

#### 11.3.11 K

**Kbps** - kilobits per second. See bits per second.

**keep** - a programming option under Events Manager that provides for all non-alarm reports to be held in the panel's memory buffer until they're overwritten by new stored activity. You can view the contents of the memory buffer using the System Link software program or the display events feature in the user menu.

**keypad** - a device with a keyboard and display that allows users to enter codes, arm and disarm areas, view current and past events, and perform system functions such as silencing alarm bells and changing user codes. Keypads can have LED, LCD alphanumeric, or vacuum fluorescent alphanumeric displays.

**keypad alarm control** - a burglar alarm control that is turned on and off by entering a numeric code into a digital keypad. Signals can be sent when the control is turned on and off so that the central station alarm company can supervise openings and closings.

#### 11.3.12 L

**late to close output** - a specified output on a panel that is turned on any time a programmed area remains disarmed past the scheduled closing period. The output is turned off when the area is armed, the closing schedule is extended, or the schedule is changed.

**line security** - the degree of protection of the signaling system that connects the subscriber's system to the central station alarm company. Two levels of line security-standard and encrypted-are recognized by UL.

**line supervision** - the electrical supervision of a wire run to detect tampering (a cut or shorted wire). Line supervision usually requires a terminating element at the end of the monitored wire zone.

local alarm - a visual or audible signaling device located at the premises.

Local Area Network (LAN) - a network in one area, such as a building or group of buildings.

**local printer** - a serial printer that can be connected to certain DMP Command Processor panels to provide a printout of system events. This feature can allow business owners to track activity of employees, check system arming and disarming times, or monitor other events of their security or fire system.

local system - an alarm system that rings a local sounding device in the event of an intrusion.

loop - see zone.

LX-Bus™ - a DMP 4-wire data bus onto which you can connect addressable zone and output expanders.

#### 11.3.13 M

manufacturer authorization - a unique DMP panel programming option that allows you to create a one hour window during which DMP technical support technicians can contact the panel remotely for diagnostic purposes. DMP technicians can only view the system programming and cannot make any changes.

mode - a programming option that allows you to select Area, All/Perimeter, or Home/Away arming modes for the panel's areas. Area arming mode allows areas to arm independently of each other as separate systems. All/Perimeter mode provides a perimeter and interior area as one account. Home/Sleep/Away mode provides a perimeter, interior, and, in some cases, bedrooms area as one account.

**modem** - a device that converts digital data from a computer into analog data, which can then be transmitted over a telephone line. This process is called modulation. It also performs the opposite process, demodulation, which converts incoming analog signals into digital data the computer can understand.

multiplex - a communication method DMP panels use that keeps the panel in contact with the SCS-1 Receiver. Alarm and system information are transmitted quickly as the panel does not need to dial a phone number or wait to be acknowledged by the receiver. Each multiplex panel is sequentially polled by the SCS-1 Receiver to maintain constant supervision.

multiplexer - a network component that combines multiple data signals onto one path.

#### 11.3.14 N

**network interface controller** - a networking card, such as Ethernet, Token Ring, or FDDI, for a computer.

**network server** - A computer or device on a network that manages network resources. For example, a network server is a computer that manages network traffic.

**night zone** - a zone type that provides an instant alarm when tripped while armed and no alarm when tripped while disarmed.

**non-polled address** - a keypad message indicating that the device is set to an unavailable address or that the device has not been turned on in device setup.

notification zone - an area covered by notification appliances that are activated simultaneously.

#### 11.3.15 O

**open circuit** - a condition in which no electrical continuity exists in a circuit of conductor. In an open circuit protective zone, the detector contacts are open when the detector is in a quiescent state and closed in alarm.

**openings and closings** - a prearranged schedule between the alarm subscriber and central station alarm company for turning the system on and off. The central station records this event. The central station knows when a system has been left off inadvertently.

**opening report** - a report sent to the central station at the time a system is disarmed showing who disarmed it, what area was entered, and the current time and date. This information is often of interest to the customer for tracking employee activity.

option - a user selectable function that can be accessed from the keypad's user menu.

**output** - any type of notice or action that a panel will initiate when a sensor connected to that panel is triggered.

output action - a zone programming option that defines the action of an output assigned to a zone.

**steady:** the output is turned on and remains on until the area is disarmed, an output cutoff time expires, or the output is reset from the keypad user menu.

**pulse:** the output alternates one second on/one second off.

momentary: the output turns on only once for one second.

follow: the output turns on and remains on while the zone is in an off normal, or bad condition.

**output cutoff time** - a programming option that allows you to specify a cutoff time for the panel's outputs. If the output is turned off by the user, or by an event restoral, the cutoff time is reset and starts over at the next occurrence.

**output schedules** - panel schedules that allow you to set automatic on and off times for the relay outputs on DMP panels. Output schedules can be used to turn on exterior lights, HVAC systems, CCTV cameras, or any other contact activated devices. Outputs controlled by schedules can also be manually turned on or off by users with the proper authority level.

#### 11.3.16 P

packet - an organized sequence of binary data that includes data and control structures.

Pager Direct<sup>™</sup> - a reporting capability that allows a pager to receive system reports directly from the panel. pager identification number - a programming option that allows the panel to first send a unique pager ID number prior to sending actual pager messages containing system reports.

**pager reporting** - a programming option that allows the panel to send alarm, trouble, opening, closing, and late to close reports to a pager.

**panic** - a special silent or audible alarm initiated by a user that alerts the central station to an urgent situation.

**parallel** - a transmission format that can send multiple bits of data at the same time. This method connects an electrical circuit whereby each element is connected across the other. The addition of all currents through each element equals the total current of the circuit.

partial arming - a condition on the system where some, but not all, areas are in an armed state.

partition - a group of one or more areas that collectively operate as a multi-area panel or partition. Each partition in a panel contains areas. An area can be an office in a building or a section of a house such as the garage. Users who operate an area in one partition cannot view areas in another partition through the same keypad. Some lesser manufacturers that do not have partition capability refer to their areas as partitions.

pass-through - the ability to gain access to one network element through another.

**perimeter** - the portion of a protected area or building that includes doors, windows, and other accessible openings.

**perimeter arming** - an arming option that allows the user to turn on only the perimeter portion of their protection. Perimeter arming allows unrestricted movements within the interior of the protected areas by leaving the interior devices disarmed.

**permanent schedules** - programmable schedules intended for such applications as late to close annunciation and auto arming. Permanent schedules can also be programmed to restrict codes that have certain authority levels to disarming the system only during selected times.

**phone trouble output** - an output that turns on any time the phone line monitor detects a voltage below 3 VDC. The output is turned off when the phone voltage rises above 3 VDC.

**Port** - an electrical point of entry, usually on a router, to a computer, network, or other electronic device. A router can have many ports.

**Post Indicator Valve (PIV)** - a cast metal post over the stem of an underground gate valve supplying water to a sprinkler system. On each side of the PIV are rectangular windows through which you can view a plate showing whether the valve is open or shut.

**power fail delay** - a programming option that tracks the duration of an AC power failure. When the AC power is off for the length of the programmed delay, an AC power failure report is sent to the receiver.

**premises** - the building or home being monitored by the security or fire system.

**primary schedules** - programmable schedules intended for such applications as late to close annunciation and auto arming. Primary schedules can also be programmed to restrict codes that have certain authority levels to disarming the system only during selected times.

printer - see local printer.

**printer reports** - a programming option that allows the definition of events that are sent to a local printer. **priority zone type** - a programming option that provides for a zone to be in a normal condition before its assigned area can be armed. Priority zones cannot be bypassed or force armed.

programmer lockout code - this programming option allows you to enter an access code into the panel that will then be required to gain access to the panel's internal programmer through the keypad. You can change this code at any time to any combination of numbers form one to five digits long. Once you have changed the code, it is important that it is documented and stored in a safe place. Lost lockout codes require the panel to be sent back to DMP for repair.

**programmer lockout code restrictions** - you cannot set a lockout code higher than 65,535 or use the codes 6653, 2313, or any three-digit code that begins with 98. These codes are reserved by the panel for various functions.

protected premises - refers to the establishment in which an alarm system is installed.

#### 11.3.17 R

**ready output** - a specified output that is turned on whenever all disarmed burglary zone types are in a normal condition. The output is turned off when any disarmed burglary zone is placed into a bad condition.

receiver - a communication device that relays data from a panel to software installed on a computer.

**receiver key** - an eight-digit code that is programmed into System Link and embedded into the receiver. The panel requests this key the first time it is contacted by the receiver. The panel retains the receiver key in its memory and accepts commands only from a receiver with a matching key.

**relay** - an electrically activated device that provides an opening or closing across two points for the purpose of switching the control voltage of lights, annunciators, bells, or other devices.

**remote key** - a one to eight digit code entered into the panel's program that is used to verify the authority of the person or company, receiver or computer contacting it.

**remote phone number** - a phone number the panel dials after a remote programming attempt is made. Once the initial attempt has been made, the panel hangs up the phone line and dials the remote phone number.

**repeater** - a network device that repeats the signals on a network. Repeaters operate as the physical layer of the OSI Reference Model. Repeaters amplify weak signals from one segment and repeat them on another segment.

**report** - a signal or message sent by the panel to the central station receiver in response to activity within an area, a programmed occurrence (such as a timer test), or a change in the system's status.

**reset** - a report sent to the central station receiver in response to the resetting of a bypassed zone.

**reset jumper** - the two reset pins on a DMP Command Processor panel used to reset the panel prior to programming.

**reset panel** - a keypad display that instructs the technician to reset the panel using its onboard reset jumper before programming access can be granted.

**reset swinger bypass** - a programming option allowing a zone that has been swinger bypassed to reset back into the system if it has been in a normal condition for one complete hour after being bypassed.

**restoral** - a report sent to the central station receiver in response to the restoring to normal of an alarmed or troubled zone.

**restoral report options** - this programming option allows you to select whether a restoral report is sent and when.

**no:** disables the restoral report option for the specified zone. The zone continues to operate but does not send a restoral report to the central station receiver.

yes: enables a zone restoral to be sent to the receiver whenever the zone restores to normal from a bad condition.

**disarm**: zone restorals generated during the area's armed period are held in the panel's memory until the area is disarmed. At that time, the zone restoral report is sent to the receiver.

**retard delay** - a programmable zone characteristic that provides for a delayed period before a short on the zone is accepted as an alarm. This feature is often used when the zone is connected to a waterflow switch to allow for fluctuations in water pressure.

**RJ11 jack** - a four conductor phone connector used to connect standard telephones to a phone network.

**RJ31X/RJ38X jack** - an eight conductor phone jack used to connect burglar and fire alarm systems to a phone network. The only difference between the two jack types is a jumper installed across terminals two and seven on the RJ38X to allow for phone cord supervision. Two phone lines are required for commercial fire systems.

**RJ45** - network connection

**router** - a network device that connects networks by maintaining logical protocol information for each network. **Routing Information Protocol (RIP)** - a protocol used to update routing tables on TCP/IP networks.

**RS-232** - a standard defining interface voltage and current levels and other signal characteristics used to couple digital equipment to a transmission link. This is the standard DMP uses for direct connecting to a computer or local printer.

#### 11.3.18 S

schedule change reports - a programming option that allows schedule changes to be sent to a receiver.

schedules - a feature that allows you to program various panel functions to occur at predetermined times. One use of schedules is for turning relay outputs on or off at certain times of the day or week. Schedules are also used to assign times for automatic arming to occur.

**second line** - a programming option that allows you to use a second phone line to send reports to the central station receiver should the first phone line fail.

**secondary schedules** - programmable schedules in panels for use in such applications as late to close annunciation and auto arming. You can also program secondary schedules to restrict codes that have certain authority levels to disarming the system only during selected times.

security code - see user code.

Security Command® - the registered trademark name of the DMP keypad.

serial - a transmission format that sends data one bit at a time and is more widely used than parallel.

**server** - a network device or process that provides a service to networked clients. Two examples would be file servers or print servers.

**service receiver** - a receiver that is designed with the main purpose of performing service to panels from a remote location, such as changing programming or viewing events.

**silent alarm** - an alarm that does not sound a local bell when activated, but which signals a remote monitoring station.

**Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)** - a management protocol used to maintain and query network components. SNMP uses agents on managed nodes to maintain a database known as a Management Information Base (MIB). The data stored within the MIB can be transmitted to the management software on request.

siren - see alarm bell.

**sleep** - a panel arming mode that arms the perimeter and interior areas, but leaves devices near bedrooms and other night time areas disarmed.

**smoke detector** - a device that detects the visible or invisible particles of combustion.

**split reporting** - a method of sending different signals to two separate receivers. An example would be to send alarms to receiver one and openings/closings to receiver two.

**status list** - displays any alarm or trouble condition on a zone, and any trouble condition on an internal system monitor. If more than one alarm or trouble condition occurs at the same time, the keypad sequences this information on its display.

strike time - the length of time that a keypad relay or an access control device relay will be activated.

**supervised alarm service** - a central station monitored alarm system that reports opening, closing, and other activities. Supervision assures that the system is turned on and off and that only authorized personnel can gain access to protected premises.

**supervised circuit** - a circuit in which a break or ground in the wiring which prevents the transmission of an alarm signal, will actuate a trouble signal.

**supervision** - the ability to detect a fault condition in the installation wiring that would prevent normal operation of the alarm system.

**supervisory signal** - a signal indicating the need for action in connection with the supervision of guard tours, automatic sprinkler, or other extinguishing systems or equipment, or the maintenance features of other protective systems.

supervisory zone - a 24 hour zone type typically used for supervising fire alarm valve tamper switches on

OS&Ys, butterfly valves, and PIVs.

**swinger** - a zone that intermittently trips while armed resulting in erroneous alarm activation. Swingers can be due to light or heat fluctuations near motion detectors or loose or partially broken wires on a zone.

swinger bypass - a programmable function that allows the panel to bypass a zone that repeatedly trips. Swingers (zones that trip often) are a serious false alarm problem but can be controlled by using the swinger bypass feature. A swinger bypassed zone may be restored to the system after it has remained stable for one hour.

**swinger bypass trips** - the number of times a zone can go into an alarm or trouble condition within one hour before being automatically bypassed.

**Synchronous Data Link Control (SDLC)** - a data link layer protocol used by IBM SNA networks and DMP Command Processor panels.

**system monitor** - the function that allows the panel to monitor its AC power, battery power, enclosure tamper, phone line one, and phone line two. Troubles with any of these elements can be reported to a central station or displayed on the system's keypads.

**Systems Network Architecture (SNA)** - a suite of communications protocols developed by IBM. It is similar to the AppleTalk protocol suite for the Macintosh.

#### 11.3.19 T

T1 - AT&T term for a digital carrier facility used to transmit a DS-1 formatted digital signal at 1.544 Mbps.

**Telco** - an alternate term used for a telephone company.

temporary schedules - a programmable schedule that allows the user to give restricted, short term access to another person. Temporary schedules can be used to create a window outside of normal business hours during which a maintenance or deliveryman can enter using a special code that functions only during this window.

**test frequency** - a programming option that allows the selection of the how often the automatic recall test is sent to the central station receiver.

test report - see automatic recall test.

test time - the time of day the panel sends the test report to the receiver.

**thickwire** - a type of Ethernet cabling, also known as 10Base-5, that uses a thick (about 3/8") coaxial cable. Primarily used as a backbone to which thinwire or twisted pair hubs are connected.

**transceiver** - a single-ended electrical installation consisting of both transmitter and receiver. It transmits a beam that is then reflected back to the receiver in the same unit.

**transient** - any increase or decrease in the excursion of voltage, current, power, heat, and so forth, above or below a nominal value that is not normal to the source.

**transmit delay** - a feature of DMP Command Processor panels that delays the sending of burglary alarm reports to the receiver for a selectable length of time up to 60 seconds.

**transmitter** - in a fire or security system, a device that sends alarm signals from a protected premises to a proprietary headquarters, a central station, or a municipal headquarters.

**trouble** - an off normal condition on a zone during a supervised state. A normally closed zone that alarms when opened, can initiate a trouble when shorted. A fire zone that alarms when shorted can initiate a trouble when opened.

**trouble signal** - a signal that indicates trouble of any kind. This can be circuit break or ground occurring in an alarm system's devices or wiring.

**24-hour zone** - a zone that is not turned on or off by arming or disarming a system.

#### 11.3.20 U

**Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL)** - an agency that tests and lists various consumer products for safety and reliability. Most alarm system products are UL listed for use in various applications.

**UL Certificate** - a certificate issued by Underwriters Laboratories Inc. that serves as evidence that an alarm system meets UL requirements for installation, operation and maintenance.

user - a person authorized to operate all or part of the security or fire system.

**user code** - a one to five digit number programmed into the panel and assigned to a user that allows them to access its functions. User codes are typically assigned authority levels that restrict the user to one or more of the system's functions or to certain areas for arming and disarming or door access.

**user error** - the number one cause of false alarms. A user who does not know how to perform a function for which they have access, or who has not been trained properly in the operation of the system, can and will cause false alarms. It is important that all new users receive instruction on arming/disarming routines and alarm cancellation procedures to lessen the incidence of false alarms.

**user menu** - a keypad feature that provides a list of optional functions a user can access. These functions include sensor reset, door access, outputs on/off, system status, and user codes. Individual user menu items are displayed to persons according to the authority level of the user code they entered to get into the menu.

### 11.3.21 V

**volt/amp (VA) rating** - the products of rated input voltage multiplied by the rated current. This establishes the apparent energy available to accomplish work.

#### 11.3.22 W

**Wide Area Network (WAN)** - a network that spans distances beyond the range served by LANs. WAN distances are usually measured in miles instead of feet.

wideband - a system in which multiple channels access a medium (usually coaxial cable) that has a large bandwidth, greater than that of a voice-grade channel.

wireless - the use of radio transmitters to send alarm device information through the protected premises to a wireless receiver connected to a DMP Command Processor panel.

#### 11.3.23 Z

**zone** - a separate circuit or branch of a security system usually for the purpose of isolating and/or identifying alarms or trouble in a system. Multiple zones are typically assigned to an area so that all of their protection devices combined provide for the complete protection of the premises.

**zone reports** - the message transmitted to the central station when a zone is in an alarm or a trouble condition.

**zone retard** - a zone programming option that allows you to assign a retard delay time during which a shorted zone does not initiate an alarm. The retard functions only in zone short conditions and the zone must remain shorted for the full length of the retard delay before the panel recognizes its condition.

**zone retard delay time** - a programmable delay time that can be assigned to fire, supervisory, auxiliary one, and auxiliary two type zones. The zone retard delay can be programmed from one to 250 second increments. See also zone retard.

**zoned systems** - identifies the zone area or circuit in which an alarm signal originates. Most modern burglar alarm systems can signal this zone information to the central station alarm company.

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